The New-York Times.

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THE WAR IN GEORGIA.

LATER NEWS FROM SHERMAN.

His Army between the Ogechee and Savannah Rivers.

A Severe Fight on Sunday Last.

The Rebels, as usual, Claim the Advantage.

BUT SHERMAN MARCHES ON.

A Heavy Fight Expected this Week.

PROBABLE ATTACK ON SAVANNAH.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Dec. 8.

Richmond papers of Tuesday, Dec. 6, received here at the office of the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, contain the following information of Sherman's movements:

From the Richmond Whig, Tuesday, Dec. 6.

We have reason to believe, from all we have heard, that Sherman's army has united and *is marching with measured pace toward the Atlantic coast, south or southwest of Millen. We also have reason to anticipate a battle at some point north or northwest of Savannah ere the close of the present week.* We learn that an official telegram, received last night, states that Gen. Wheeler had inflicted another severe blow upon the enemy. The locality of this fight is not given for sufficient reasons. It occurred last Sunday morning. One corps of the enemy and Kilpatrick's cavalry, attacked Wheeler in a strong position. They came up boldly to the attack, and made several charges, all of which were repulsed by Wheeler's men, who, though largely outnumbered, maintained their ground and raked down the foe. The dispatch states that the enemy lost heavily, and it was reported that Kilpatrick was wounded.

From the Augusta Chronicle, Dec. 2.

The two wings of Sherman's army united at Milledgeville, where they staid three days. *The enemy were under strict discipline, and when privates were found depredating on private property, they were severely punished by order of Gen. Sherman.* Of course, stragglers committed depredations with impunity.

From the Richmond Sentinel, Dec. 6.

The Augusta *Chronicle* of the 2d says there is much straggling among the Yankees, and prisoners report the men greatly exhausted by their marchings. Sherman's force is estimated at thirty thousand infantry and five thousand cavalry. The situation, as indicated for Sherman, places him between the Ogeechee and Savannah Rivers, in the neighborhood of Millen, near the junction of the road from Augusta with the road from Savannah to Macon. Millen is seventy-nine miles from Savannah, and fifty-three from Augusta. Sherman's situation is a very difficult one for a forward movement in any direction. *He seems rather to have thrown himself out of the road to any point south of Savannah.* But if he march on that city or attempt to cross the Savannah River and strike for Beaufort, he will encounter difficulties which we can scarcely suppose he would voluntarily confront. His road will be through marshes and easy of obstruction. The Savannah River is ours, and the ferries are guarded. Whether he will attempt to break through these obstacles, or encounter others scarcely less formidable, it may be further south, this week will probably determine. Meanwhile we are picking up his men and wearing out his army.

From the Richmond Examiner, Dec. 6.

If the Lieutenant-General has already sent to Hon. E. M. Stanton the information which we communicated to him on yesterday, that "Sherman passed by Millen," we hope he will be fair to that statesman and send another to-day, stating how the Richmond *Examiner* now denies that "Sherman's army had passed by Millen." This it does do positively. The information furnished by the Government last night renders it certain that the announcement was premature, to say the least, for official dispatches from Georgia, received yesterday, give an account of another fight by Wheeler's cavalry with the enemy. They drove the Yankee cavalry upon their infantry, and attacked the infantry about midnight Saturday. On Sunday morning one corps of infantry and Kilpatrick's cavalry advanced and attacked Wheeler's position. They made several charges, all of which were repulsed by fire from behind breastworks, and counter charges. The enemy's loss was very heavy. Gen. Kilpatrick was reported wounded. Wheeler's officers and men behaved most gallantly. The fight took place somewhere between Milledgeville and Millen. So far, Sherman's army had not then, at least, passed by Millen.

LATER.—The *Examiner* continues to admit that Sherman may reach the sea coast. If he does so, the fleet will find him and the remnant of his army in the neighborhood of Brunswick, where "the wild Altahama murmurs to their woe."

GEN. FOSTER'S OPERATIONS.

THE BATTLE OF HONEY HILL.

Important Operations on Broad River and in Inland South Carolina by Gen. Hatch—Expedition to Assist Sherman—Desperate Attack on a Rebel Fort—Our Forces in Excellent Position.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PORT ROYAL Saturday, Dec. 3, 1864.

Although we have not been here in such constant communication with Sherman as we suppose have the departments to the North of us, we have learned enough of his movements and intentions to be aware that it might be possible to serve him very effectually by making from this point a raid, or an attack on whatever force the Confederates might have congregated for the protection of the Charleston and Savannah Railroad.

An expedition was accordingly planned, the main object of which was, of course, to divert from before the front of Sherman, (in his attempt to occupy Savanna,) as many rebel troops as possible, and to so hold them away from his line of advance as to in some degree make his success more certian and easy.

The cutting of the Charleston and Savannah Railroad was also one of the operations contemplated by the demonstration, though it was not by any means the main or leading intention of the General commanding.

Accordingly, on Tuesday morning, Nov. 29, a fleet of transports conveying troops under charge of Brig.-Gen. John P. Hatch, for the purpose of proceeding up Broad River, and landing at a convenient point, and thence making an attack on whatever force of rebels might be in the vicinity, with the ultimate view of drawing from Savannah and Charleston whatever troops they could spare from their defences. Every man withdrawn from the forces marshaled to oppose Sherman would, of course, be a positive help to that gallant officer, and in some measure would constitute to his ultimate success. Hence the movement from this point possesses a real importance, which at first glance seems hardly to belong to it.

Gen. L. G. Foster, who has the command of this Department, who went with the troops to the point of landing, but did not take command. He was accompanied by the following officers of his staff. Capt. W. L. Burger, Capt. Goraud, Maj. Gray, Maj. Anderson.

Gen. E. E. Potter, commanding one brigade, had with him, Capt. W. C. Manning, and Capt. Silva, with other officers whose names I do not now remember aside from the regular staff.

The expedition consisted of an effective force of about 3,500 fighting men, and it left Hilton Head in transports at about 11 o'clock P. M. The intended point of disembarkment is a narrow peninsula, or point known as Boyd's Neck, which is situated on Broad River, about eighteen miles distant from Port Royal or Hilton Head, the point of departure. The fleet consisted of about twenty (exact particulars purposely omitted) transports, which were required for the various duties of conveying soldiers, together with the requisite ordnance, commissary and Quartermaster's stores. They were conveyed by certain gunboats, of which not the least formidable was the well-known sixteen-gun ship *Pawnee*.

Hardly had the vessels left wharf, when a fog came sweeping up the river, so rapidly and of so dense a *texture* (?) as almost instantly to envelop the ships and render it utterly impossible to see either each other, or to watch the landmarks and shore points, by which alone could the pilots hope to steer clear of the innumerable bars and shoals which beset the route at almost every rod. This mist was the first installment of botheration the Fates had in store for us, and in order to avoid grounding the entire fleet, it was deemed expedient to lie-by at anchor till morning. At sunrise the various crafts again got under way, and in a few hours the advance ships reached the neck. Pontoon boats and scows had been provided and towed up, by means of which, and with the aid of the regular boats belonging to the gunboats, the disembarkment of the soldiers was at once commenced.

A platoon of the Fifty-Fourth Massachusetts colored troops were the first to land, and they being joined by others were immediately deployed as skirmishers, and ordered to press forward into the "bowels of the land," for half a mile or so, to establish a line of observation, and to also give timely notice should there seem to be any demonstration by the rebels of a disposition to oppose our landing. This precaution was by no means a needless one, as we had noticed several cavalry scouts most carefully observing our movements, and following us along the edge of the stream, evidently with the desire of discovering data upon which to found an estimate of our strength. Here, however, our old enemy, the fog, did us one good turn, for it had detained more than half our force some miles in the rear, and the rebels rode away, having seen not more than half our men, but evidently supposing they had discovered and estimated our entire force.

Owing to the forementioned fact that some of our boats were stuck fast in the mud in the fog, we were compelled to lose a tide before we could succeed in getting our men all on shore and in marching order. As soon, however, as a column of sufficient strength could be formed, the line of march was taken up and the invaders proceeded inland, the marines and sailors of the Naval Brigade having the advance, with nine pieces of artillery of varying calibre. As the road was sandy and very dry, and as the boys had to drag the pieces by man-power, the horses not having as yet arrived, the labor was very severe.

We proceeded directly inland, about two miles and a half, where we struck a cross-road, from which point marches were made in various directions, none of which, however, resulted in discovering for us that night the immediate object of our search, which was the direct road to the little town of Grahamsville.

This is a little village on or near the Charleston and Savannah Railroad, which we had hoped to reach and destroy before daybreak. The guide employed by Gen. Potter proving either faithless or ignorant, we found ourselves, at 1 o'clock in the morning of Wednesday, in a marsh, about four miles and a half from anywhere. To retrace our steps was the only course, and we countermarched a few miles, and bivouacked for the small remainder of the night, at a cross-road, near a small and primitive building, that had doubtless been invented to answer as a church, but which was at once turned from its peaceful vocation, and suddenly transformed into a sort of theologico-warlike headquarters for staff officers. Later in the day, the same edifice underwent another metamorphosis, and became a field hospital.

It was known that the enemy were not far away, so it was forbidden to light fires, and the wearied men were obliged to consume their hard-tack and salt pork without the soldier's solace, "hot coffee."

Pickets were thrown out, but remained unmolested until daybreak, when a few straggling shots reminded us that the "Johnnies" were not all dead yet. The shots sounded ominous, and for a minute or two it was feared that they were merely the promonotory symptoms of a daybreak charge on the camp, an exercise of which the rebs seem to be inordinately fond, and which has, more than once, stood them in good turn. Our men, who had slept on their arms, needed but an instant to join in this and prepare to greet their expected visitors with a reception that would unquestionably have proved much more harm than welcome. However, the picket shot were not followed up, and our men were permitted to prepare and "gobble up" their breakfasts unmolested.

The Engineer having now ascertained the right road to Grahamsville, the column was once more put in motion, and at nine o'clock was fairly under way. The road led for miles through a thick swamp, through which our flankers and our skirmish line had the greatest difficulty in penetrating. Owing to this very trouble, and as it was of course necessary to have the skirmishers precede the main body, our advance was slow. The road was little more than a causeway through a swamp, and was so narrow that our regiments were compelled to march by the flank, and to keep well closed up that no time might be lost. This arrangement, which, owing to the nature of the ground, could not be bettered, gave our enemies almost perfect control of, or power over our men. We were marching in solid column along a narrow road from which we could not escape on either flank without the greatest difficulty—the road stretched away in front of us, as straight as a line, and as level as a table, and the universal comment of the officers on the position, was a sort of wondering astonishment the rebs did not plant a battery in the road and shell the advancing column. It certainly appeared that even a single gun, properly served, could cut our line to pieces in a very few minutes. Col. W. Ames, our Chief of Artillery, was lost in military wonder at the failure of the foe to take instant advantage of a position, and of a set of circumstances, which, to his trained eye, seemed to promise for them an almost certain success, and for us a disaster that would have been irretrievable. And they at last waked up to the state of facts; and behold! the long-expected light battery made its appearance in the road, and began to pay its iron compliments to our advancing column, in the unwelcome shape of Kotchkiss' shell and 12-pounder round shot. They failed, however, to get the exact range, and the men were constantly advancing, but few were hurt.

Gen. Potter immediately ordered forward a section of the Third New-York Artillery, and in a few minutes Col. Ames had two of his 12-pounder brass guns pitching shell into the battery. About thirty minutes sufficed to silence the two rebel guns, and they were withdrawn, and our troops marched on for a mile or so unmolested.

Suddenly the head of an advancing column was saluted with another installment of shell and 12-pounder round shot, when the line was ordered forward at once, and in a very few minutes the entire front of the column was closely engaged. It was discovered that the enemy had an enclosed fort mounting four heavy guns, which completely commanced the road up which our men had marched, and also the road which it would be necessary for them to take to reach Grahamville. They had also on the outside of their fort a line of rifle-pits from which they poured in upon us a heavy fire, while in the woods on our right, they also had infantry posted, so that as our men advanced they were met by a concentrated fire of musketry from the rifle-pits and the lower front of the fort and the woods, while from the parapet of the fort they were being mowed down by continuous charges of grape and canister. The fire was terrible, but our men stood it bravely and returned volley for volley, while the artillery was rapidly brought into position and the fort was vigorously shelled.

A charge was ordered and the Thirty-fifth United States Colored Infantry went in with a cheer. They, however, found it impossible to hold their ground under the tremendously destructive fire, and they were compelled to retire after a gallant fight in which they suffered severely. It was now discovered that there was not solid ground enough to admit of the advance of more than a single regiment at a time, and that it was impossible to assault the works from the flanks, owing to the swampy ground. However regiment after regiment was sent in in the hope that they might be able to carry the fort by sheer bull-dog bravery.

Here Col. Hartwell, of the Fifty-fifth Massachusetts Volunteers, who commanded the Second Brigade, was struck by a musket-ball and fell into the swamp, which just here was covered with water, through which the men were obliged to wade. Col. Hartwell would have drowned had not one of his Lieutenants seized him and assisted him from the field. While he was being carried off he was struck twice more.

At this point Gen. Patten had his horse shot under him.

When Col. Hartwell fell, his place was instantly taken by Col. Gurney, of the One Hundred and Twenty-seventh New-York, who sprang to the head of the brigade, and throughout the remainder of the action, handled the men in the most gallant and effective style. Lieut.-Col. Woodford, who led the One Hundred and Twenty-seventh into the fight, had a very narrow escape, a minié ball taking off a strip of skin from his face.

The fight at this point lasted from about 1 o'clock P. M. till dark, when our forces fell back to a safe position about three miles from the Landing, where they entrenched themselves, and which they can hold against any force that can be brought against them. It would not be proper to state what movements are in contemplation, but it is safe to say that our forces will not be long idle, and that they will doubtless so manœuver as to afford material aid to Sherman in his daring march to the sea coast.

The steamer sails now in a few minutes, and I have only time to append a list of casualties and some extracts from the total Georgia paper. Will keep you advised of future movements. ELDRIDGE.

THE WAR IN TENNESSEE.

Erection of a Rebel Battery on the Cumberland River—An Attack on the Battery Unsuccessful—A Reconnoissance.

NASHVILLE, Thursday, Dec. 8—3:30 P. M.

Matters at the front present no change from that of several days past.

There has been less cannonading to-day than usual.

The rebels have established a battery on a bluff fourteen miles down the river.

Last night seven gunboats went down and engaged this battery, but without dislodging the rebels from their position.

The gunboats returned to-day, one of them considerably damaged.

A reconnoissance was made to-day by our forces between the Lebanon and Nashville pikes.

After proceeding a short distance, the rebels were discovered in considerable force. Our troops charged upon the hill which the rebels occupied, and drove them off. Two or three of our men were killed, seven severely wounded, and a few slightly.

Col. Johnson, who escaped from Block House No. 2 so providentially, was slightly wounded by a rebel bullet to-day.

Two prisoners were brought in this morning. They belonged to Tennessee and Arkansas regiments.

The river at this point is five feet deep. The water on the shoals is scant and falling.

A Rumor About Forrest—Probable Movement of the Rebels into Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Thursday, Dec. 8.

The Nashville *Press* of yesterday says:

"Shelling the rebel lines and their working parties was kept up on the 6th inst., but hardly so vigorously or persistently as the day before.

The rebel Gen. Forrest, with his command, is said to be across the Cumberland River. We cannot vouch for the truth of this statement, but give it as we hear it.

The impression gains strength among both our soldiers and citizens that the rebels are evacuating, and if this be so the march on Kentucky may be said to have commenced. We think this is quite possible—indeed, probable."

A Rebel Battery Planted at Harpeth Shoals.

CAIRO, Ill., Wednesday, Dec. 7.

A dispatch from Paducah states that a report had reached there that the rebels had planted a battery at Harpeth Shoals, Tennessee River, and that a gunboat had been sent to that locality. In the meantime transports are not permitted to proceed above Smithland.

Lieut.-Gens. Scott and Grant.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE.

The Chicago *Tribune* publishes the following:

WEST POINT, N. Y., July 2, 1864.

Hon. E. B. Washburne:

MY DEAR SIR: I heard a short time ago that some one had informed Lieut.-Gen. Grant that I had spoken slightingly of him as an officer.

As it is possible that your frank may enable a letter to reach him, I beg leave to say, through you, that I have never uttered an unkind word about him. The inquiry has frequently been addressed to me: "Do you know Gen. Grant?" I have answered, that he made the campaign of Mexico with me, and was considered by me, and I suppose by his brother officers in commission, a good officer, and one who attained special distinction at Molino del Rey. Of his more recent services, I have uniformly spoken in terms of the highest admiration, and added that, in my opinion, he has richly earned his present rank, and trusted he might speedily put down the rebellion. Very truly yours,

WINFIELD SCOTT.

REPLY.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
CITY POINT, Va., July 23, 1864.

Lieut. Gen. Winfield Scott, U. S. A.

MY DEAR GENERAL,—Your letter of the 2d inst., addressed to the Hon. E. B. Washburne, in which you inform him that you had heard that some one had told me that you had spoken slightingly of my appointment to my present rank, is just received. Allow me to assure you, General, that no one has ever given me such information. I have never heard of any speech of yours in connection with the present rebellion, which did not show the great interest felt by you, both in our eminent success and in the success of all our commanders. In fact, all that I have heard of your saying in relation to myself has been more flattering to me than I probably deserve.

With assurance of great esteem for you personally, General, as well as for the services you have rendered our country throughout a long and eventful public career, I subscribe myself,

Very respectfully and truly, your obedient servant,
U. S. GRANT,
Lieut. General, U. S. A.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Dec. 8.

INQUIRY INTO THE RED RIVER EXPEDITION.

The Committee on the Conduct of the War will proceed to-morrow with the investigation of the Banks' Red River expedition. Gen. Banks will probably be the first witness examined, as he is now in the city. It will take some time for the committee to procure all the witnesses in the case, as some of them are in New-Orleans and along the Mississippi, including both military and naval officers.

A BATCH OF NOMINATIONS.

The President to-day communicated to the Senate a large batch of nominations of Collectors and Assessors of internal revenue, and also several Consular appointments made during the recess.

THE NEW ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

The nomination of Attorney-General Speed was referred to-day to the Judiciary Committee, and will be reported to the Senate at the next Executive session. The committee are understood to be nearly unanimous in his behalf.

THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF THE NAVAL COMMITTEE.

The Senate caucus in the case of Senator Hale this morning, concurred by a large majority in the report of the Select Committee, deposing him from the chairmanship of the Naval Committee. Senator Grimes was made Chairman by a unanimous vote.

THE VACANCY IN THE WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE.

There is quite a contest among the Democrats for the vacancy in the Ways and Means Committee, Speaker Colfax having decided to appoint a Democrat from New-York. The candidates for the place are Ward, Brooks, Odell, Townsend, Griswold and Fernando Wood.

THE PROPOSED DISCHARGING OF GENERAL OFFICERS.

The action of the House Military Committee, in unanimously reporting a resolution discharging all general officers not on duty three months prior to the passage of the act, has caused quite a consternation in military circles. It is the intention of the Military Committee to have this law operative onward from February.

MRS. GEN. GRANT VISITS HER HUSBAND.

Mrs. Gen. Grant, accompanied by Col. Dent and several ladies, left the city this evening to visit her husband at the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac.

GEN. LOGAN'S MOVEMENTS.

Maj.-Gen. John A. Logan called upon the President this morning. He is on his way to join his corps in Gen. Sherman's army.

PURCHASE OF COTTON IN REBEL TERRITORIES.

Congress will soon discuss the propriety of permitting the purchase of cotton from rebel territories; some are of opinion that it would be beneficial even to pay gold for a supply of cotton for home consumption and exportation.

SERENADE TO GOVERNOR FENTON.

The Governor elect of New-York was serenaded this evening by the sick and wounded soldiers of the hospitals about the city. He responded to the compliment in a neat speech.

QUALIFICATIONS OF PAYMASTERS.

To-morrow a Board of Examiners, composed of Col. Andrews, late Paymaster-General, and Majors Judd and Allison, meet to inquire into the qualifications of Paymasters, in accordance with a recent act of Congress.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Dec. 8.

BRITISH AID TO REBEL PRISONERS.

The President to-day sent a message to the Senate, in reply to Mr. Sumner's resolution, calling upon him, if not incompatible with the public interest, to furnish to the Senate any information in his possession relative to a proposition of British subjects to give aid to the rebellion. Lord Wharncliffe informs Mr. Adams that the Liverpool Bazaar produced about £17,000, and asks permission for an accredited agent to visit the military prisons within the Northern States, and distribute aid to their inmates. He denies that any political end is aimed at, or any imputation that Confederate prisoners are deprived of such attentions as the ordinary rules enjoin. He says: "The issue of the great contest will not be determined by individual suffering, be it greater or less, and you whose family name is interwoven with American history cannot view with indifference the suffering of American citizens, whatever their State or opinions." Mr. Adams replied that it has never been the desire of the Government to treat with unnecessary or vindictive severity any of the misguided individual parties in this deplorable rebellion, who have fallen into its hands in the regular course of the war, and that he should greatly rejoice if the effects of such sympathy could be extended to ministering to their mental ailment, as well as their bodily suffering, thus contributing to put an end to a struggle which otherwise is too likely to be only procrastinated by their English sympathizers.

Mr. Seward replies as follows to the application received through Mr. Adams:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, Dec. 5, 1864.

SIR: I have received your dispatch of the 18th of November, No. 807, together with the papers therein mentioned, viz: A copy of a letter which was addressed to you on the 12th of November last, by Lord Wharncliffe, and a copy of your answer to that letter. You will now inform Lord Wharncliffe that permission for an agent of the committee described by him to visit the insurgents detained in the military prisons of the United States and to distribute among them seventeen thousand pounds of British gold, is disallowed. Here it is expected that your correspondence with Lord Wharncliffe will end.

That correspondence will necessarily become public. On reading it the American public will be well aware that, while the United States have ample means for the support of the prisoners, as well as for every other exigency of the war in which they are engaged; the insurgents, who have blindly rushed into that condition, are suffering no privations that appeal for relief to charity either at home or abroad. The American people will be likely to reflect that the sum thus insidiously headed in the name of humanity, constitutes no large portion of the profits which its contributors may be justly supposed to have derived from the insurgents, by exchanging with them arms and munitions of war, for the coveted productions of immoral and enervating slave labor, nor will any portion of the American people be disposed to regard the sum thus ostentatiously offered for the relief of captured insurgents as a too generous equivalent for the devastation and dissolution which a civil war promoted and protracted by British subjects, has spread throughout the States, which before were eminently prosperous and happy. Finally, in view of this last officious intervention in our domestic affairs, the American people can hardly fail to recall the warning of the Father of our country directed against two great and intimately connected public dangers, namely: Sectional faction and foreign intrigue. I do not think the insurgents have become debased, although they have sadly wandered from the ways of loyalty and patriotism. I think that in common with all our countrymen, they will rejoice in being saved by their considerate and loyal Government from the grave insult which Lord Wharncliffe and his associates, in their zeal for the overthrow of the United States, have prepared for the victims of this unnatural and hopeless rebellion.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

THE WAR ON THE BORDER.

The Provost-Marshal-General to-day issued the following circular:

"Reliable information has been received that a large number of evil-disposed persons, consisting of rebel sympathizers, secessionists, marauders and other outlaws, who have collected in Canada, with a view to enter the commercial cities of the North, and particularly those on the Canadian frontier, with the ostensible purpose of seeking employment, but who are in reality intent upon the destruction of life and property, will shortly arrive in the United States. All officers of this bureau are instructed to place all persons suspected to be of this class under strict surveillance, and to arrest such as evidently belong to it. Provost-Marshals will confer with the municipal authorities with a view to preventing the mischief contemplated, and will aid the civil authorities in discovering these persons and causing their arrest.

JAMES B. FRY, Provost-Marshal-General.

The following general order was also to-day issued from the Quartermaster-General's Office:

"1. The Government has received information that numbers in the British Provinces on our northern border have removed, with the intention of obtaining employment at the depots of military stores, for the purpose of incendiarism. The plots by which some months since many steamboats on the Western rivers were fired and destroyed by rebel agents, have now been extended, with the intent to attempt the destruction by fire of military stores, shipping, manufactories, and public and private property, at various points throughout the loyal States.

2. The strictest vigilance and greatest care in guarding against incendiarism are enjoined upon all officers in charge of the property of this department.

3. Officers of the Quartermaster's Department will employ at all depots where valuable stores are kept no persons who have at any time within the last six months been living in Canada as refugees from the disloyal States, or as fugitives from the draft.

4. Officers of this department will require from those whom they may employ at depots, in positions which could facilitate access to stores or storehouses, satisfactory evidence, not only of loyalty, but of residence within the loyal States, in addition to the usual oath of allegiance.

5. At posts within or near the field of active operations, rebels coming from the rebel territory, upon presenting satisfactory evidence of loyalty, will be employed, if needed; but great caution must be exercised in employing such persons.

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster-General, Brevet Major-Gen.

ANOTHER BLOCKADE-RUNNER CAPTURED.

The Navy Department has advices from Admiral Porter of the capture and arrival at Hampton Roads of the Confederate steamer *Armstrong*, of six hundred and thirty tons measurement, a beautiful vessel, very fast, and new, captured by the *Cuyler* and *Gettysburgh*, on the 4th of December, with a cargo of 450 bales of cotton. The larger part was thrown overboard in the chase.

SERENADE TO GOV. FENTON.

Mr. Fenton, Governor of New-York, was serenaded to-night by a large party of convalescents and wounded of several of the hospitals.

THE CONFIRMATION OF POSTMASTER-GENERAL DENNISON.

The Senate in executive session to-day confirmed the nomination of Ex-Gov. Dennison as Postmaster General.

THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Thursday, Dec. 8.

PEACE PROPOSITION.

Mr. Davis, of Kentucky, (Dem.)—I wish to give notice that on to-morrow I will introduce a joint resolution, for the restoration of the Union and peace, and for the vindication of the Constitution, and the guarantee of the rights of the citizens of the several States.

THE STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. Anthony, of Rhode Island, (Union)—I move that the Senate proceed to the election of the Senate Standing Committees. Carried.

Mr. Anthony—I move that the rules which require the election of Standing Committees by ballot be suspended, and that the following committees be chosen:

Foreign Relations—Mr. Sumner, Chairman; Messrs. Foster, Doolittle, Harris, Davis, Johnson, McDougal.

Finance—Mr. Sherman, Chairman; Messrs. Howe, Cowan, Clark, Van Winkle, Conness and Henderson.

Commerce—Mr. Chandler, Chairman; Morrill, Ten Eyck, Morgan, Sprague, Saulsbury and Lane of Kansas.

Agriculture—Mr. Lane of Kansas, Chairman; Harlan, Wilson, Powell and Farwell.

Military Affairs and the Militia.—Mr. Wilson, Chairman; Messrs. Lane of Indiana, Howard Nesmith, Morgan, Sprague and Brown.

Pensions.—Mr. Foster, Chairman; Messrs. Lane of Indiana, Van Winkle, Saulsbury, Buckalew Foote and Brown.

Revolutionary Claims.—Mr. Wilkinson, Chairman; Messrs. Chandler, Wilson, Nesmith and Wright.

Claims—Mr. Clark, Chairman; Messrs. Pomeroy, Howe, Anthony, Morrill, Hicks and Davis.

District of Columbia—Mr. Hale, Chairman; Messrs. Dixon, Morrill, Wade, Walley, Henderson and Richardson.

Patents and the Patent Office—Mr. Cowan, Chairman; Messrs. Ten Eyck, Lane of Indiana, Ramsey and Saulsbury.

Public Buildings and Grounds—Mr. Foot, Chairman; Messrs. Trumbull, Grimes, Farwell and Hendricks.

Territories—Mr. Wade, Chairman; Messrs. Wilkinson, Morgan, Sprague, Hale, Lane of Kansas, Carlile, Davis and Richardson.

The Pacific Railroad—Mr. Howard, Chairman; Messrs. Collamer, Johnson, Harlan, Trumbull, Sherman, Morgan, Conness and Brown.

Manufactures—Mr. Sprague, Chairman; Messrs. Morgan, Riddle, Wilkinson and Hendricks.

Judiciary—Mr. Trumbull, Chairman; Messrs. Foster, Ten Eyck, Harris, Foote, Powell and Johnson.

Post-offices and Post Roads—Mr. Collamer, Chairman; Messrs. Dixon, Ramsey, Conness, Buckalew and Pomeroy.

Public Lands—Mr. Harlan, Chairman; Messrs. Pomeroy, Foote, Harding, Carlile, Hendricks and Wright.

Private Land Claims—Mr. Harris, Chairman; Messrs. Sumner, Howard, Riddle and Harding.

Indian Affairs—Mr. Doolittle, Chairman. Messrs. Wilkinson, Lane, of Kansas; Harlan, Nesmith, Brown and Buckalew.

The following are the Joint Standing Committees:

Joint Committee on Printing—Mr. Anthony, Chairman; Messrs. Morgan and Powell.

Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills—Mr. Howe, Chairman; Messrs. Cowan and Hicks.

Joint Committee on part of the Library—Mr. Collamer, Chairman; Messrs. Johnson and Howard.

Select Committee on Slavery and the Treatment of Freedmen—Mr. Sumner, Chairman; Messrs. Howard, Carlile, Pomeroy, Buckalew, Brown and Conness.

The above were agreed to.

THE LOUISIANA SENATORS.

Mr. Morgan, of New-York, (Union,) asked that the credentials of the Senators from Louisiana, presented yesterday, be referred to the Judiciary Committee; and it was so ordered.

FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

Mr. Ramsay, of Minnesota, (Union,) presented a memorial in relation to foreign immigration, which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS AND SEAMEN.

Mr. Morgan—I desire to present a petition, signed by William C. Bryant, Henry W. Longfellow, John A. Dix, U. S. Grant, Peter Cooper, Henry J. Raymond, Horace Greeley, and many others, asking an appropriation for a fund for the support of a National Home for totally disabled soldiers and seamen of the Army and Navy of the United States. In consideration of the importance of the subject, and the character of the memorialists, I ask that the paper be printed and referred to the Military Committee. It was so ordered.

REVENUE CUTTERS ON THE LAKES.

Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, (Union,) asked for the reference to the Financial Committee of the bill introduced by him on Monday for the construction of revenue cutters on the lakes. It was so ordered.

REFERENCES.

Mr. Lane, of Indiana, moved that all bills and memorials now before the Senate be referred to their appropriate committees. Carried.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. Doolittle, of Wisconsin, (Union) moved that when the Senate adjourn to-day it adjourn to meet on Monday. Carried.

Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, (Union) offered the following, which was agreed to.

REFERENCE TO THE MESSAGE.

Ordered that so much of the President's Message as relates to financial affairs be referred to the Committee on Finance.

THE KANSAS MILITIA.

On motion of Mr. Lane, of Kansas, (Union) it was ordered that the bill introduced by him, in relation to the Kansas Militia, be referred to the Military Committee.

THE CONDUCT OF GEN. E. A. PAYNE.

Mr. Powell, of Kentucky, (Democrat) moved that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the resolution introduced by me yesterday, that the Secretary of War be directed, if not incompatible with the public interests, to communicate to the Senate the proceedings of the military commission appointed to investigate the conduct of Gen. Payne in Kentucky.

Mr. Trumbull, of Illinois, (Union) would like to inquire if the Senator from Kentucky is aware of the character of the report which he has asked to be brought before the Senate. I know the resolution leaves it in the discretion of the Secretary of War to furnish it or withold it, and I have faith in the judicious exercise of that discretion. I do not suppose he would communicate anything which it would be improper to have before the public. I would like to inquire if this report of the commission is a report made by a commission of which Gen. Payne had any notice; or whether it is merely a private report of some officer in the field, making some inquiries in regard to General Payne's conduct in Kentucky, and reporting it to the Secretary of War for his private information. Is it the report of a commission that Gen. Payne never knew anything about, and never had any opportunity to appear before? If it is a report of that character, I presume the Senator from Kentucky is as far removed as any other Senator from wishing to publish a report made in the dark to reflect upon any one; therefore I think the resolution ought to go to the committee on military affairs and let them inquire. I myself, am very much opposed and think it unjust to the character of any officer that a report regarding his conduct made out by a commission of which he had no knowledge, *ex parte*, and in the dark, should be published.

Mr. Powell.—It would afford me very great pleasure to give the Senate all the information I have on the subject. I do not know what is in the report. I have heard some persons who claim to know, state what was in it. I have understood from persons in that locality who ought to have some knowledge of the character of this report, that it has such evidence in it as convicts this man of the most heinous barbarities and cruelties ever inflicted upon any people or any civilized communities. And not only Gen. Payne engaged in these, but some of his subordinate officers and some citizens outside.

Mr. Doolittle, of Wisconsin, (Union)—I would like to know what Gen. Payne the Senator refers to.

Mr. Powell—Gen. Payne, of Illinois.

Mr. Doolittle—There is a Gen. Paine from my own State. I would not like to have any misapprehension go out as to the identity of the officer, of whom the Senator is speaking.

Mr. Powell reiterated that Gen. Payne had been notified of the session of the commission. He understood he had since resigned and his resignation had been accepted.

Mr. Trumbull said he had voted for resolutions of inquiry, and was as much in favor of exposing improper conduct as the Senator from Kentucky; but it appears that the Senator from Kentucky is not informed at all, except by the rumors he has heard, that Gen. Payne had notice from this commission. He (Powell) admits that Gen. Payne was not before the commission; understand that Gen. Payne knew nothing about the commission, but that this was a private secret report of some officers inimical to him. The Senator from Kentucky has heard reports prejudicial to the character of Gen. Payne. I have heard a very good account of Gen. Payne, and the only complaint I have ever heard in regard to him, from any source, came from the enemies of the country, that he dealt with traitors and rebels in Kentucky as they deserved and protected Union men. He was too severe upon the enemies of the country, in the opinion of the enemies of the country. I do not propose to discuss Gen. Payne's merits. I am not sufficiently advised to do so. He is from my own State, and is regarded as an estimable citizen. I think it unjust to him that a report should be published reflecting upon him—if it does reflect upon him—if it was made by men acting in secret, who gave him no opportunity for defence. I move the reference of the resolution to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Davis, of Kentucky, (Dem.,) advocated the views of Mr. Powell.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

Pending the discussion the Senate went into executive session.

THANKS TO CAPT. WINSLOW AND LIEUT. CUSHING.

The doors were opened in a few moments, when a message from the President, recommending a vote of thanks to Capts. Winslow and Cushing, was read; also a message in answer to Mr. Sumner's resolution, relative to, and furnished by British subjects, to the rebellion, which, on motion of Mr. Sumner, was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

On motion of Mr. Lane, of Kansas, the Senate adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Dec. 8.

THE DUTY ON CIGARS.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported back the joint resolution explanatory of so much of the Internal Revenue Act as refers to the duty on cigars, an abstract of which was printed in the papers of Wednesday morning.

Mr. Brooks, of New-York, (Dem.,) said that the Secretary of the Treasury had recommended that the tax be laid on the leaf, and he now wished to know whether the Committee of Ways and Means intended to change the duty on tobacco.

Mr. Stevens replied that he had given the subject some consideration, but did not know what the conclusion of the committee would be.

Mr. Brooks suggested that the bill be postponed for a few days for further examination.

Mr. Stevens replied that, in the opinion of those best instructed, the department had lost millions of dollars by the constructions of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Mr. Brooks said, that in the opinion of a large number of manufacturers, it was quite impossible under the principle of the law ever to have honest manufacturing of cigars. The temptation was so great, the duty so immense, and the punishment so severe as to render it almost impossible to prevent fraud by the measure now before them. There was no doubt, from the best information, that the best way was to attach a one-cent stamp to each cigar sold, and this would produce a larger revenue than the principle in the bill.

Mr. Stevens explained, that all the committee had done was to put a proper construction on the law, in contradistinction to a very erroneous decision of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Mr. Davis, of Massachusetts, (Union,) said that some of the manufacturers had stopped nearly entirely in consequence of this very singular construction of the law. The construction went even beyond the law itself. He thought something more than a simple joint resolution was necessary to remedy the defects. He hoped his friend from Pennsylvania, (Stevens,) would be patient in clearing up the "smoke" which surrounds the subject.

Mr. Stevens then proceeded to show that nineteen-tenths of the cigars manufactured since Congress adjourned had paid but three dollars instead of eight dollars a thousand, owing to the construction of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. The measure pending was, he repeated, to give the proper construction to the law.

Mr. Brooks expressed the hope that the committee would take time to consult with honest manufacturers, in order to remove the existing difficulties—but as the Secretary of the Treasury had recommended a duty on leaf tobacco, a duty on tobacco should be considered in the same connection. He repeated that experienced men had advised a stamp on cigars similar to the postage stamp—say one cent, and as yielding the largest revenue. The temptation to smuggling from Canada and elsewhere was now irresistible. Old stamped cigar boxes were used in which to put new cigars, and so a stamp alone would stop this, besides realizing the largest revenue.

Mr. Leonard Myers, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) trusted that the subject would be acted upon at once, as, owing to the present construction, the income of the Government was much reduced from that source.

Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, (Union,) advocated the passage of the pending proposition, showing that every day the Government was losing revenue by cigars paying but three instead of eight dollars a thousand.

At the suggestion of Mr. Stevens, further consideration of the subject was postponed till Monday.

THANKS TO CAPT. WINSLOW AND LIEUT. CUSHING.

A message was here received from President Lincoln, recommending that Capt. Winslow and Lieut. Cushing each receive a vote of thanks, one for the destruction of the pirate *Alabama*, and the other for the destruction of the rebel iron-clad *Albemarle*; this action of Congress being necessary under the law, in order that these officers may be advanced one grade.

The message was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

REFERENCE OF THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, the various branches of the President's annual message were referred to the appropriate standing committees.

UNEMPLOYED OFFICERS.

Mr. Schenck, of Ohio, (Union,) introduced a bill to drop from the rolls of the navy unemployed officers. Referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

PENALTY FOR EVASION OF THE DRAFT.

Mr. Schenck, of Ohio, offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire into the expediency of passing a law denationalizing persons who go abroad to escape the draft, and requiring naturalization in case they want to be restored to the privilege of citizenship.

The House then, at 1:40 o'clock, adjourned until Monday.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Dec. 8, 1864.

$10,000	U. S. 6s, '81. C.	117⅛
10,000	do	117⅜
10,000	do	117
5,000	do	116¾
3,000	U. S. 6s, '81..R.	110
10,000	U. S. 6s,5-20s..C.	108⅛
30,000	do	108¾
20,000	do	108⅞
8,000	do...new iss.	109
50,000	do...new iss.	108⅜
30,000	U. S.5s,10-40s. C.	101⅛
6,000	do	101⅝
1,000	U. S 6s,1 yr.Cer.	97¾
2,000	Ky. State 6s	101
2,000	N. Car. 6s	60
2,500	Ohio 6s, '81	103
30,000	O. & M. Cer.	36¾
10,000	do	37
20,000	do	36⅞
2,000	N. Y. Cen. 6s	109
3,000	Erie 3d M. Bs	115
1,000	do	116
7,000	Erie 5th M	107
6,000	B., N. Y. & E. 1st	104
4,000	Hud. R. Bs. '67.	101
5,000	Hud. R. 2d M.	120
1,000	C. & N. W. 1st M.	97
5,000	Cl. & To.S.F.B.	107
3,000	Mil.&St.P.1st M.	93
10,000	Union Pac. R., E.Div.Kansas, 1st M. L.G. Bs.	35
80	Mechanics' B'k	114
20	Btch. & Drov. B'k	130
25	Bk. State of N. Y.	115
110	Shoe & Leath. B'k.	101
40	B'k of Commerce	115⅛
10	do	116
100	Fourth Nat. Bank.	94
50,000	Amer. Gold	242¼
1,200	do	242
100	Canton Co	34
200	do	34½
200	do..b30	34½
42	Del.& Hud.C.Co	205
300	Cum. Coal Pr	47¾
100	do	48
100	do	48½
100	P., Ft. W. & C	105¾
300	do	105⅞
235	do	106
200	do	106¼
100	Alt. & T. H	55

100	Quick. Min. Co..b7	87⅝
100	do	87½
25	do	87
200	Mariposa M. Co	36¾
200	do	36⅝
100	do..b15	36¾
25	Pac. M. S. Co	315
200	N. Y. Cen. R	122
100	do	122¼
100	Erie Railway..b30	96
200	do..b10	96
300	do	96
200	do	96¼
500	do	96⅛
500	do..b30	96⅜
400	do	96⅜
100	do..b15	96⅜
200	do..b10	96⅜
200	do	96⅜
300	Erie R. Pref	103½
100	Hudson R. R	116¼
200	do	116
100	Reading R	136¾
400	do	136⅞
1300	do	137
200	do..b10	137
200	Mich. Cen. R	130
100	M. S. & N. I	74¼
800	do	74⅛
1000	do	74⅛
200	do	74⅜
100	do	74⅞
100	do..b15	75
100	do..b7	74⅞
100	do..s5	74⅞
5	Panama R	265
200	Ill. Cen. R	131
500	do	131¼
200	do	131⅜
300	Cle. & Pitts	111
500	do..s5	111
400	Chi. & N. W	44
600	do	44¼
200	do	44½
100	Chi. & N.W.Pr	77⅞
400	do	77⅞
500	Chi. & R. I. R	106⅜
400	do	106⅜
200	do	106⅞
200	do	107
200	Mil. & Pr.Du C	54½
500	do	54
200	Tol. & Wab. Pref	69
46	Rome&Watert'nR.	106
100	Chi. & Alt. R.Pr	94

SECOND BOARD.

$11,000	U.S.6s,5-20s.C.	108¾
10,000	do..b10	109
50,000	do...new iss.	108⅜
10,000	do...new iss.	108⅜
50,000	U. S 6s.10-40s. R.	100¾
20,000	Treas. N., 7-30s. April & Oct.	118⅛
12,000	do	118¾
50,000	do	119
1,000	U.S.6s,1yr. Cer.	97¾
3,000	Mo. State 6s	63⅜
50,000	O. & M. Cer.	36⅛
40,000	do	36⅜
20,000	do..b10	36⅜
20	Canton Co	33¾
400	Cum Coal Pref	48¼
600	Quick M. Co	87¾
900	do	87¼
50	Mar. Min. Co	36
1800	Erie R	95
200	do	94⅞
300	do	94¾
100	Ill. Cen. R.	130⅛
100	do	130⅜

100	Hud. Riv. R	115¼
300	do..b30	115⅛
400	do	115
400	Reading R	136⅜
100	M. S. & N. I	73
1000	do	72⅛
500	do	72¾
100	do..b30	73
300	Clev. & Pitts	111
200	do	111¼
500	Chic. & N.W.R	43⅛
300	do..b30	43¾
200	do	43⅜
400	C.& N. W. Pr	77⅛
100	do..b30	77¾
200	do	77⅜
1000	Ch.& R.I. R.	106⅛
200	do..b30	106⅜
200	do	106⅛
1200	do	106
100	M. & P. Du Ch	53¾
100	do	54
500	P., Ft. W. & C.	105⅛

OPEN BOARD—1½ P. M.

$30,000	U.S.5-20s n.iss	108⅝
500	Erie Railway	95½
400	do..c	95⅝
400	do..s3	95⅛
1200	do	95¾
600	do..s3	95¾
200	do..c	95¾
1800	do..b3	95⅞
100	do	95⅞
500	Hudson Riv. R b3	115¾
200	do..b60	117
100	M. S. & N. I. R	73⅞
700	do..b3	74
300	do..s3	74
200	do	74
200	do..s3	73⅞
200	do..b3	73⅞
200	do..s3	73¾
100	do..b3	73¾
300	Ill. Cen..s10	131
100	do..s5	131
100	do..s10	130¾
100	Wyom.V. Coal	77½

1500	Cleve. & Pitts	111
200	do	110¾
600	do..c	110¾
200	do	110⅞
300	Chi. & R. I. R	106¾
200	do..s3	106⅝
200	do	106⅝
50	do..b10	106⅝
100	do..c	106⅝
100	Chi. & N. W..s3	43½
200	do..s3	43⅜
100	do	43⅜
400	C.&N.W.Pref..x-d	77⅝
200	do..b3	77¾
200	do	77¾
500	do..b30	78
100	do..s3	77⅝
100	P.F. W. & C	106
600	do..b3	105¾
100	do..s3	105⅝
100	Canton Co	34½
500	Cum. Coal Co	48½
100	do	48⅝

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$1,500	Treas.N.7 3-10.	119
11,000	do	120¼
10,000	Am. Gold..s3	239
100	Erie R..b10	95
100	do..b3	95
2000	M. S. & N. I	73
300	do	72⅞
200	do..b3	73
100	N. Y. Cen..s3	121¾
300	Hud. Riv. R	115
200	Cleve. & Pitts	111¼
300	do..b5	111

300	Chic. & R. I..s5	106¼
200	Chic. & N. W	43¾
400	do	43⅜
100	do	43⅜
200	do..b3	43⅜
200	do..s3	43¼
100	C.&N.W.Pr.x-d	77¾
200	do	77½
100	Pitts., Ft. W.& C.s3	105⅜
100	Canton Co	34½
200	do..b5	34⅜
100	Cumb. Coal	48⅜
200	Nic. Transit	5¼

THURSDAY, Dec. 8—P. M.

The heavy purchases of United States Stocks within the last six or eight days by the Associated and National Banks, chiefly to employ their surplus balances, and the activity in the same securities at the Stock Exchange and among the leading Money Brokers on Wall-street, have partially influenced the Money market to-day. There is less general ease to Brokers, who borrow at call, and larger differences are being paid to carry Stocks for 30@60 days. The Gold-bearing Stocks of the Government being the favorite collateral with Money lenders, and a present favorite also with a large circle of speculators for a further rise later in the season, the other securities of the Stock Exchange are not borrowed upon on quite as easy terms, though there is no scarcity of Money at 7 ⅌ cent. The transactions for settlement yesterday and to-day are unusually heavy, and million and half million checks on Bank passing between the Brokers dealing in United States Stocks quite common.

At the Stock Exchange the market for Government Stocks was again active, but not quite so buoyant as yesterday and the day before; especially in the 5-20s, old issue, because of the absence of later orders from Europe. There was not much yielding in price, however, for either the old or new issue. The 6 ⅌ cents. of 1881 were 1 ⅌ cent. less firm, while the old 7-30 ⅌ cents., worth for conversion about 2@2¼ ⅌ cent. more than the 1881's, advanced 1@1½ ⅌ cent. Singular to say they were neglected yesterday when the 1881's touched 118 ⅌ cent. The Treasury Certificates steady at 97¾ ⅌ cent. for late dates, about 12 months to run, and 98½@99 for Certificates falling due next Spring and Summer. The 10-40 Gold-bearing 5 ⅌ cents have advanced to 101½@101¾ ⅌ cent. and are in demand. The Railway and Miscellaneous Shares opened better than the closing prices of yesterday, but not up to the best sales of that day. Between the Boards there was a lower range of prices, while at the Second Board there was a fair degree of steadiness.

After the Second Board the Gold Room, which had been made to work between 242½@241 through the forenoon, fell off to 239 ⅌ cent. on various military rumors; and the Share market was also somewhat unsettled, closing as follows, as compared with Wednesday afternoon;

	Wed.	Thur.		Wed.	Thur.
U. S. 6s, 1881	117¾	116¾	Pittsburgh	110¼	111¼
U. S. 5-20's	109	108⅜	Northwest	43½	43¼
Certificates	97¾	97¾	N. West Pref	77⅜	77⅜
N. Y. Central	121¼	121½	Rock Island	106	106⅛
Erie	95¾	94⅞	Fort Wayne	105	105¼
Hudson	115¾	115	Cum'land Coal	47¾	48¼
Reading	136¾	136⅜	Quicksilver	87	87⅛
Mich. Southern	72⅞	72⅞	Mariposa	36¼	36
Illinois Cen	130¼	130¼	Ohio & M. Certfs	36⅜	36⅜

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	115
Manhattan	135
Merchants'	111½
Mechanics'	112
Union	115
America	138
City	150
Phenix	106
North River	106
Tradesmen's	113
Greenwich	170
National	107
Merchants' Exchange	99
State of New-York	114
Commerce	115½
Ocean	91
American Exchange	121½
Chatham	110
Bk. of the Republic	100
Bank of N. Amer	105
Hanover	104
Metropolitan	123½
Peoples'	105
Market	104
Nassau	103
Shoe and Leather	101
Continental	100
St. Nicholas	100
Commonwealth	103
Imp. and Traders'	105
Park	139
Central National	100
Fourth National	93

And the following bids for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	109¾
N. Y. C. 6s, Subscript.	104
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	118
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con. '76	124
Erie 7s, 2d mort. '79	118½
Erie 7s, 3d mort. '83	116
Erie 7s. 5th mort., '88	107
Hud. R. 7s,2d m.s.f. '85	118
Hud. R. 7s. Bonds, '67	101
Harlem 1st,'69 & '72	105
Mich. C. 8 ⅌ c.,'69 & '72	121
Mich. Cen. New 1sts.'82	125
Chi. B. & Quincy 1sts	120¼
[illegible] G. Line, '68	102
M. S. & N. I. S.F. 7 ⅌ c.	106
Ill. Central 7 ⅌ c. '75	119
Alt. & T. H. 2ds. Pref.	85
Alt. & T. H. 2ds, Income	76
Chi. & N. W. Int.B	96
Chi. & N. W. 1sts	96½
Han. & St. Jo. L. G	95
Han. & St. Jo. con	95
Tol. & Wab. 1sts	100
Tol. & W. 1sts. Ext	100
Tol. & Wab. 2ds	84
Mil. & P. du Ch. 1sts	110
Clev. & Tol. S. F	107
New J. C. 2ds	114
Pitts, Ft. W. & C. 1sts	111½
Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2ds	103
Clev. & Pitts. 4ths	83
Miss. & Mo. L. G. 1sts	57½
Chi. & Alt. S. F	100
Chi. & Alt. 1sts	105
Peninsular R.R.B	85
Mil. & St. Paul 1sts	92

Earnings of the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad for the month of

November, 1864	$74,621 14
November, 1863	38,159 12
Increase	$36,462 02

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer United States, New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $4,205,384 86; for Customs, $164,000; on account of Loan, $3,084,500; payments, $1,735,003 82; balance, $34,965,561 60.

The following sales were made at ALBERT H. NICOLAY & Co.'s special auction sale of Stocks, Bonds, &c.:

50 shares Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Co', $100 each	
100 shares Grand-st. Ferry and 42d-st. R. Co., $100 each	90¼
10 shares B'way and 7th-av. R. Co., $100 each	112¾
10 shares N. Y. and N. H. R. Co., $100 each	92
30 shares Brevoort Fire Ins. Co., $50 each	150
20 shares Corn Exchange Fire Ins. Co., $50 each	82½
25 shares International Fire Ins. Co., $100 each	80½
100 shares British American Coal, $50 each	81½
50 shares Jefferson Fire Ins. Co., $30 each	$20½
	187½

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

NATIONAL CURRENCY BANK,

Corner of Broadway and Wall-st., New-York,

Deals extensively and specially in Government securities, 7 3-10 notes, 5-20's, 10-40's and sixes of 1881, stamps, specie and State money. Interest allowed on accounts by special agreement.

F. G. ADAMS, President.

E. SCOFIELD, Cashier.

THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL, $5,000,000.

FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York.

This bank has ready for sale (allowing the commission to purchasers) U. S. 7 3-10 Notes, which at maturity are convertible into a six per cent. gold-bearing loan; collects warrants, certificates, maturing loans and drafts, and attends to all financial business with Government. Parties wishing to avoid the delay and inconvenience of direct correspondence with the departments, are invited to apply at this bank.

MORRIS KETCHUM, President.

D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

TO BANKERS.

Wanted, a competent and active Bank Teller in a National Bank located in a neighboring city; one who thoroughly understands the business and can present satisfactory references. A young man preferred. Address, giving full particulars, P. O., Box No. 3,286, New-York Post-office.

SPRING MOUNTAIN COAL CO.

Fifty shares Spring Mountain Coal Co. Stock for sale. Address B., Box No. 3,185 Post-office.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Dec. 8—6 P. M.

Receipts of Produce since our last, 181 bbls. Ashes, 26,517 bbls. Flour, 2,666 bags Corn Meal, 300 bushels Wheat, 25,443 bushels Corn, 29,297 bushels Oats, 3,046 packages Provisions, and 378 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are scarce and quiet at irregular prices.

COFFEE—Is in moderate demand, and held with much firmness.

COTTON—Is attracting more attention, at buoyant prices. Middling, $1 28@$1 30 ⅌ ℔. Sales and resales since our last, 850 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in good demand, at a further advance of 10c. ⅌ bbl. Sales since our last amount to 19,400 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $9 70@$10 00; poor to choice Extra State at $10 10@$10 50, chiefly $10 15@$10 25; Round-Hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to very good shipping brands, $11 20@$11 40 ⅌ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$9 70	@$10 00
Extra State	10 10	@10 50
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	10 15	@13 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shp'g brands.	10 20	@11 40
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands.	11 45	@13 50
Extra Genesee	11 50	@13 25
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	10 70	@15 00

Southern Flour is in demand and firmer to-day. Sales since our last 1,150 bbls., at $10 80@$11 85 for poor to good, and $11 90@$14 75 for good to choice extra brands, and $14@$15 for Phœnix Mills, ⅌ bbl. Canadian Flour is doing better; sales 650 bbls. Extra, $11 90@$12 25 ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour is in fair demand, including fine and superfine, at $8 50@$9 50 ⅌ bbl.; sales 175 bls. Corn Meal is more active at $7 70 for Jersey, and $8 75 for Caloric and $8 80 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.; sales 450 bbls. Also, 50 puncheons Brandywine at $41 each.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in fair demand at an advance of 3c.@4c. ⅌ bushel. Sales since our last, 93,000 bushels, including White Canada (smutty) at $2 50; Canada Club at $2 32; very choice White Michigan (300 bushels) at $3; a fancy price. Amber Western at $2 50@$2 52½; Red Western at $2 45@$2 47; Amber Spring at $2 35; Milwaukee Club at $2 29@$2 32½; Chicago Spring at $2 24@$2 30 ⅌ bushel. Corn continues heavy and nominal at $1 90½@$1 93 ⅌ bushel for Mixed Western, in store and afloat; small lots Jersey Yellow (new) sold at $1 65@$1 66. Oats are in brisk demand, at advanced prices; we quote Canada at 97c.@98c.; Western at $1 04@$1 06, afloat and in store; State at $1 03 ⅌ bushel. Rye is quiet. Barley is inactive. Barley Malt is dull. Beans are in better request. Sales 500 bbls. at $2 60@$2 75 for medium and marrowfat ⅌ bushel.

HAY—North River is in demand at $1 40@$1 50 for Government and shipping, and $1 55@$1 65 for small lots for city use, ⅌ 100 ℔s.

PETROLEUM—Has been in fair demand and dearer. Sales have been reported of 2,650 bbls. We quote Crude at 49c.@49½c.; Refined, in bond, at 71c.@72c.; do. free, at 90c. ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been unusually active, to-day, especially 1863-4 Mess, which has been eagerly purchased on speculation at much higher prices. The market closed much less buoyantly. Sales have been made of 15,100 bbls. at $37 25@$38 50, cash, and regular for 1863-4 Mess, closing quite dull at $37 87@$38, cash, regular way, $35@$36 for 1862-3 Mess, $39 for New Prime Mess, $35 75@$36 for Thin Mess, and $34@$35 50 for Prime, ⅌ bbl. Sales were also made of 3,000 bbls. 1863-4 Mess, December delivery, seller's option, at $37 50@$38 50; 500 bbls. do., same delivery, buyer's option, at $38 50; 100 bbls. New Mess, January delivery, seller's option, at $39 75; 1,500 bbls. do., same delivery, buyer's option, at $40; 500 bbls. do., February delivery, seller's option, at $40, and 1,000 bbls. New Prime Mess, January delivery, seller's option, at $37 50@$38 50, ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats have been in moderate demand at 16½c.@18½c. for Shoulders, 18c.@21c. for Hams; sales equal to 210 pkgs. Bacon is less active but rather firmer; sales equal to 150 bxs. Short Clear City at 22½c. on the spot, and 22½c. deliverable January 15. Lard is in fair demand and dearer; sales 2,750 tcs. and bbls. at 21c.@24c., and 650 bbls. New, (MITCHELL & LADD's,) deliverable in January and to Feb. 14, seller's option, at 24c. ⅌ ℔. Beef is in demand at $22@$25 for New Extra Mess; $20@$23 for New Plain Mess; sales 470 bbls. Tierce Beef is rather heavy; sales to day 50 tcs. at $38 for Prime Mess, ⅌ tierce. Beef Hams are drooping; sales 250 bbls. at $27@$28 ⅌ bbl. Butter is in demand at 45c.@56c. for poor to choice, and 56c.@60c. for fancy State, and $36@$50 for Western, ⅌ ℔. Cheese is in request at 15c.@24c. for poor to choice, ⅌ ℔. The week's business in Butter and Cheese, Messrs. M. W. STARIN & Co. review thus: "We have no material change to note in the market for Butter, during the past week. Receipts have been a fair average, but notwithstanding the continued unfavorable weather for trade, the demand for export and home trade has proved amply sufficient to prevent any accumulation of stock, and to sustain our quotations of last week unchanged. Our latest advices from Liverpool and London are of a favorable character, and give evidence that a good demand must prevail for fine quality of American Butter during the balance of the season. Messrs. GEO. F. BRAGG & Co., of San Francisco, in their latest advices, note that Eastern Butter is firm and active at 37½c. ⅌ ℔., gold price. The demand for shipment to California continues active at full prices. As the season advances, and the movement of the crop of Butter takes place, the diminished amount of stock is more clearly shown, which aids in giving greater tone to the market, and forbids any hope of lower rates. Our advices from all portions of the Western States demonstrate that the major portion of their Butter make has come to market and is consumed; consequently very small supplies can be looked for from that quarter. Therefore the demands of this market must be supplied from the dairy districts of this State and Northern Pennsylvania, and our convictions are that the supply back is inadequate, and far from an average amount. At the close of the week's trade a sharp advance in gold has again stimulated the market, and caused more activity in the export demand. We quote:

Orange and Sussex—fresh—pails, ⅌ ℔	55	@60
State and Pennsylvania—fresh—pails, ⅌ ℔	55	@60
Fine State Dairies—firkins, ⅌ ℔	52	@54
Fair to Good State Dairies—firkins, ⅌ ℔	48	@50
Fine State—half firkin tubs, ⅌ ℔	53	@55
Fair to Good State—half firkin tubs, ⅌ ℔	50	@52
Fine State Dairies—Welch tubs, ⅌ ℔	51	@53
Fair to Good State Dairies—Welsh tubs, ⅌ ℔	45	@48
Fine Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins, ⅌ ℔	48	@50
Fair to Good Penn. Dairies—firkins, ⅌ ℔	45	@48
Fine Western Reserve—firkins, ⅌ ℔	45	@48
Fine Wisconsin, Michigan, &c.—firkins, ⅌ ℔	42	@45
Fine Fresh New-York State—firkins, ⅌ ℔	—	@55
Fine Fresh Canada—firkins, ⅌ ℔		
Ordinary Canada—firkins, ⅌ ℔	42	@45
Fair Ordinary Western—firkins, ⅌ ℔	35	@37
Common Western—firkins, ⅌ ℔	35	@37
	30	@34

SUGARS—Continue in fair request, at advancing prices. Sales, since our last, 730 hhds., including Cuba, &c., at 18½c.@23c. ⅌ ℔. Refined Sugars are in more demand, at 24½c.@29½c ⅌ ℔.

TALLOW—Sales, 254,000 ℔s., at 17½c.@19c., the latter rate for choice; also, 20,000 ℔s. Grease, at 17c. ⅌ ℔.

WHISKY—Sales, since our last, 1,800 bbls., in lots, at $1 92½@$1 94½ ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been pretty brisk, and rates tending upward. For Liverpool the engagements included 1,800 bbls. Flour at 10½d.; 500 tcs. Beef at 2s. 3d.; 50 tons Oil Cake at 8s.; 75 tons Tallow at 15s.; also, by steamer, 2,000 pkgs. Butter and Cheese at 35s.; 500 bxs. Bacon at 30s. For London—25 tons Bacon at 20s.; 50 tons Cheese 25s.; 25 tons Zinc at 15s. For Havre—25 tons Tallow, &c., and 1,500 Hides at 35f. For Cadiz—An Italian bark, with Staves, at $27 50 for light and $32 50 for heavy. For Pernambuco—A Prussian bark, with 2,200 bbls. Flour, at $1 ⅌ bbl. in gold.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining Unclaimed in the New-York Post-office, Friday, Dec. 9, 1864.

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "*advertised letters,*" *give the date of this list*, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LADIES' LIST.

A

Adams Marie Louise Miss
Ahlshom Louisa Mrs
Aiken Catharine Miss
Allen Sarah Miss
Allen Lucy Mrs
Allison Miss
Alden James L Mrs
Alexander W F Miss
Alexander Frances W Miss—2
Angell A H Mrs
Anderson Margaret A
Anderson Rachel
Anderson Harriet
Anderson C Miss
Archer L Mrs
Acker Mary
Armstrong Louisa Mrs
Arnold Lemuel Mrs
Arnold Kate Mrs
Arnold Matilda Miss
Ashley Annie Mrs
Aston W Mrs

B

Baker Mary Miss
Baker Emma Mrs
Banks H Mrs
Baldwin Annie Miss
Barks Maria A Miss
Blaisdell Daniel B Mrs
Brady Moriah A Miss
Brant Jane Mrs
Branagan Anna Mrs
Branagan Anna Mrs
Bradley G Mrs
Bradley Lissie Miss
Barrell Mary Miss
Barlow E C Mrs
Barton Emily A Miss
Barnes Miria Miss
Bard Maggie Mrs
Barstow Eliza Mrs
Barrey Matilda Miss
Barry Mary Mrs
Barry Kate Mrs
Barret Mary E Miss
Bartlet C S Mrs
Bartlett Jennie Miss
Bates Ardilia P Miss
Batchelor Mary A
Bassford Sarah J Mrs—2
Banonstitch Paul Mrs
Blasee Cath Mrs
Blydenburgh Rudolph G Mrs
Beaty M D Miss
Blair Mary Mrs
Beaumert Eliza Miss
Becket Charlott
Beck Frank Mrs
Bench Ann S Miss
Benker Katharine Miss
Berger Katharine
Berry N Mrs
Berry Sophia E Miss
Breman Bridget
Breadson Maggie Miss
Bildersee Sarah Miss
Billings Fannie C Miss
Binder Mary Mrs
Birch Eliza Miss
Biron Lucy Miss
Bisher S N Mrs
Bishop Maria Mrs
Briep Hannah E Miss
Brian Mrs
Bridges C D H Mrs—2
Brittoee Thomas Mrs
Bowles Cecilia C
Brown Alex Mrs
Brown Jenny
Brown Mary Miss
Brown Harriett Miss
Brown Hannah Miss
Brown Anne
Brown Josephine Miss
Brown Mary A Mrs
Booth M Miss
Booth Mary L Madoiselle
Bosse Cath Miss
Bosworth Emma C Miss
Bowen Susan Mrs
Bowergem Geo
Bowman Elizabeth Miss
Bowers Williams Mrs
Bower Anne Miss
Boyle Ann Miss
Boyle Ann Mrs
Boyle Elizabeth Miss
Boyd Mary S Miss
Boyce Catharine
Brogan Ann Miss
Brogan Annie Miss
Bronson Isabella Miss
Brooks F Mrs
Buchanan Sarah F Mrs
Buckley Mrs
Buckman Ellen L
Bunce S P Mrs
Bunker Fanny Mrs
Burton Abby M H Miss
Burnham Bell Miss
Bushbrook Sarah
Burch Catharine Mrs
Bush Sarah M Miss
Butts M O Miss
Butterworth Samuel M Mrs
Byrn Margret Miss
Brust Mina
Brunavan Mary
Bryan Mary A

C

Cahil Mary Mrs
Caldwell W S Mrs
Cameron Mary Miss
Cameron E Mrs
Camp C Mrs
Campbell Margaret Mrs
Cannon John J Mrs
Champion John E Mrs
Carroll Jane Mrs
Carroll Bridget Miss
Carroll Mrs
Carren Mrs
Carey Hannah Miss
Carranher Annie Miss
Carelton J B Mrs
Carters Margrit Mrs
Carson Libbie Miss
Casey Honora Miss
Casey Hattie S Mrs
Cassedy Rosana Mrs
Chapman Annie Miss
Clark Elizabeth H Mrs
Clark Mary Jane Miss
Clark Nelly Miss
Clark Sarah
Clark Samuel Mrs
Clark Mary Miss
Cecise Elizabeth Miss
Chapman Robert Mrs
Clear Elizabeth Mrs
Cleary Johanna
Chipman Louis Mrs
Clifford J B Mrs
Clifton Clara Mrs
Clifton Julia Miss
Chippendale Alfreda Mrs—2
Chilson Mary Mrs
Chicking S M Mrs
Cochran Cassey Miss
Cody Mary
Cofield Maggy Miss
Coleman Hettie
Conoly Ellen Miss
Conoly Lissy Mrs
Condon Mrs
Connor Willie Miss
Conniey Lissy
Conroy Annie
Condaig Thomas Mr
Cone Mrs
Conant Emily
Conklin Lissie M
Conklin Ann
Conlon Anne
Cooper Mary Miss
Cooney Mrs
Corbyn Louisa
Corgan Eliza Miss
Corcoran Cath'e
Costello Margaret
Cotturs Mary Mrs
Courtney Julia Mrs
Covent Alice Miss
Coyle Margret
Coyle Julia Miss—2
Cronley Cath
Crooks William Mrs
Cunningham Cath Miss
Cunningham Lissie Miss
Cunningham Mary Mrs
Currier C F Mrs
Curtis Annie M
Curtin Mrs
Cushing Julia L Mrs
Cushman Caroline E Mrs
Cruger Douglass
Cruse The Misses

D

Daly Thomas Mrs
Darlin Mary Miss
Dates Mary
Davis Geo H Mrs
Davis Geo Mrs
Davis Ida
Davis Horatio N Mrs
Davis Jane Miss
Deering Thomas Mrs
Delany Kate
Dennis M L Miss
Deucher Annie C Mrs
Denaille Mary D Mrs
Densmore Annie M Mrs
Devlin Jane Mrs
Devlin S Mrs
Drew Sarah E Miss
Drew E W Miss
DeLeucy Pet Miss
DeMumble Victoria Mrs
Detitch Anna Mrs
Degnan Cecelia Mrs
Divine Kate
Dodd Laura Mrs
Dallinger Pauline Miss
Donaldson S M Mrs
Donavan Eliza Mrs
Doran Ann
Dorr Lydia Mrs
Downey Elizabeth Miss
Dowling Jane
Domain Georgiana
Doyl Libbie Miss
Doyl Julia Mrs
Dubois Harriett Mrs
Duckworth Annie
Duggan John Mrs
Duglas Maria Estella Mrs
Dumas M Miss
Dunnven Mary Ann Miss
Dunn Mrs
Duncan Thos Mrs
Durfee John P Mrs
Drum Mary Mrs

E

Egan Miss
Edwards Henry W Mrs
Esserman Mrs
Eldredge Mary Miss
Ellinger Wilhelmina Miss
Emma Mrs
Erenigs Louiser Miss
Evans Ellen Miss
Estrello Albino Gineroso Mme
Evans Rebecca Mrs
Evans Carrie Mrs
Eveleth E Mrs

F

Falk Constance Miss
Fallon Mary Miss
Falkenberg Adelhaiel Mrs
Farrel Bridget
Farring Cath Miss—2
Farley Cath Miss
Fenner Lissie H Miss
Fletcher Mary
Fleming Margaret Mrs
Fleming Cath Miss
Fields S Miss
Field Julia A Miss
Finnegan Ann Mrs
Finnegan Bridget
Fisher A H Mrs
Fish Sarah Ella Miss
Fitzsimons Mrs
Fitzsimins Hetta Miss
Freedman Theresa Miss
Foley Mrs
Foate D T M Mrs
Forster S Mrs
Forster Sophia Mrs
Foster Henry Mrs
Fox E Miss
Fryl A W Mrs
Furer Louise Miss

G

Gais Caroline Mrs
Galalae Cath
Gannon Caroline Miss
Ganor Sarah Mrs
Gaylord Lydia Mrs
Gaule Anastacia
Gladel Susie L Miss
Graham Cornelia
Graham Mary Mrs
Graton Katy Miss
Graff Anna Miss
Graham J Mrs
Garrett Benjamin Mrs
Gedney S J Miss
George Mary Mrs
Getchill Sarah Jane Mrs
Gleason Maria Miss
Gready Annie
Green S Dana Mrs
Green Anna F Miss
Green H Miss
Grey J A Miss
Gibson Sarah Miss
Gibbs T Mrs
Gillen Isabella Mrs
Gipson Susen Mrs
Gibson Simon Mrs
Gillmore Ann Miss
Gildersleve Emiline Miss
Giles Wm Mrs
Gilbert William Mrs
Gilles Mary E Miss
Geroux Mrs
Girbardt Emma Miss
Gledden Rosa Miss, 3
Griffin Louisa F Miss
Gristen Abbie Miss, 2
Goodwin Lucy Miss
Goodwin Agustus Miss
Gumpert Mina Miss
Gruber E Mrs
Grummem Mattie E Miss

H

Hackett J H Mrs
Hackett Mary
Hacket Lucina Miss
Hacker Geo Mrs
Hacker Geo H Mrs
Hall Sarah Miss
Hall D Mrs
Hargraves M A Mrs
Hale Nettie W Mrs
Hallock Joseph Mrs
Hallett Abby Mrs
Hallett A K Mrs
Hamilton Ellen Mrs
Halin Margaret
Harnett Anne A Miss
Harding Henry H Mrs
Harding Joseph Mrs
Hastings Flora E Mrs
Hatch Eliza Mrs
Havens E Miss
Hawkins Hannah Miss
Hawkins Mary
Hayward Maggie G Miss
Hay E C Mrs
Hayatt Thoms Mrs
Hayne Caroline
Hazzard Mrs
Heath John Mrs
Heair Louisa Miss
Heaty Ellen
Hemmell T G Mrs
Henin Elizabeth Miss
Hennessy Anne Miss
Henron Mary Miss
Henry Mary E
Henry Mary Mrs
Hetzel Christian Mademoiselle
Heyward A Mrs
Hill M A Mrs
Hind Mary Miss
Howland Sussie Miss
Hopeman D M Mrs
Hovey Anna A Mrs
Hough Lotty Mrs
Holden Clara B Miss
Horton Lamma Mrs
Holmes Caroline J Mrs
Hoffman Eliza J Mrs
Hopkins H A Miss
Hone Annie B Miss
Howard Carrie Mrs
Hope Sennette Miss
Horton Mrs
Hollenkamp Elizabeth
Hunt F A Mrs
Hugh Mary
Huse Sarah M Mrs
Humphreys Sarah Mrs
Huston Wm H Mrs
Hutchinson John B Mrs
Huse Rosanna
Huguenin Adele Madame
Hynes Bridget
Hyde M P Miss

I

Ingraham G Miss
Helen Ives Lissie Miss
Ireson Sarah Mrs

J

Jacobs Eva Mrs
Jackson Mary
Jaguella Henrietta Mrs
Jaboeuf Chls B Mrs
Jackson Libbie Miss
Jackson C C Mrs
Jennys John S B Mrs
Jeergo R Mrs
Johnson Mary Mrs
Johnson Dora Miss
Johnson Caroline G
Jones Misses The
Jones Elizabeth Mrs
Jones Geo Mrs
Jones Sarah C Miss
Joy Leura E Miss
Josephine Edward Mrs
Joice Margt Miss
Jocanna Miss
Juores Mrs President
Juro Florence Mrs

K

Kane Elizabeth Miss
Kallowitz De La Countess Madame
Kamsey Julia Miss
Karl Elizabeth
Keating Mary A Miss
Ketchum Louisa Miss
Kelly Ellen Miss
Kelly Lucy Mrs
Keys Isabella
Kelly M T Miss
Kelly Johannah Miss
Kelly F A Mrs
Kelly Mary E Miss
Kelly Mrs
Kelly Ann Mrs
Kennendy Anna Miss
Kennedy Amy Miss
Kennedy G B Mrs
Kennedy Elizabeth Miss
Kennedy Margaret
Kerell Sophia Miss
Kreouse Rebecca Mrs
Kedeneys Mary Ann Miss
Kergan Ellen
Keiller Mrs
Kerwick Eliza
Kiernan Margaret Mrs
Krolin Mary J Mrs
Kimssel Appolonia
Kimball G T Mrs
Kirsch Karalina Mrs—3
Kinne E S Miss
Klome Cathr Miss
Kummerle Mrs
Knoll Barbra Mrs
Kluge Regina
Kuhn William Mrs
Koch Anna

L

Lansing Cornelia
Lasco H Mrs
Laurence Mrs
Laughton Fanny L
Lane Augusta
Law Mary
Lambert Mary E
Landmeyer Emma
Lahey Ellen
Larrigan Mary
Lawler Mary
Latham Robt W Mrs
Lang Frederick Mrs
Lansing Cornelia
Layton Mary
Lane Phebe
Laughman Kama
Leavenworth E T Mrs
Lee Mrs, 6th-av
Leak Maria
Lewis Ella
Lesslie Mrs
Leke Cath
Lessort T A
Leslie T F
Leonard Anna
Leechhard H P
Leonard Alfred R H Mrs
Lejoint Madam
Ligget Mary Ann
Linner B
Lindsay Agnes
Little Jean
Little Miss
Lonergan Bridget
Lunney Cath
Lloyd Alice L
Lynch Ann
Lynn Cath
Lynch Ann
Lumpey Mrs, Fulton-slip
Lacy Mrs
Lyons Hannah
Lynch Mrs

M

Macer E Mrs
Malloney Ann Mrs
Mallow Eliza
Mallison Mrs
Manchester Amelia A
Mariga Agnes S
Malon Johana
Mack Chas W Mrs
Mann Sarah
Malony Emaline
Maner Ellen
Maurice M A Madam
Mason Mary A
May Charlott
Masters Mrs, 35th-st
Mason Geo W Mrs
Mason Frank A Mrs
Meyer Elizabeth
Myers Mattie
Meyer Julia
Morgan Ellen
Moran Julia
Montgomery Mary
Morris Mary
Moore Ida
Moore Julia Mrs
Moran Cath Mrs
Murfy Johana
Murphy Mary
Munger Sarah A
Murphy P
Murray Com J
Maguire Rosanna A
Manhis Amelia
Macarty Johana
Maher Mary
Mackenzie L
Mackenzie L
Mahlman Wilham Mrs
Marshall F M
Martin John Mrs
Marsh Emaline
Mara Bridge
Masterson E D
Maynard Mary E Mrs
Mason Eliza
Mecawen Kate Mrs
Meyer Rebecca
Mills Jane
Millward Mary J M
Miller Miss
Miles Sarah
Miller Ann
Molloy Mary
Mooney Sarah
Mooney Mary Ann
Moon Sarah
Morell Lizzie
Morris Henry Mrs
Morey Julia
Mozart A M Mrs
Moffat Eliza C
Muller C H Mrs
Murray Ellen
Mullan Letetia
Murry Josephine
Myers Julia
Murray Theresa
Murphy Elizabeth
Murray Georgie
Mulholland Mrs, Mulbery-st
Mulligan Bridget
Mulcahy Margt
Murphy Maria
Mullen B
Mulcahy Mary
Mullen Margt

N

Newcomb Fannie Mrs
Newcom L M
Nevals Mary Ann
Neil Eliza
Newnouse Jemima
Nelson Nelly
Niven Kath
Nixon Jamatt
Nichols Mary Ann
Noble J
Nolen Cath
Numan Bridget

O

Oatley Josephine
Owens Cath
Oakley Fanny
Odell Susie A
O'Brien Johana
O'Connell Julia
O'Connor Laura
O'Donnell Jas Mrs
O'Donnel Mich
O'Mara Mary
O'Rilley Mary

P

Parkhurst Elsey Mrs
Patterson Mary J Mrs
Parks Ann
Papke W H E Mrs
Parker Anne J
Patterson Annie Mrs
Parker Jas Mrs
Parmlee Nellie
Parkinson Wm Dr Mrs
Parsons Mrs
Pagels Maria
Palst Pauline
Plant Cath
Platt Mary
Patsett Helen E
Patton Mary
Pettitt Matilda
Perry Emma
Peirce W E
Petterson Julia
Prince Mary M Mrs
Pipins Josephine
Philips Ella
Price Eliza F
Phillips Adaline
Phillips Revelle
Prier Edmund A Mrs
Pierce J Mrs
Pike Mary G
Peace C R
Philipson Mrs
Pollock Sarah Mrs
Potier Mary
Prowskike Camille
Poisier P Mad
Plunkett Emily
Pulnitz Matilda
Plumb David Mrs
Powers B A

Mc

McAndrews Mary Ann
McClung Eliza S
McClosky Cath
McClung Ellen
McCormick Mary
McCabe Bridget
McCabe Julia
McCready Mary
McCullough Kate
McDonald Bridget
McDonald Mary M
McGregor Mary
McGill Mary E
McDonald Sarah
McGee Ann
McDermott Mary
McGee Ellen
McGrath J Mrs
McGory Margt
McGin Patk Mrs
McGregor Jannet
McGuim Millie
McEnroe Ellen
McGuire Ann
McGee Susan
McGregor Hugh Mrs
McGowen Ellen
McEwen James Mrs
McKeiver Mary
McMeniman Ann
McManus Anny
McNulty Peter Mrs

Q

Quinn Mary
Quin B Mrs
Quinlan Mary Mrs

R

Ransford J M
Radford Mary C
Ralph Dorin H L Mrs
Ratnsford Rose E
Reilly Ellen
Rochten Cath
Reardon Lizzie
Reardon Mary
Reynolds Anna
Reece Kate
Reardon Mary
Reily Ann
Ripley Mary J
Richmond Miss
Riegel Margt
Ricardo M A Mrs
Rink Peter Mrs
Richmond Emma
Richardson G W Mrs
Ringham Mary
Ritson James Mrs
Rogers Abbey J Mrs
Robbins S Mrs
Rogers D E Mrs
Robinson Mary L
Rooney Maggie
Rhodes Mary W
Rockwell Sarah M
Roe Mary
Roue Margt
Rogers Darius Mrs
Roberts P B Mrs
Rosenfield Isaac Mrs Jr
Ross Kate
Robinson Adda
Russell Margt
Ryan Mary
Ryan Maria
Ryan Margt

S

Shannon Bridget Mrs
Stanley M Mrs
Starr H H
Stanton Elizabeth Cady Mrs
Stanwood Lizzie
Spalding Fanny
Sullivan Margt
Shay J
Sharp Lilly
Staples Lucy
Swasey Nellie
Shanneng Caroline
Saunders H Mrs
Swartz Philipine
Seaver Eliza Mrs
Seiber Jane Mrs
Sheein Delia
Spencer M Mrs
Seaton Hannah C
Sheever Mrs, Cherry-st
Sedgwick Elley
Seligne Philimene
Stewart Anne E
Steinbenranch Mrs
Stevens Mrs
Stewart Kate
Sherlock Mary
Sherwood Caroline K
Seymour Jennie
Sherman Jane
Seymour Sarah A
Stevenson J A
Smith Rosey
Smith Kate
Smith Libbie
Smith Almein R
Smith John Mrs
Smith Mary Ann
Smith Mrs, 49th-st
Smith Mary E
Smith Marie
Smith John H
Smith Nancy
Smith Eliza
Smith Kath
Smith Josephine
Smith Ida
Smith Louisa
Smith Mary
Spiller C M Mrs
Simms Miss
Siredand Mrs, 28th-st
Speltime Mrs
Siringour Jane
Springer Eliza
Singer Hannah
Streng Celia M
Scott Anna E
Soufroin Mary
Scully Deborah
Stoot D
Snow Evelyne
Story Mary Ann
Stoddart Maria L
Steudner Charlotte Mrs
Stoll Jacob Mrs
Streng Elizabeth
Snowden A S J Mrs
Stevens Anna M
Scott Eliza
Soakuf Maria
Squires J W Mrs
Sullivan Johanna
Sullivan Margt
Stuart Sarah
Sullivan Delia
Story R R

T

Taylor Mary A
Taylor Jane
Taylor L Mrs
Talor Mrs, Canal-st
Taylor Mary
Taylor Emma
Talbot Mary E
Tassie Bessie
Thiele Anna
Trainer Mary
Thery Dora
Tripp Lucy R
Teacle E W Mrs
Taintor Adeline C
Thayer Medora
Tranklie Lizzy
Thompson Margaret Mrs
Thompson Susie L
Thompson Mary J
Thompson Sarah E
Thompson Sarah
Thompson Addie
Tomey Margaret
Thomann Caroline Mrs
Tousley Julia
Toynbee Frances W
Trowbridge Amos Mrs
Townsend Menerva
Tompkins Hattie S
Tomlins Augusta
Tunn M
Tubmand E H
Trumbull Sophy
Thorne A L Mrs
Todd R J Mrs
Trofford Maggie
Tuite Maria

U

Underwood Anna
Usher Ellen

V

Vanbuskirk C J W Mrs
Valpite Julia
Van Houten Libby

W

Walsh Mary J
Waterman Dell
Warnken Wilhelm
Wamten Johana
Warren Johanna
Watson T H M
Washindon Jane
Wallack Josey
Wallack Emma Mrs
Walker Maggie
Wallace Jane F
Walter Florence
Walker Isabella
Wade Henrietta
Wheldon S F
Wheeler Ward A Mrs
Wells Lucy M
Weidler Sallie
Westervelt Mary J Mrs
Wheeler M E
Wrimers Jacob Y
Werner John Mrs
Wilson Eliza
Wilson Lizzy
Williams C S Mrs
Williams Ellen
Williams Sally K
Williams Peter Mrs
Williams Ann
Wibbur Mary
Williams Mary Jane
Wright J D Mrs
Whittaker Sarah E
Wiener K
Whitand Nelmie H
Whinfield Miss
Whipple Lotte L
Wivant Wm Mrs
Wisebarn Hester
White Maria
Whidden Rosaland C
Wing Mattie
White Ada F
Winans A W
Wood Thos E Mrs
Woods J
Wood Minnie
Woolverton Mary C
Wolte Lizzie
Wolff Emily B
Wurts Chas P Mrs

Y

Yearlely Cath
Yunker B
Younglove Carie
Yuose Caroline

Z

Zimmerman John Mrs
Zeamans Mrs
Zoan Hannah

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A

Adams Chas F
Adams Henry P
Adams Baile
Adams James H
Adams John
Adams J Howard
Adams Solomon
Adams S I
Adams Wm H
Adams & Jefferson
Allen Alfred
Allen A C
Allen C
Allen D
Allen Darwis
Allen Elisha H
Allen Geo H
Allen H M & Co
Allen John
Allen J M
Allen Matthew
Allen Hillman
Allen W A
Allen Clapp & Co
Abbott S C
Abbott W J
Abell R P H
Acken Wm D
Ackerman Geo
Ackerman Harry B
Ackerman John F
Ackerman Bros
Ackerly Geo H
Acton C C
Addler
Agar Dr C N
Aisic Abretam
Allan Richard
Altree E S
Albert Bennett
Albert James
Alderman Henry A
Alderdice
Alley Thomas J
Alleyne L W
Alexander A
Alexander Henry
Alberton J S
Aldrich J L
Aldridge G Anson
Alvin R W
Alston John
Alvord Edmund
Almy John
Allyn A A
Allyn F L
Ames Minor T
Amidon H V
Andrade Joseph
Anderson John G
Anderson Capt T
Anderson Torrence
Anderson Rev Wm C
Anderson Wm V
Andrews P
Andrews E
Andrews John
Andrews L
Andrews S
Andrews W
Anshing & Brothers
Anthony E A
Anthony E H
Anthony M
Anschutz Capt P J
Aspel Wm
Archer Mst
Arick C
Arlington J
Armstrong & Underwood
Ash John
Ash J H
Ascher & Wolff
Asick A
Ascoli J
Ashton John
Ashton Joseph
Ashworth B
Atwater H D
Atlee W S
Athrews G
Atherton H L
Atchison John
Atkinson S P
Atwood L
Aubry F C
Austin Luke
Austin Thomas K
Avery J M
Aymer Benj

B

Babb Chas
Babb M
Brabey J H
Babcock G W
Black Chas S
Black D
Black R
Bach
Bache Capt H R
Bachman Bros
Blackwell Wm
Bacon Wm A
Bacon Wm J
Bradford C
Bradford & Co
Bradbury E
Brady James
Brady Patrick
Brady Thomas
Brady Wm
Bradley A E
Bradley John
Bradley Milton
Baer J
Bragg W W
Bailey Chas
Bailey F
Bailey Geo
Bailey G W
Bailey Col G W
Bailey J B
Bailis Bernard
Bain P
Brainord Bros
Braid G A
Braisbin Thos
Blake Mathew
Baken G
Baken J G
Baker J H
Baker Wm A
Baker W J
Baker & Hamilton
Bull J M
Baldwin Barry
Baldwin D W & Co
Baldwin Maj H
Baldwin Wm
Bailief P
Bruny John
Brand Wm R
Bank Roberth
Bianca Frederic
Bannard Wm
Blanchard E & J
Blanchard & Co
Banister W D
Bancroft C F
Bannor Major
Brandhorst C
Barr M C
Barnes, Miriam & Co
Bartram Bros
Barstow George
Blasdale Wm
Blaser C W
Bassini Carlo
Bales Samuel
Battle J
Batten Thomas
Banen Dr
Baxter Wm K
Baynard Thos
Baylis E L
Beach G P
Blakley A E
Bealy H
Beatty B
Beauron J V
Becker John
Beckerley John
Bedell E F
Bedell Otis Y
Beebe J W
Breed, Butler & Co
Beers F W
Behringer Jacob
Bell Clark
Bell L W
Bellman R
Bellknap G & M & Co
Bellknap S & Son
Belding Bros
Belmont
Bely Joseph
Bencki H
Bentz H & M
Brennan James
Brennan J F
Brennan J N
Benedict F L
Benedict Sam
Benedict Ward
Bentley James
Bennett Chas
Bennett F O
Bennett R
Benoit A
Benton J
Bergen Patrick
Bergholz W R
Berny H
Brett T H & Co
Bevoins John
Bewley J L & Co
Bridge Wm E
Bridges
Bridgeland Col J A
Burnbrawer F S
Briggs C O
Briggs John
Briggs J S
Briggs J G
Brigge L J
Bright E W D
Bright J D
Bill G & F
Bohnstedt, Kind & Co
Boil Owen
Boller H P
Bond J N
Blood R G
Brooks B H
Brooks Benj H
Brooks John
Brooks, Scott & Co
Bloomer & Co
Booth Chas
Born Saml
Brown A B
Brown A H
Brown C R
Brown Geo
Brown H E
Brown H B & Co
Brown J & Bro
Brown James
Brown John
Brown J H
Brown John H
Brown John T
Brown J T S
Brown Nelson
Brown R R
Brown T R
Brown Wm
Brown W H
Brown, Sherman & Co
Bossanger M H
Bostwick N J
Brother Richard
Bottcher D
Bostwitz J A
Boudet Chas
Bout H
Boutt T & Co
Bovell T W
Bowne R J
Bown Wm
Brownell S
Brownell & Boardman
Bowen, Thompson & Co
Boyd A B
Boyd P O
Boyer S E
Boyle C P
Bruce David
Buckland E
Buchannan Isaac
Buchannan John
Buchman B E
Bruins J E
Bude Henry
Bruice G N
Buhler P L
Bull A S
Bull Dr John
Bunn E B
Barnard E F
Barden J A
Barber N L
Barber Wm
Barter T O & Co
Barker B M
Barker H V B
Barrett C B
Barrett Geo
Barrett Joseph
Barnett C
Barnett Harrison
Barnett & Bach
Barnickel H
Baron Chas
Barton Chas G
Barton Geo
Barton R
Barbour R P
Barlin B & L
Barlow R D
Barrows H C
Barry Jas
Bary John
Barkly Jas
Barney Geo
Billings E L
Binns C H
Binney J W
Birthistle Wm
Bliss C R
Bliss D M
Bliss & Drake
Bristol George
Bristol G
Bristol T M
Bishop G W
Bishop Herman D
Bishop N K
Bishop W
Bishop W
Bishop & Coock
Bliven G T V
Boark P
Blocn S
Brookway Syrus
Bode H
Bogarb P L
Bogert F P
Bogert John
Bogoden R
Bohm, Mack & Co
Brundage C
Bunnell J F
Brunnick Thomas
Burn James
Burns James
Burns J M
Burns John
Bunsted J H
Burcell James
Burgen Wm
Burgers D & Co
Burdett J
Burgett John
Burroughs James
Burrows Wm F
Busley J B
Bruster Jas B
Busnor Chas
Butler J H
Butler James
Butler Wm
Butterk James
Butterworth C F
Bly F
Byrne Martin
Byron Wm

C

Chadwick C B
Cady A M
Caesar Geo A
Chaflin H
Cahill Thomas
Cain Michael
Cain W
Cairns M
Callahan Jas
Callahan Timothy
Callahan D
Caldwell James
Caldwell John
Callender Wm E
Calderwood R
Calkins E
Callison A
Camp A L
Camp W F
Campbell C
Campbell John
Chambers Geo K
Cameron
Cameron Wm
Champion A
Crane C M
Crane Wm T
Chandler F H
Canel James
Canby & Hughes
Clapp H D
Chapman A
Chapman G D
Cappellaim Jno L
Capron R J
Carr Timothy
Carr, Brown & Co
Charles Isaac
Carpenter R W
Carter F A
Carter R
Cary Sergt
Cary Dennis
Carey S W
Carey Thos W
Cardney John
Carrier J A
Carroll C W
Carroll Timothy
Carroll & Co
Carmody Maurice
Carny Patrick
Carthy James
Clark Dr A R
Clark B W
Clark Dr D S
Clark E
Clark Hy F
Clark J C
Clark P
Clark Pa
Clark Hon Stephen
Clark Stephen G
Clark Wm Q
Cass Jno J
Chase Grale
Chase A B
Chase, Merritt & Co
Chase & Thoop
Castle Edmond
Castle E H
Casey Peter
Casey Wm
Cashoe & Davis
Catherwood Wm L
Canlas Manuel
Clausen Henry
Cavanagh J M
Crawford Chas
Crawford Col R C
Clayton Henry
Clayton M E
Creagon Mike
Creagon Thos
Cean Jno
Cleary Philip
Creear P
Cheesman M W
Cheever Wm
Clemens Rev Alex
Cleorling, Worne & Co
Cheshire Thos
Chester, Clark & Co
Clifton, Davis & Co
Child A
Childs Geo
Cipriani O F
Chirmay Wm
Christ Geo
Christy E Byron
Cobb G D
Cobb Dr S J
Cock B F
Crocker Israel
Crocker S P
Coe Henry
Coffin Geo M
Coffin Lemuel
Coffin Wm E & Co
Coffin & Altemas
Coggeshall Thos J
Cohn A
Cohn Jacob
Cohen Geo
Cohen Moses
Cohen S
Colt Jas C
Colman David
Coleman J B
Coleman Jno H
Coleman Wm H & Co
Colmaun Ad & Co
Collins Chas C
Collins Ed E
Collins Hiram
Collins Matthew
Collins M H
Collins, Peck & Co
Colby Warren
Colyer Geo
Cromwell Wm
Comstock G W
Cone Wm H
Constance Francis
Connaway Wm
Connaway Christy
Connelly Bartly
Connelly James
Conners James
Conners Patk
Conley & Bro
Considine John
Cronin A
Conklin J
Connor James
Connors Daniel
Cook Chas
Cook E M
Cook Wm
Crook Bros & Co
Coon B C
Cooney Jno M
Cooper Ellwood
Copeland Geo
Corner Edgar W
Corser D G
Cornish J B
Cornish R
Cross Hon Nelson
Costelon Lawrence
Costlo Tom
Crosby Jacob H
Crossly John
Clough John
Courtney Thos
Courtion P J
Cove F N
Cowles F D Jr
Coward Wm M
Crowly Dan
Coyle Michael
Cumminsky James
Cunningham Caleb & Co
Cunningham Michael
Currier Frank
Curtis Jasper C
Curtis Joseph A
Curtis L R
Curtis M S
Curtis T B
Curry Bernard F
Cushman — U S S Potomac

D

Daly Charles
Daily Geo H
Drake R
Daley Pat V H
Dailey Robert
Dalsheimer D
Devane Edward
Draper H
Darcy Henry
Davidson Gilbert C
Davidson J M B
Davis David W
Davis George
Davis Geo H
Davis Hugh
Davis J C
Davis Lucuis
Davis Robert
Davis Timothy C
Daw Henry & Son
Dawson & Spadom
Day George
Deacon Robert
Deads S P
Deakon John
Dearing J W
Decker Fred E
Decker & Totten
Drew & Sears
Deford Henry
Deforrest Alexander
Deforrest Harry
Deforrest Richard A
Dreiseldorff H R & Co
Delapo Victor
Delepen & Proctor
Dempsey M
Deming W S
Demott & Fitch
Devham Danl Sr
Denison George
Denison Z J
Dustow E H
Denton John
Denvy P H
Depker F
Depiss S T
Depot Julius A
De Quintana S P
Derby H
De Sacia Theodore
Dever Martin H
Devoe Alfred
Devon Jno L
Dewitt George
Diamond M E
Dibble & Brother
Dickenson Dr L L
Diemer John
Dimon W B
Drinkwater Arthur
Disbrow David R
Disbsbrow W C
Dix Jno Ross
Dixon William
Doage J R
Dodge D L
Dodds W B
Dodg G P
Dolan Jno
Dolan Wm B
Denahue James
Denegan Dan
Denley Francis
Denley James
Denohoe H T
Denovan Michael
Denovan Timothy
Dorman Wm
Doremus Thomas
Dorsey Dennis
Doty Harris
Dendy Capt
Dengan James
Douglass Andrew E
Douglass David
Douglass James
Douglass M J
Doughty W J
Drown Geo R
Dowens Danl
Dowley Maurice
Dowling Jno
Downig George Washington
Downing Peter
Doyle Michael
Doyle Patrick
Ductsa Joseph Rose
Dueol John
Dugan Philip A
Dugan Walter J
Dumpley Jno
Dunn Geo R
Dunn James A
Dunn Wm
Dunham B B
Dunham James E
Duncan Ralph H
Dunbar Chas A
Dunton Mathew
Durant Dr Thos
Durfee Fenton
Durkee W K
Dusen G H
Dusey Conl
Dusty David
Duthie J
Dye W
Dryer John
Duyer C P
Duyer Patrick

E.

Eady Joseph
Easton King & Co
Eckhardt Gustav
Eckstein Louis
Edwards E B
Edwards H J
Edington Theodore J
Edson Theodore & Co
Egee C R
Egerton P A
Ehrlick Moses
Ellershi Chas H
Elias Isaac
Elliott Andrew C
Eley Charles
Ely Abram
Ely J W C
Elyea Charles
Emanuel & Ew
Emerson C Montgomery
Emerson J M & Co
Emery Israel M
Enright Patrick
English Chas Garrard
English T or F
English J & Co
English Wm
Ephraim Edward
Ernst Geo
Erwin Joseph
Evans Chas T
Evans James M
Evans John H
Evans Jno B
Evans Michael
Ereland James
Everett Milo

F.

Falsey John
Falis G
Frank E
Frank Fred
Frank Henry
France & Co
Francis M B
Francis Saml W
Francis A Morton
Flanagan Jno J
Fangiman Patrick
Fanshawe Jno R
Farnham Wesley T
Farrar T C
Farrell Joseph
Farrell Walter
Farley & McNamara
Fargo Thomas B
Fraser Dr Allen
Fraser G
Fraar James
Fay H Melville
Fear Richard
Fleaker Christopher
Frederici Francis
Freeman D M
Freeman Wm C
Freiberger M
Felix Gustavo
Feimdman Herman
Flemming James
French Wm B
Frend Jacob
Fenall P B
Fenster Jno
Flender Henry E
Feran Peter
Fernand John
Ferris Thomas S
Field Charles
Ferrup F
Fex P
Frey A M
Fick Emil
Friend Herman
Film Peter
Finch Jno
Flint J S T
Flinn Darwin P
Flinn Phil
Fisher Eustace W
Fisher W
Fisher Wm
Fischer M J
Fiset David
Fitch Ashbel P
Fitch Henry N
Fitzgerald James
Fitzgerald Luke
Fitzhue Hegar
Fizette William
Fobes Edwin A
Fachrenbach 6th-av
Fogal George
Frolich Capt F C S
Folsom Richard
Flood Col C B
Flood Michael
Force Squire
Forche Frank
Ford Jeremiah
Florence Wm
Forrestal James
Fortune Jno
Forsyth Wm
Foss C Wilson
Foss Renvitser & Co
Frost Bradford
Frost Rev W J
Foshay James W
Fister D M G
Fister Geo W
Fister John
Fister Wm
Fister Wm R
Fountain James
Fougnet Jno M
Fllournoy L M
Fowle Jno A
Fowler Levi
Fowler Wm H
Fox Staat
Floyd Nicoll
Fuller Jno B
Fuller Silas
Frunk M
Furman E
Flynn Michael
Flynn John

G

Graburn James
Grady Capt M
Gaffney Charlie
Gaffney John
Graham Charles
Graham Geo
Graham Isaiah
Graham Jno & Co
Graham Hon J H
Graham J Hunter
Graham A
Galburre—E 14th-st.
Gallagher T John
Gallagher John
Gammon Wm H
Gauge Harvey
Grandon Jno
Grandon Stephen
Glancy Thomas
Garland Francis
Garlay C W
Gardiner H G O
Gardner James B
Gardner Joseph Henry
Gardner O W
Gardner Wm
Gardner & Co
Garrett Frederick
Garrett & Regan
Grarret S L
Gasnner Engelbert
Gleason Edm J
Gates James H
Gault A
Graves Joseph H
Garin John
Gray R P
Gearety William
Gleason A S
Green C R
Green Jno
Green Jno F
Green N B
Green Peter
Green S W
Green Thomas
Green W A
Greenfield Benj
Geer M
Geer O F
Geer Rodolph
Geskie & Mimann
Gregsten Samuel
Geletson J B
Gentle Wm
George David H
Germain Lewis C
Greres Dr Jas P
Grey George
Grey R H
Geyer & Wilking
Gibbens Joseph M
Gibbens & Joyce
Griffiths Rev Evan
Griffiths G
Gilman Chas H
Gilman & Co
Gilmartin Michael
Gilsenan Wm
Gilbert Clifford
Gilbert & Kennedy
Gillette G M & Co
Gillet & Shupe
Gillick Thomas
Gillien Demmick
Gilmore J R
Grimm A
Grinnell Geo B
Girault Arthur N
Gireaux Ben
Griswold W C
Gilman Abram
Groben & Comp
Godfrey Wm S
Godfrey Wilson
Goldsmith S
Goldsmith James
Goldsmith L
Gomes Chas H
Good James
Goodhart Michael E
Goodell E A
Goodwin Lieut J J
Goodwin S A
Groot —
Groet P W
Gorham S H
Gorman Samuel
Gorden — Broad-st
Gorden James
Gorden J R
Gorden W G
Goss Jno
Gros Magnus
Gosling H
Gotthelf & Behlend
Gough Patrick
Gould F A
Gould Oliver M
Glerer Samuel R
Guest J W
Gunning T R
Guthrie L M
Guthrie L T

H

Hack John
Hagar Henry
Hale A W
Hale Wm Jr
Hall Joseph
Hall Joseph S
Halle M & Co
Halsted A M
Halsey Wm F
Halsey W L
Halsey Robert
Halliman Wm
Hally Daniel
Hamilton J Marshall
Hamilton W A
Hammond Edw A
Hammond Mark B
Hammond Wm H, M D
Hamburger L
Hanes Jacob L
Hanks Dr J M
Hannahs James M
Hannan Chas D
Hanwager Tobias
Hanley James
Hunkinson Dr
Harcock Robt R
Hay Frank
Hayward B T
Hayatt Geo W
Hayes Jas K P
Haynes A J
Haynes Geo J
Hayden Jno
Hayden T S
Hayer W F
Hazelton James
Hazelton Stacy G
Hazletine S W, M D
Heagerty Michael
Heald J H
Healy F
Hearns James
Heary Joseph
Heary Thomas
Hebert Henry W
Hegeman Geo
Height Capt Chas C
Heigleman Wm
Heiter & Hays
Hempel Chas J
Hempel Jno
Hemmes Jno
Henderson C H
Holcomb & Lawshe
Holby J B
Homer John
Hommedeill Dr S L
Hood John M
Hood J T
Hooper Thomas
Hoover Rev Chas
Hoover J D
Hoppin G N
Hopkins Sec
Hopkins Jno D
Hopjensack Geo
Hiram Wm
Horigan Cornelius
Horton Capt
Horton S W
Hosmer Merrill
Horer H N
Horey Edw
Howe A S
Howe D
Howe Dexter
Howes S B & Co
Howe Wm
Howe & Worthington
Hanson S B
Hanson Dr T
Hanford E
Hanford & Osborn
Hanover Morrice
Hard C C
Hart James H
Harman Richard
Harmaman Geo L
Hartman Isaac
Harper Capt Wm M
Harkness James Capt
Hartney John
Harwill James
Hardinge B
Harding Wm W
Harkins F
Harkins Peter
Harrington Edw B
Harrington John
Harbison Thomas
Hardith Edward
Hardisty Thomas
Harris Francis
Harris Geo A
Harris Henry
Harris John
Harris John
Harris T C
Harris Rev Wm L, LL D
Harris Wm S
Harris & Cummings
Harrison B M
Harrison, Pearl-st
Hackell Meyer Leonidas
Hasmer M
Hatch Cyrus
Hawkins A
Hawkins C R
Haxtune Wm E
Henderson E J
Henderson Henry T
Hendershell J C
Hennessy Wm
Hennigan Patrick
Henriques Wm
Henry Geo J
Henry James
Henry Michael
Henry P S
Henry Richard M
Hermann G N
Herrick A C, A M
Herrick Wm
Herder Peter
Herbert A
Hewison Chas W
Hewitt Jobe
Hey & Harris
Heyer W H
Hibbs Chas
Higgins Danl Capt
Higgins Wm
Hill Clark
Hill Clark
Hill E W
Hill J W
Hines Henry
Hickley Geo W
Hirschhorn Bros & Co
Hicks S M
Hoane Wm
Hodgman S A Rev
Hodges Chas H
Hofman Dr Fred
Hegbin Robert
Holmes A B
Holmes Geo O
Holmes Wm
Holt H H & Co
Holt Milton
Holiday S B
Holcomb Edgar M
Howland P
Howard Jno P
Howard Joseph D
Howard M H
Howard S M
Howard, Snelling & Co
Howren Capt N
Hoy W J
Hoyt Fred
Hoyt J O
Hoyt Rev S A
Hubbell Wm
Hubbert Wm
Hudson Adam
Hughs F N
Hughs Geo
Hughs John
Hughs Jno J
Hughs Walter
Hull Elmer W
Hull Jno F
Hull Jno W
Hulbert Charlie
Hulshalfer Capt
Hune Bennett A
Humphrey Fred E
Humphrey M T
Hunt Chas
Hunt F A
Hunter Jno
Hunter Philip G
Hunter S H
Hungerford A
Hungerford A Jr
Hurley Wm
Hutchins F
Hutchings Robt C
Hutchinson R A
Hutchinson R J
Huger Bros
Hyde Francis
Hyde Walter
Hyde & Goodrich
Holcomb Loomis

I

Ingells F C
Inman J I
Ingersoll T S
Ingerson Charley
Irwine John
Irwin J
Irwin & Co

J

Jacob Broke
Jacobs, Rivington-st
Jacobs A & Co
Jacobs Geo W
Jacobs Hiram S
Jacobs J
Jacobs J, Broadway
Jacobs Louis H
Jacobson —
Jackson Charles
Jackson Capt E
Jackson J W
Jahn Wm
James J H
James & Co
Janeway Rev Joshua B
Jaque D & Son
Jefferson A E
Janvier Francis D H
Jenks Geo W
Jenkins Raymond
Jenkins Richard
Jewett Cornell
Johnson David
Johnson Enos N
Johnson Franklin
Johnson Frederick S
Johnson Jacob A, Jr
Johnson James L
Johnson John Adams
Johnson Capt Joseph
Johnson Wm
Johnson, Hunter & Co
Johnson & Kemball
Johnston Edward R M Doct
Jones Chas Floyd
Jones Gordon G
Jones J W
Jones J Whitney
Jones Wm
Jones Williams
Jones Wm H
Jordan Wm & Henry
Joyce A
Judson J R
Juilliard A D
Julaes Frank, care Ross, Campbell & Co

K

Kradear Lawrence
Kaller Poul
Kane Chas
Kane C I
Kane John I
Kapp John
Kapp J W
Karey Adam
Karrigan Farrell
Karrenberg H
Kaulbach Henry B
Kearney Frank
Kearney H
Keck Lewis L
Keegan Cornelius
Keelney, Cawn & Johnson
Kehn Charles
Kern & Streib
Klein John Lawrence
Keller Leon
Keleher John
Kelley James E
Kelly Thomas
Kelley Wm
Kelly & Co
Kelly I T, Med D
Kelly W B Dr
Kensett J F
Kenny Michael
Kenney Thomas
Kerley Curtis A
Kerley Morroes, Brdway
Kerrigan James
Kuenzer S
Kieferdorf J A, barber
Kiernan Thomas
Kimmel E H
Kline Calvin
King A
King Edward
King Geo
King Geo E
King John
King Michael
King Wm
King & Comp
Kling Gottlieb
Kingsley James H
Kinne H M
Kinny Edward
Kinney Wm
Kirwan Thomas
Kirby Richard
Kittridge B
Kloder Charles, Vesey-st
Krosh G
Konet John Meinard
Kropf M
Knox Rob

L

Lack W
La Grang Chas E
Lagnean Emil T, M D
Lakey Rev C D
Lackey Chas D
Lambert M A
Lamont Dr A G Perfumer
Lamont Wm H
Lane E C
Lane Joe & Co
Lane Levi Capt
Lang Samuel
Lancaster S N
Lanchantier J
Laughley John E
Last Edward
Lavelle Chas F
Lasier F L
Laskey John
Latham & Mathews
Lathrop Frank H
Lauzen N
Lawrence H H & R
Lawrence James A
Lawrence Samuel
Lawrence Watson E
Lawrence W L
Leary Patrick
Lee A M
Lee C C
Lee George
Lee H
Lee Henry
Lee John
Lee Roger
Lee Sam B
Lee Sun Sun, Chinaman
Lee & Bronson
Leese Capt C
Lehrberger S Hats
Leidig Israel
Lemire Eugen
Leon Marks & Co
Leoni J B
Leonard E G & Co
Leslie Geo
Leverich Edward
Leveridge John C
Levi Dittelback & Louchbewn
Levy John
Levy J J
Levy & Opper
Lewis Henry
Lewis M
Lewis & Godfroy
Liddel Robert
Lillis Thomas M
Linch Chas S
Lines S V
Linehan Edward
Lindsay David
Little, Son & Co
Livermoore Fred D
Livingston F M
Livingston Mortimer Capt
Livingston R M
Loan Patrick
Lock John
Lockwook Charlie
Lockwood F E
Lockwood G W
Lohman Diederich
Long Edward
Long John
Long Michael
Lord Benj
Lorenz & Wightman
Lott John
Louks P F
Louis Henry
Louisberry Harry
Loveland & Altman
Lawrey Goodwin
Lawenkern Dr
Loyd S H
Lucas Phil (cold)
Lucy Henry
Lyhlm & Stems
Lusk John
Lynch —
Lynch John
Lyon —late Lyon, Hill & Goodnow
Lyons Lewis J
Lyon Wm C
Lynskey James

M

Macren M H
MacReary
Macdonald John
Madson George
Magney Robert
Magory Stephen L
Mohan Martin
Mohan Michael
Maher Philip
Mahony Michael
Mailhouse Jacob
Main H
Mallery John H, Lexington-av
Maley Charles
Mann A L
Manning George H
Manning George H
Manning Thimty
Mangold F
Mangam Harry
Manly Frank E
Marks Dr
Marks Louis
Martain James
Marchall Stephen
Marshland Joseph
Marshall A Agt
Marshall & Millcam, Pianos
Masters James
Marchisi Dr J B & La Proprietor
Marrin Patrick
Martin Prof Benj N
Martin Benj T
Martin Bruten H
Martin Edwin N
Martin J C
Martin John J
Martin & Son
Marmont Thomas A
Marston Thomas H G
Mary Henry Capt, Division-st
Massey Fred
Massi Giovanni
Mason H C
Mason Capt W B
Mason Willie P
Mason & Everett
Mathes Wm J
Mathews A K
Mathews E (or C) J
Mathews Dewitt
Mathews S H
Mathews S McKean
Mauran Jno T
Maswell —
May A
May Franklin J
Mayhall W D
Maydsle David
Meady C H
Mead B W, Fulton-st
Mead John H
Megil S
Mellick J B
Menier — 6th-av
Merchant W J
Mercer Dr W N
Merrill E R
Merrill Geo
Merrill Geo W
Metcalfe Dr
Metiner Frederick
Meyer Conrad
Meyer Frank, care F F Fielding
Miller Frank
Miller Geo S & Co
Miller M A
Miller J J
Miller & Johnson
Moore Alvin
Moore James
Moore James Capt
Moore James D
Michaeles Dr E M
Michaeles Henry
Micheles James
Middleton Dr Nelson
Miers G, Broadway
Mills Charles H
Mills D
Miles N
Mildmay C
Milliken John
Miner Wm & Co
Mimrick Jas
Morse Charley L
Moorse Harley B
Morse Lucius
Morse Mason W
Morgan Geo W
Morton John S
Mores L W
Morean F
Morney Bros
Morrill Dana J
Morrison Joseph F
Morrison W
Morton A
Morton G H
Morton Z
Moroney Timothy
Molthan H
Monehond Nathaniel B
Moorman C P
Moulton Beyles P
Moulton Henry
Mullully James
Mure Georgein, cor Broome & Elm-sts
Murphy Timothy
Muxlow Herbert
Myers, Lewis & Co
Mylon Michel
Mynnigen Samuel

Mc

McAnanly Patrick
McBam S H
McCaffry John
McCarthy James
McCarty John
McCartny Owen
McCarty Peter
McCarty Thomas
McCormick J E Thomas
McClosky Bernard
McCully F K
McClusken W N
McDermott J
McDonald Alex
McDonald A S
McDonald Dr J
McDonald James
McDonald John
McDonald Patt
McDonnell P J
McDonnell Terrence
McDonnald Q
McDonald Wm
McDouah Patrick
McElroy Patrick
McEneney Michael
McFrady (or Crady) Patrick
McGrath Michael
McGatrick Martin
McGee Charles H
McGee David Jr
McGee Monroe
McGeorge William
McGregor Duncan
McGinnis John J
McGowan John
McGowen Ned
McGowen Wm
McGinness Mather
McGuire Michael
McIntire Albert
McHugh Martin
McKige John
McKnight Wm
McKeon John
McKeon M
McLannan —
McLaughlin Frank
McLaughlin Thomas
McLeon Wm West
McMaster Alex
McNaughton Hugh B
McParkle —
McSherry Eugene
McWha Andrew
Mc Whinney Thomas
McLeod A

N

Nauman A
Neeley A
Nehrbeck Charles
Naglis A
Nellis A A
Nelson Prof L
Nelson Robt
Neudecker L H
Newman Thomas W
Nevins David H
Newell J J
Newton Rev B B
Newton Isaac
Newhouse B F
Niblo Thomas
Nicoll William
Nichols Geo Ward
Noble Joseph
Noble Joseph K
Nolan Mather
Norgan —
Norris B
Noris Charles A
Norris Jno R
Notten Neal
Nounen Michael
Nowell W A

O

Oatees Thomas
Oakman J W
Offley Holmes E
Oliver John
Olivia John
Onstine John B
Oppenheimer & Co
Orr Geo
Osgood J G
Otis Johns & Co
Overton W G
O'Brien John G
O'Connoll John
O'Connell John
O'Conner John
O'Conner John
O'Daniell Barnerd
O'Dwyer John J
O'Hagan Michael
O'Nesil Anthony
O'Reily Jessey
O'Sullivan Denis
O'Sullivan Michael

P

Pradel Mons
Place Wm
Papy Gasper N
Painter Wm & Co
Palmer Chas M
Palmer Chas N
Palmer Wilford L
Palfrey Geo W
Parkes George F
Parker Charles E
Parker Edmond
Parker Hiram M
Parker M
Parker Thomas A
Parker Cox & Co
Parrey Thomas
Parris & Co
Parsons J R
Parsons Rowland
Parsons Wm H
Parkhurst S C
Pratt D T
Patterson John H
Patterson Smith B
Patterson Thomas
Patterson Thos C
Payes Pedro
Peabody G L
Peacock Jas
Pearce John H
Pease Robt L
Peck Edward H
Peck Thomas H
Pedroncelli J
Peebles William M
Phelps Berthias
Phelps E
Phelan Michael J
Pen Robert
Perkins Newton
Perry E L
Perry John
Preston J G
Peters James
Peterson Chas J
Pettersen Charles O
Price E B
Price James
Price Robert
Price William
Prichard A T
Pickett W S & Co
Pierce Rev Alfred K
Pierce D
Pierson John
Pike & Martin
Phillips Erskine
Philips John
Philips Luke D
Philips William
Prime Kenny & Co
Pitkin J R G
Polk Jas H
Pond C F
Pomeroy Horace A
Pomeroy Henry K
Pool Nash
Poulton Joseph
Poor Henry
Porter John
Porter N C
Potier A
Powell Jefferson
Power Edward
Power John
Pullen H D

Q

Quaff John G
Quin Bartholomew
Quinn Patrick
Quinhoan Patrick
Quirk & Cattrell

R

Rafael John, Christopher st
Rameif A
Ramsdell O P & Co
Randall C H
Reynolds N A
Rice George
Rich Edward S
Richards Edson M
Richandes John
Robinson Yankee
Roche Robert H
Rockwell Dr Fred
Rogers Edward
Rogers Howard

Randall Capt H R
Randall F W
Ranney Dr H D
Raster Herman
Rate Henry M
Raven Henry W
Rawson, Bridgeland & Co
Ray Chas
Ray Danl
Ray Danl G
Raycraft John
Raymond George
Raymon Joseph
Read Charles H
Read Thos T
Reantey E
Reed Herbert
Reed John
Reeder Gilbert
Reid A B
Reilly Owen
Reine C Baker
Reinhardt Mr
Reuner Henry C
Requa Isaac
Requa, Austin&Co
Reynolds James
Richardson J A
Richardson William T
Riddle Rev M B
Ridgely F W
Rigney Patrick
Riley J J
Ring J M & Co
Ritzlar H P
Rixford George C
Roach Rev Dr
Roach John
Robb C
Robb Peter
Robins Alexander
Roberts F
Roberts Lt John
Robbins & Co
Robins Charles E
Robbins Geo Lyman
Robbyns Peter
Robinson Chas W
Robinson E G
Robinson H & Co
Robinson Robert Lombard
Robinson W R
Rogers W M & Co
Rogers, Snelling & Co
Rolph H D
Rollinson J R
Root G F
Roper John H
Ross Charles C
Rose Charles
Rose Chauncey
Rose William G
Rosenburg C G
Rosenberger Jacob
Rosenberger M
Rosemond William
Roth John
Rowland Richards
Rowland W S
Ross Hiram
Rudolph Theodor
Runyen Eden L
Rush George
Rush Christopher
Russell George
Rutner D & Co
Ryan J W
Ryan Thomas

S

Staacke A
Sackendoff J W
Stackly Francis R
Schmadeke C A
Stadler Henry
Shrady Dr John
Schaefer A C & Co
Stafford James G
St John Newton
Salomon Simon
Swallow G C
Sammen RevChas G
Sammons F T B
Sampson George
Swan Henry Gand Geo F
Swan August
Swan Thomas
Sands Geo W
Schanck A C
Standenick Louis
Sanders Henry
Spangenburg & Fitz
Santer George
Stanley Alfred
Sandidge Dabney
Standish Miles
Scanlon Richard
Shannon Michael
Swanson John
Sanborn A R
Sancford A W
Sanfford CharlesE
Sanford M R
Sanford & Co
Sanford & Deforist
Stanford W J
Schwartz R
Sartori V A
Stratton EM& Son
Stratton W J
Spaulding R
Saunders Thomas
Strauss Samuel
Shaw J O
Sawyer Chrs W
Shay James
Searl A
Stearns & Walsh
Searing A J
Sheat W B
Snedecor Isaac S
See isack
Sheehy John
Sweet S & Co
Sheffield S P
Scheible C F
Sheler Jacob
Seime Moses
Stein Bros
Steinart J
Snell Chas R
Stellman Hinrich & Co
Sheldon M S
Semmell John
Schenk Dr
Spencer J W
Shepherd FM&EA
Stern D
Stern Henry
Sherwood Edward
Sherwood George
Sherwood James
Sherwood Samuel
Sherry James
Shoolbred Wm C
Sperry John A
Settle Wm
Steven William
Stevens Lyman
Stewart Alex D
Seymour Geo W
Seymour Harry
Seymour W L
Scriber Peter E
Sieber Herrmann
Strieby Rev M E
Spieler Christof
Still John W
Silverman E
Siley, Ricker & Co
Smillie & Dorrauer
Snilson Henry
Simon Moses
Simmonds George
Simpson John
Simpson CaptJohn
Simpson L F
Smith Daniel
Smith Benjamin
Smith Edwin J
Smith Geo B
Smith Henry
Smith Jno
Smith Jno A
Smith Jno Cotton
Smith J H
Smith Jno W
Smith Julius T
Smith Robert B
Smith Peter & Co
Smith Thos B
Smith F W
Smith William
Smith & Patrick
Singleton Thos
Shipman(Executor)
Shirlaw W
Schmitz Richard
Sloan Jno P
Stock Jno
Slocomb E P
Stoddard & Co
Stoddard Seward
Stodart S P
Stoddard Solomon
Scofield & Brewster
Spohn Lorenzo D
Sholl Chas
Shomaker Henry
Stone S E
Spooner Edwin C
Schoot George
Schopp Ludwig
Soper J B
Shore W W
Spore Dr Wm D
Swoon Wm
Short —
Storer George
Sorz M L
Story Wm H H
Sposate Dr N
Scott Rev Chas
Scott Geo S
Scott John
Scott Thos
Scott & Sons
Souder, Getty & Co
Southern David
Southwick John W
Southwick R A
Stover Wm D
Sovereign Wm Wesley
Snow Dr Azel
Snow Robert H
Show John C
Studwell Edwin A
Shults C F
Shulein, Sullacher & Co
Sullivan Jno
Sullivan Michael
Sullivan Patk
Sullivan Michael
Stumph Wm
Sturgis John
Sutter Joseph
Sutter E
Snyder Chas
Snyder Edward
Snyder & Holcomb
Sylvester —
Snyder —

T

Tailor Henry A
Taite Samuel H
Tallman Albert M
Tallon James
Talbot I T
Talbot Muson
Tanna & Co
Taylor & Co
Taylor Henry A
Taylor John W Lt. Col. & Q. M.
Taylor, Hubbell & Co
Thetin T A
Tees James
Tillen A H
Templer Wm
Teppel J F
Tseren B F
Theriott Chas J
Terry Charles M
Terry & Taylor
Thurreb —
Tice Sidney
Tidball Col. Wm L
Triest & Friedlander
Tiffany Chas L
Tillman Peter
Tillson Wm C
Tinkham H B
Twimann John H
Tinsley Walter T
Tinson W H
Tisdall FitzGerald
Tristram Patrick
Titus C M
Toddy Joseph
Tomes Robert M J
Thomas Christian
Thomas J K
Thomas Peter
Thomas Wm
Thomas Wm V
Thomfl Thorn
TomlinsonEdward
Tomlinson G W
Tomlinson N E
Thomson D
Thomson Frank & Jacob
Thomson Daniel
Thomson George
Thomson Jno N
Thomson Roswell
Thomson Wm
Thomson, Clarke & Young
Thorn Joseph
Thorn Wm
Thorpe Bros
Torrey Jno E
Tosh John
Trotten Andrew R
Toulouse Frederic
Town C H
Tucker John
Tudor H E
Truman J L
Tumblety Dr.
Turk Alfred
Thurber James M
Turner Thos J
Turnbull U P
Thus John
Tuttle Charles
Tuttle Thos C
Tyler Gen. Dan
Tyler H L
Tyler James
Tyler Jno J

U

Utter Horace

V

Vache Thomas
Vaile C H
Vale G
Veasy Hiram
Viga J
Veron Geo K
Vickers Chas
Viet & Bro
Vincent C R
Vincent Jno H
Vogel Andrew
Vorce W S
Van Brun Thos H
Van Burgh H
Vanderbilt Capt. Geo
Vandenhoff George
Van Dorn Rev. L H
Vandusen D
Vaumann Henry
Van Norman Jas
Vantine —
Van Rensalier J C
Van Sickler, Ken & Forley

W

Wagner Chas
Wagner Gustave
Wagner Col G
Wakman L
Waithe Dr
Walshe Edward
Wallace Robert
Wallace Wm Hy
Wallace & Scofield
Walden John
WalkerCaptLewis
Walker Saml G
Walker Wm
Walker W B
Walker Wise & Co
Waley Joel R
Walbridge N
Walling EdwardP
Wallis Charles
Waldron John
Walcott Edward
Walbourn Joseph C
Ward Robert H
Ward Wm A
Ware Stephens & Co
Warren Gardner
Warren Michael
Warner Dr A
Wharton John A
Wasserchild J
Watts Wm E
Watts Given & Co
Watson J
Watson Wm F
Watmough R P
Wheaton Erastus
Webb Jno W
Webster HonDaniel
Webster W A
Wheelock John W
Wreford John
Weidman & Mead
WeickertFrederic, Houston-st
Weigel J M
Weilbacher P
Weinbaum Michl
Walsh Joseph
Walsh Richard
Wells Chas
Wells F C & M D
Watt Phillip
Wall Bros
Wertheim Jonas
West M D
Weston Thomas
Wetslar Joseph
Wetherbee H A
Wetheroth Wm
Wetmore H P
Wetmore H S
Wickham D C
Wiford —
Wright H
Wright D
Wright E J
Wright Geo W
Wright J J & Co
Wright Richard R
Wright Robert
Wiggins J
Wriley James
Willis John R
Willoughby J S
Willoughby J D
Wilbur Jas M
Wilbur T M
Williams Benjamin
Williams Chas W & Co
Williams Edward
Williams E A & Bro
Williams E S & Co
Williams Francis
Williams F D
Williams GeorgeA
Williams Henry
Williams J H
Williams Jas L
Williams Jno
Williams Jno
Williams Jos
Williams Robt
Williams Wm
Williams Winthrop D
Williams Wm S
Williams Brothers
Wilson Charles
Wilson Chas J
Wilson Geo
Wilson Henry
Wilson Henry D
Wilson Jerome
Wilson Wm
White A
White Frederic
White James
White Lewis R
White Brown & Co
Wing George
Winter A
Windship Saml B
Wise J J
Wister —
Whistler Edward
Whitney Capt
Whitney J H
Whiting W S
Whittemore T J
Wallbridge JohnC
Whiting George
Whitty Calvin
Wocker F
Wolf Christian
Wood H
Wood James
Wood Sylvester S
Woods W H
Woodman Torn & Co
Woodward Henry C
Woodward Thos L
Woodward Wm jr
Wooden Lee
Woodcock Frederic
Woodruff Wm F
Woodbury C
Woolman D H
Wooley C
Wooley Geo
Woolsey B F
Workman Henry
Wormsley Chas
Wyatt & Henlings

Y

Yale William L
Yanco Nicholas C
Yard Alex A
York Henry
Youmans Prof EL
Young C S
Young Geo
Young John
Young & Bro
Young C H
Yelby Jno jr
Yerbe J
Yeigler Carl
Yipps Henry O

French, Italian and Spanish Letters.

1—Arcoli Josephine
2—Acosta Ricardo T
3—Audibert A
4a—Bare A
4b—Brancher C
5—Bragimo Ramon Valerius
6a—Bernard Charles
6b—Bechtel P E
7—Bossel Euphosine
8—Bossange Hector
9—Euceba Ramon
10—Buginard Alphonse
11a—Bucher Arnould
11b—Brunnet Marie
12—Carra Dumfiri
13—Cappe Benj
14—Claerke H
15a—Cornillon P
16—De Thorn A
17—De Geoffroy —
18—Delescluse H
19—De Alun Guillermo
20—Dreyfuss R Suflerd
21—D'Oleire H
22—Du Verge Astyx
23—Du Verge L A Rathier
24—De Souza J P
25—Del Valle R P
26—Deferrari Agostino
27—De Tolstoy Alexander
28—De Urria Marquez de Valero
29—De Nunes Francisco Hernandez
30—Dezarnauld L
31—Dorget V
32—De Nobriva Severianno Dnousto
33—De Yrizarri Anto Jose
34a—De Andreis Blaise
34b—De Granjean Forrestier
35—Fraguda & Cia
36—Fourcade —
37—Fuentes Jesus
38—Garcia J Pastor
39—Geismar Henry
40—Gitto —
41—Gouders Joseph Tailleur
42—Gonzales Antonio C
43—Guerard Alexandre
44—Guilherme Joao
45—Grand Francisco y Carrens
46a—George Le Comte
46b—Juinet Directeur du Theatre Francais
47—Laumont Emile
48—Labruyere Jean
49—Laby Isaac
50—Lopez Peoro Nunez
51—Lovigg Lamberti
52—L'hospital Henry
53—Lopez Harmony y
54—Loning C E
55—Lions Ludovic
56—Margani Domenico
57—Monso (or Marso) Luis
58—Masi Leopoldine
59—Martinez A
60—Mestayer Paul
61—Molina Neandro
62—Minazzi Carlo
63—Moreau —
64—Mondon, libraire
65—Nates Ainzel
66—Nicol Fes B Broadway
67—O'Farrell Anna
68—Paez Jose Antonio
69—Pierini Francesco
70—Pinchon Madame
71—Ponsignon Jean Pierre
72—Rachicioli Antonio
73—Sanchez Manuel
74—Santrillon —
75—Sanguinetti Alessandro
76—Sandot Emilie
77—Thavon Leontine
78—Tournier Paul
79—Teremeyet Eugenie
80—Teilier Pere Rev
81—Trinon Martin F, Pearl-st
82—Torres Teresa
83—Verrolles H
84—Villar Jose M
85—Yrivley (or Yrrieley) Sofia Bruno

SHIP LETTERS REMAINING IN NEW-YORK POST-OFFICE, DEC. 8, 1864.

French, Italian and Spanish Ship Letters.

1—Bolante Bargantin
Jaime Piera Cap
El Contramestre del —
Pablo Cisa
2—Liberte ship
Cap Zephire Oullet
3—L Montesquieu navire
Capt Forcade
5—Principe Umberto fregate
Bernavino Tasso
4—Nereide Brick
N Cellegri

Ships' Crews' Letters.

A Heaton schr.
Mobeck M Payson
John Schwearse
J L Bogerts ship
Walter Davies
Thomas Ryan
Aurelia Priest bark
Capt Robt R Jones
Artisan ship
Capt Geo Pollard
Beedford ship
James Thompson
Belle Wood ship
John McKenna
Brilliant bark
Joseph Gemmel
B Young brig
Capt Wm S Gibson
Clara Brown brig
Capt Peter H Brown
Harris Fogg
Harry Moore
Charles Thomas sg
Thomas R Hand
Ceres brig
Charles Morris
Chesapeake brig
Capt Wilbert Newall
Chief shr
Maurice Ludlam
City of Brooklyn
Albert G Plummer
City of Montreal ship
Frank E Baker or S W Baker
City of Norwich str
Henry L Tracy
Congress ship
Jas Litchfield Cook
Constellation ship
George Henshaw
Cora brig
McMellin
Cuba brig
Capt John Mackie
Crusoe bark
Capt Briggs
Edith bark
Thomas Kimbley
Peter Carlson
Elizabeth Segar schr
Wm Hoyt
Eva H Fiske bark
Capt Moses Fisk
Exchange shr
Capt Geo R Sylvester
Fawn ship
John Paine
Harvest Queen ship
Edward Youngs
James Chester ship
Capt F C Bryan
J W Drisko schr
E K Bucknam
"John Cockrel"
Henry, second of
Kenilworth ship
John Davies
Liberty str
Joseph Nichols
Lindia bark
Wm Haman
London Swallow ship
Capt Moore
Lucy Church schr
Charles W Baskus
M A Gould schr
Smith Hopkins
Maggie Lester bark
Peter Lumsden
"Mary Sandford"
Fred Hammer
Melrose ship
Wm T Macomber
Merchant ship
Albert Lewis
"Miantinoma"
Wm Rainier
Mohican ship
James Willcock
Moro schr
Thomas Willard
Nicobar ship
Capt Wm Remmono
Panama str
Capt C Soule
Phebe schr
Thomas L Holt
Perit st sh
Robert Montgomery
Prince Albert str
Wm McCrackin
Robert & Alexander bark
H Maypee
Rosa schr
W H Riversmith
"Sallie Bonsall"
Geo C Vose
S R Spaulding str
Wm Johnson
Shattamuc ship
Mary A Mulholland
Shooting Star schr
Tylor Jordan
Thames ship
Arnold
Thames bark
J T Kennedy
Typhoon schr
Jno Stanley
Charles W Perry
Union schr
Capt J W Post
United States str
John Hanning
Vandalia Nortamtonton ship
James Dunn
Washington ship
Mathew Smith
Wild Hunter ship
Isaac W White
Wm Crawford schr
Benjamin F Smith
W P Phillips schr
Capt Samuel R Smith
Wm R Vangilder schr
Capt David Williams

Navy List.

Anderson A Ensign George
Bell Master Edmund
Butler James
U S R Str Vermont
Clapp A A Paym C W, U S Bark Gemsbock
Coffin A Mast Peter F
Cooney Thos, U S Rec S N Carolina
Demetrius Marco Thos, U S Corvette Constellation
Fullerton Jno, U S Lancaster
Hart A A Paym Edwin M
Huston Robert, U S Str Admiral
Kennedy James, U S Frigate Potomac
Lewis A A Surgeon Wm B, U S Str Monoghocla
Lux Frederick, U S Rec Str Vermont
Maxwell Dr Chas D Surgeon
Magawin Nathan T, U S Naval Hosp
Morris George, U S Gunb Pembina
McKay Wm, U S Sloop Pensacola
Nielson John, U S Str Augusta
Pindell Dr W Nick
Rowe Joshua N, Act Master U S Sloop-of-war St Louis
Rouland Lt John H
Sands A A Paym Lewis
Spencer Joseph, late U S Gunb Pembina
Stevenson A A Paym John N, U S Str Pensecola
Schmidt, Joh George, U S S Florida
Tobin Thomas, U S Rec S Vermont
Van Horn Williams, Pilot U S S Augusta

Letters Returned from Naval Hospital.

Antoine Charles
Bolton Jno H
Crocker Geo C
Davenport Geo
Dobar Thomas
Downy John
Duval James
Flake Geo E
Fisher Albert H
Green William
Hatt James
Hayden Charles
Hogan Thomas
Hught James
Jackson Melvin F
Johnson Enoch P
Kelly Geo F
Kelly William
Kenny Abel C
Lynch —
Lynch Martin
Mullin P
McGinnis Fergus
Nicholson Levi
Smith Wm J
Strong R L
Van Velsor Edward
Willet Thomas
Williams Edward W
Wool Geo P

Army List.

Ansenan Jacob 6th N Y H Arty
Benson Major
Bistoff Corp Gustav, U S Gen Hosp
Brown Wm, Co I, 24th N Y Cav
Bulkley Capt C S
Castle Col E H
Cheney Alonzo J
Clifford Patrick, Battery C, 3d Regt R I Arty
Dorman Payen Q M
Egan Gen Thos W
Farrell Capt J F, Co H, 5th Regt Artillery N Y V
Fardella Col E; commanding 85th Regt N Y V
Fitch Dr, late Surgeon 29th Regt N Y V
Flynn John, Co D, 99th Regt N Y Vols
Guenzel Th, Drum Major 96th Regt N S M
Hall James K, 3d N Y Arty, Co G
Harny Lieut Robt, 131st N Y V
Kennedy James, Co D (recruit)
Lyon Capt D E, A A Q M Dept R of D
Mallon Henry, Co A, 2d N Y Harris Light
Maggi Lieut Col, 39t N Y V
Miller A B
Miller Chas D, N Hosp
Miller James 57th N Y V
Mitchell Capt Robt, late 128th Regt N Y V
Morrison Lieut Henry, A R Q M 99th N Y V
Murray Lieut-Col Ed, 5th N Y H Arty
McCarthy Sergt Daniel, Co H, 4th U S Arty
McIntyre Capt S B, C S Vols
Patrick Capt Fich, Co H, 139th, 18th Army Corps
Rosencrans O L, 28th Battery N Y V Lt Arty
Swartwout Robt U S A Gen Hosp
Selden Corp J H U S Gen Hosp
Sickles John Henry, 20th Regt, Co H
Simpksions Lieut E, 40th N Y Vols
Smith James, Co D, 18th U S Infy
Schoreck Capt Chs, N Y V
Thompson Charles B, 20th N Y Battery
Waterbury Robt L, Surg'n 93d Regt N G S N L
Wolff Christian, Sergt of Co K, 175th Regt

Letters Returned From Governor's Island.

Amorth John
Betts Mrs James
Bryant Enoch
Cribbins Wm
Cook James
Duffy John
Eelles Ephraim
Everett Peter
Fuller Isaac
Gardner Geo H
Gilroy Martin
Lafien V B
Lusk Patrick
Melues Jacob H
Moody Benj A
McKenney James
Norton John
Pitcher William
Reynolds Thos
Roose Mathias
Sheaffe Ephraim G
Street Henry
Stewart Jno W
Thompson Chas B
Wadleigh Jno G
Weller Hamilton
Winn Hugh

Miscellaneous Letters.

American Artist Union
American Fur Co
American Oil Mining Co Secty of
American Patent Agency
American Petroleum Oil Co Secty of
American Publication Society
American Sewing Machine Co
Aster Burning Spring, West Va, Pres or Secty of
Atlantic Oil Co Secty of
Bh and Loan Co
Blood Farm Co Pres of
Beekman Oil Co Secty of
Bergen Oil and Coal Co Secty of
Bucanan Oil and Retifying Co Secty of
Burning Spring, West Va, Oil Co Secty of
Central Oil Co Secty of
Clerks Registry Office
Cunningham,s Easter Carriage Manufactory
"Chr Messenger"
Eagle Square Co
Executor or Administrator of the Estate of Com Dekay
Fancy Dyeing Establishment, 5 and 7 B'way
Hudson River Cement Co
Independent Comb Co
Jewish Messenger
Merchants Clerks' Agency
Mordant Gold Pen Manufactory
Nassau Iron and Steel Co
New-Orleans R R Co
N Y Citizens
N Y Dental Journal
N Y Journal of Medicine
N Y Novellette
North American Oil Co Secty of
Oceanic Oil Co Secty of
Oil Creek Co Secty of
Sexton of Church corner of 6th-av. and 14th-st.
Union Soap Works
Washington Iron Works
Weekly Art Journal

Letters Remaining at Station M, Dec. 9.

Abbot Maria
Baney Mary
Bodine E A
Brogan Mary
Cole N
Bryan F H
Bentley J
Buckley Daniel
Brower Mrs
Davis J L
Eakins Maria
Elliot Jared L
Enwright M J
Forsyth Elizabeth
Flyder Ann
Gilbert G A
Husted Julia
Hanery Patrick
Lynch Maria
Lamond Margaret
Lane Mrs Malby
McAvoy Joseph
Mitchell C W
McMahon Mary
Meyer Adolph
McManus Bernard
Price Mrs Henrietta
Price Mrs Emma
Russ Mrs J D
Rowland Sarah A —8
Robinson Mary A
Stack Bridget
Story H H
Timson R H
Wilmington Richard
White E

List of Letters Uncalled for at Station K, Manhattanville, Dec. 10, 1864.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Bailey W S Rev
Bride Geo
Duffey John
Doyle Dominick
Ellsworth John
Fenton Chas
Giffon James
Illingworth John
Johnston Wm
Lumb E
Mirth James
Mcclare Michael
Osborne W W
Weed Christopher
Wicks Wm
WilliamsG Stephen

LADIES' LIST.

Bergen Bridget
Quiligan Mary
Conway Katty
Conway Kate
Davison Mrs
Glennan Maggie
Hurd A M
Leak W G
Mitchell Mrs
Seligman Fanny

JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Ariel, from New-Orleans—Mr. and Mrs. Deagle, nurse and children, Mr. De Channal, Mr. Gusman, Mrs. and Miss Penwaer, H. H. Stone, C. F. Harris, Miss Else Mulford. From Havana—Adolph Arnold, Isaac Arnold, E. Bach, H. J. Dennis, L. Dexter, M. Durand, Adam Joseph, Jean M. Lorende, H. Levison, Rev. J. A. O. Harramus, Paris; M. von Heppell, B. Rewhardt, Wm. Starke, Manuel Rivena, E. Teah, Chas. F. Williams.

Dec. 9—*In steamship Caledonia, from Glasgow*—E. B. Bright, Thos. Thompson, Edward Peele, Wm. McBride, John McBride, Alex. Nelson, D. Smart, P. G. Labbee, F. McKean.

In schr. Mary Harris, from Nassau—C. McDonald, F. Boyd, J. Harrison, D. F. Gleason.

In schr. Vigitant, from Nassau—D. Colquhoun, R. Newton, J. H. Hermans, C. Postley.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises.... 7 13 | Sun sets...... 4 33 | Moon sets.. 3 04
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook. 3 48 | Gov. Island.. 4 37 | Hell Gate.. 5 59

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, Dec. 8.

Cleared.

Steamers Fairchild, Trout, Philadelphia, J. & N. Briggs; F. W. Bruno, Foster, Baltimore.

Ships Adler, (Russ.,) Wenke, Bremen, Unkart & Co.; E. C. Scranton, Williams, Liverpool, Lawrence, Giles & Co.

Barks W. Murtagh, Staas, Camden; Mathilde, (Br.,) ——, Baltimore; Mary Campbell, Campbell, Camden; Mary Lucretia, Borven, Cadiz, J. T. B. Maxwell; St. James, (Br.,) Moss, Ciudad Bolivar, Harbecks & Co.; Return, (Br.,) Killam, London, Boyd & Hincken; Eliza Young, (Br.,) Hatfield, Havre, Boyd & Hincken; Prince Oscar, (Swed.,) Olury, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Cartolla, (Br.,) Wilkins, Buenos Ayres, Dallett & Bliss.

Brigs Arcturus, (Br.,) Stiles, St. John, N. B., P. I. Nevius & Son; H. Gilbert, (Br.,) Hill, Halifax, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Emma, (Br.,) Howe, Havana, W. W. Russell Bro. & Co.

Schooners Caroline C., Pomeroy, Boston, J. W. McKee; Liverpool, (Br.,) Albury, Dunmore, J. W. Albury; Star, (Br.,) Dagle, St. John, N. F., C. B. Swain; Ellicott, Duncan, Philadelphia, Metcalf & Duncan; J. L. Geraty, Deary, Boston, Thompson & Hunter; C. L. Scull, Scull, Virginia, T. G. Benton's Sons; Ocean Bird, Conley, Baltimore, Bentley, Smith & Co.; Rio Grande, Nelson, Baltimore, T. A. R. Webster & Co.; C. Lawson, Snow, New-Haven; Annie, (Br.,) Dixon, Gandaloupe, H. A. Vatable & Son; Reno, Lambert, Philadelphia, F. Talbot & Co.; Belle, (Br.,) Wood, St. Pierre, Mart., H. A. Vatable & Co.

Arrived.

Steamship Caledonia, (Br.,) Craig, Glasgow Nov. 19, with mdse. and 153 passengers to F. Macdonald. Experienced heavy westerly gales, with squalls and heavy head sea, all the passage. Had 3 deaths, (children.)

Steamship Ariel, Russell, New-Orleans Nov. 29, at 8 A. M., and Havana 3d inst., at 8 A. M., with mdse. and passengers to D. B. Allen. Has 3,000 packages of freight.

U. S. steam transport Cumbria, Marshman, Washington 48 hours, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. steam transport Trade Wind, Babbidge, Hilton Head, S. C., 3d inst., in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Brig Onesiphorus, (of St. John, N. B.,) Card, Antwerp Aug. 30, via Portland, 78 ds., with mdse. to Edmiston Bros. Oct. 23, lat. 23, lon. 35, in a hurricane from westward, sprung both topmasts, broke main cap and sprung head of mainmast and maintopsail-yard; split foretopsail, and received severe injury to the lower rigging and back-stays, and was obliged to throw part of the cargo overboard to save the vessel.

Brig Musca, (Oldenb.,) Oldmann, Rio Janeiro 50 ds., with coffee to order. Came to this port for orders.

Brig Asia, (of Burncoat, N. S.,) Gandin, Matamoras 22 ds., with cotton to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Brig Undine, (of Barbados,) Willson, Sisal 15 ds., with cotton, hemp, etc., to master. Left no vessels.

Brig Eleanor, (Swed.,) Brockmann, Penang Aug. 21, passed Cape of Good Hope Sept. 25, St. Helena Oct. 15, with coffee, sugar, etc., to order.

Brig Forest, Strout, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Vigilant, (of Nassau,) Wicks, Nassau 9 ds., with cotton and rags to R. E. Hutchinson & Co.

Schr. Sarah A. Hammond, Paine, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Mary Harris, (of Nassau, N. P.,) Gaskill, Nassau 11 ds., with cotton, etc., to Montell & Bartow.

Schr. J. G. Huntington, Hinckley, Boston, for Poughkeepsie.

Schr. Bramnall, Vicker, Portland 7 ds., with heading to master.

Schr. Alcora, Foster, Machias 5 ds., with laths to Thos. Mayhew.

Schr. Caroline Knight, Fanning, Calais 8 ds., with lumber to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. Shooting Star, Marshall, Calais 10 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr. Wm. Crawford, Higgins, Portland 7 ds., with lumber to C. & E. J. Peters.

Schr. Charles Dennis, Nichols, Boston, for Fortress Monroe.

Schr. Exchange, Sylvester, Gloucester, for Baltimore.

Schr. Francis, Connell, New-Haven.

Schr. Wm. Arthur, Loring, New-Haven.

Schr. John Jones, Ward, Norwich.

Schr. Harriet Lewis, Taylor, Providence.

Schr. Hampton Belle, ——, Hampton, for Baltimore.

Schr. Isabel Blake, Jones, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Pauline, Freeman, Wellfleet, with fish.

Schr. Emeline Haight, ——, Provincetown, with fish.

Schr. Benj. Brown, Carr, Providence, in ballast.

Schr. Romp, ——, Jonesport, with spars to master.

Schr. P. L. Smith, Strout, Elizabethport, for Boston.

WIND—Sunset, W. N. W., fresh.

SAILED—This morning, from Quarantine, ship Belle Wood.

Below.

Ship Eastward Ho, from Siam. Is anchored on the bar, and will probably tow up to-day, (9th.)

Spoken, &c.

Concord—brig, from Philadelphia for Beaufort, N. C., Dec. 2, off Cape Hatteras.

Golita Juan—Span. brig, from Liverpool for Cardenas, Nov. 7, lat. 20, lon. 50.

Santa Anna—Span. brig, from Antwerp for Havana, Nov. 9, lat. 19 30, lon. 53.

Tubal Cain—brig, bound W., Nov. 26, off Double-headed Shot Key.

Theodore—ship, from Matamoras for Liverpool, Nov. 29, lat. 29 56, lon. 79 40.

Vesta—U. S. bark, bound to Key West, Nov. 24, lat. 24, lon. 82 10.

MILLINERY.

M. T. HIGGINS,
MAMMOTH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.
AND
NEW BONNET ROOM,
NEW BONNET ROOM,
THE LARGEST IN THE CITY.
No. 126 SIXTH-AV., (two doors from 10th-st.)
ELEGANT VELVET BONNETS FOR 12 DOLLARS,
ELEGANT VELVET BONNETS FOR 15 DOLLARS,
ELEGANT VELVET BONNETS FOR 20 DOLLARS,
ELEGANT VELVET BONNETS FOR 25 DOLLARS,
CHILDREN'S TRIMMED JOCKEYS AND TURBANS,
CHILDREN'S TRIMMED JOCKEYS AND TURBANS.
THE LARGEST VARIETY IN THE CITY,
ALL SIZES, SHAPES AND STYLES,
FROM FIVE DOLLARS EACH UPWARD,
M. T. HIGGINS'
MAMMOTH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 126 6th-av., two doors from 10th-st.

CHILDREN'S HATS AND LADIES' BONNETS, at L. BINNS' millinery, No. 577 Broadway, opposite Niblo's Theatre. Prices reduced one-third this week. Black velvet bonnets, and all kinds of jockey hats. Old bonnets made fashionable. Ribbons; feathers.

ALL THIS WEEK—GREAT REDUCTION IN prices. The entire stock of Fall and Winter millinery will be sold regardless of cost of importation. Also, Jockey and Turban Hats, at SIMMONS', 637 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

CURTAIN MATERIALS.
FURNITURE COVERINGS.
REDUCED PRICES.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
369 BROADWAY,
Are now offering their SPLENDID STOCK of Goods at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, and invite parties furnishing Houses to an examination of the same.
A LARGE STOCK OF
TABLE AND PIANO COVERS,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

CARPET WARRHOUSE,
No. 456 Broadway, near Grand-st.
We are offering our entire stock of
ROYAL AXMINSTER,
ENGLISH VELVET,
BRUSSELS
TAPESTRY,
THREE-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETING,
At much less than cost of importation or manufacturing.
SMITH & LOUNSBURY.

AMERICAN
SPOOL COTTON.
PORTSMOUTH SPOOL COTTON,
the only six-cord cotton manufactured in America.
Warranted equal in every respect to any foreign make.
For sale by FRIEND PITTS,
No. 769 Broadway, corner 9th-st.,
New-York.

DAMASK CLOTHS
AND
NAPKINS,
to match all the different sizes, suitable for "Dinners" and "Suppers," of the best qualities and the newest patterns. Also Doylies, Lunch Cloths and Napkins, Chocolate Napkins, fine Bed Linens and Towels, in great variety, just opened for the coming Holidays. Persons wishing to make presents in the above line of goods, will find it to their advantage to examine our stock.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

LACE CURTAINS,
New designs, just received.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

BEADS! BEADS!! BEADS!!!
AND FANCY GOODS.
M. P. BROWN, Importer,
No. 186 Pearl-st., New-York.

FLOOR LINENS,
All widths, suitable for dancing cloths, made and put down, if required.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

NOTICE, NOTIZ, AVIS, NOTICIA.
NO. 858. INDIA GOODS. NO. 858.
Foreign merchandise in the greatest variety, very appropriate presents, especially for the approaching
HOLIDAYS,
for Americans, Europeans and Cubans, at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
This stock comprises curiosities, novelties, and useful and fashionable articles, calculated to please sensible people, antiquarians, virtuoso and others, who are welcome to inspect for themselves this most peculiar assortment of goods that is to be found.
FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE, EIGHT FIFTY EIGHT (858) BROADWAY.
Just opened, unique French fans at every price; Chinese ditto; Indian Bird fans; Shaker fancy work and American Indian articles. INDIA GOODS sold on commission, or purchased for cash.
A Catalogue can be procured at the store or per mail.

GLOVES, GLOVES, GLOVES.—KID, CLOTH and fleecy-line in great variety. Also, Ladies' and Misses' Merino Vests and Drawers, Winter Hosiery, Mittens, Leggins, Hoods, Sontags, Scarfs, Saxons, Yarn, &c., &c., at low prices. N. B.—Ladies' Undressed Kids, at ELGER'S cheap store, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

DRY GOODS.

PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.
Will offer on MONDAY, Dec 5, their large and finely assorted stock of
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS,
To which they have just received large additions of the newest and richest styles in tapestry, velvet, embroidered, printed and damask, suitable for the approaching holidays.

HOLIDAY GIFTS.
We shall offer, at greatly reduced prices, on MONDAY, Dec. 5, our large stock of
CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS,
Consisting of all sizes ladies', gent's and children's tape-bordered, hemstitched, printed and embroidered, and of the newest and best styles, in great variety.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE SALEM LEG,
UNDER THE PATRONAGE
OF THE
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
This is the leg which is steadily supplanting the many "best legs in the world."
The reasons for this may be learned from "CIRCULAR NO. 5," just issued, which DESCRIBES the leg, sets forth its ADVANTAGES, and contains TESTIMONIALS and all other needful information.
Soldiers entitled to a government leg can receive the Salem Leg WITHOUT CHARGE. Address
SALEM LEG CO., Salem, Mass.

REYNOLDS TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

WATER POWER WANTED.
Parties having water power for sale or to rent will please furnish description of same to TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway.

WATER-POWERS FOR SALE.
TO CAPITALISTS AND MANUFACTURERS.
We have lists of a great number of water-powers of both large and small capacity, some of them near this city. Persons in want of such property will find it to their interest to call.
Engineers skilled in making plans and estimates for buildings and machinery will be furnished when required. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, 170 Broadway.

TO MANUFACTURERS.
A very valuable and extensive water power in this State is now offered to the public. Stream never less than 3,000 horse power. Water beautifully clear, mostly from springs. Railroad communication with this city. Land lies convenient for mills and tenements. Prices low.
Cash advances in some cases made to aid in construction of buildings.
Apply at the office of TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway.

HENRY'S HEALTH PILLS.
ARE UNEQUALED FOR THE CURE OF
Headache, dizziness, nausea, biliousness, constipation, pains in the side and back, dyspepsia, pale or yellow skin, dimness of sight, and spots before the eyes, pimples on the face and all cutaneous eruptions, chills and fever, bad breath, erysipelas, and all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. THEY ARE USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE FIRST PHYSICIANS IN NEW-YORK AND ELSEWHERE, and are constantly growing in favor.
ALSO,
Henry's Excelsior Liniment, superior to all others.
Sold by all first-class druggists.

CARSON'S
SCOTCH PATENT
SILVER CLEANING POWDER,
IS THE BEST IN USE.
For sale at Druggists, Grocers, and House-furnishing Stores. Wholesale, by
D. S. BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row.
WM. PARVIN, No. 1,204 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
O. TOMPKINS, No. 271 Washington-st., Boston.
CASWELL, MACK & CO., Thames-st., Newport, R. I.

MARBLE MANTELS.
The best place in the city to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at
MARTIN OLSEN'S
MANTEL MANUFACTORY,
No. 326 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn Long Island, N. Y.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS

SEWING MACHINES.
All the best Sewing-machines, (NEW,) for SALE and to RENT. Also, Machines bought, exchanged and repaired. P. H. DIAMOND, No. 539 Broadway, N. Y.

SHODDY, SHODDY, SHODDY.
11,000 pounds dark blue army cuttings for sale, by A. P. HARD, wholesale paper dealer, No. 44 Beekman-st.

COTTON PLANTATIONS—THE ADVERTISER was interested in working a Plantation this year under the free labor system, which has proved a success, and will leave in a few days for a crop next year; additional capital would be acceptable. Several most respectable merchants are interested. For information address Box No. 586 Post Office, New-York.

AT NO. 240 7TH-AV., A GREAT DEMAND FOR CLOTHING.—Ladies and gentlemen having any cast-off clothing, furniture, carpets, &c., will receive the highest price by calling on, or addressing Mr. or Mrs. H. COH.

CASH PAID FOR RAGS AND OLD METALS.—White rags 11 cents per pound; colors and woolens, 4 cents per pound; books and newspapers, 9 cents per pound; old brass, 25 cents per pound; copper and pewter, 35 cents per pound; lead, 10 cents per pound; at No. 15 New-Bowery, corner of Roosevelt-st.

MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS OF ALL KINDS. Priced catalogues sent gratis by
JAMES W. QUEEN & CO.,
No. 924 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

STEREOPTICONS AND MAGIC LANTERNS.—Priced catalogues sent gratis, by
JAMES W. QUEEN & CO.,
No. 924 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

9 CENTS A POUND PAID FOR OLD newspapers and old books. 11 cents a pound paid for white rags, 4 cents a pound for colored and woolen rags, at No. 23 Elm-st.

WILLIAMS & STEVENS, BROADWAY, offer for a short time a rare Flemish fruit-piece for $100. It would make a beautiful Holiday Present. Connoisseurs are invited to call and examine it.

TO FARMERS.—A QUANTITY OF CHARCOAL will be sold cheap, if removed immediately from the lumber-yard No. 392 Washington-st.

DAMAGED FLOUR, MEAL AND BRAN.—200 bbls. suitable for family use; also a large lot of flour, wheat and bran suitable for feed, &c., for sale at No. 17 Albany-st., New-York city.

SHEET-IRON.—"ALAN WOOD & CO'S." BEST "A" Patent Polished Imitation Russia Sheet-iron, for sale by A. A. THOMSON & CO., at Nos. 215 and 228 Water-st.

TIN PLATES.—CHARCOAL AND COKE TIN and terne plates for sale at the lowest market rates by A. A. THOMPSON & CO., Nos. 215 and 228 Water-st.

RUSSIA SHEET IRON—ASSORTED NUMBERS for sale by A. A. THOMSON & Co., Nos 215 and 228 Water-st.

SHEET-IRON.—COMMON "R G." AND BEST Philadelphia charcoal refined iron for sale by A. A. THOMSON & CO., Nos. 215 and 228 Water-st.

GALVANIZED SHEET IRON.—NOS. 12 TO 29, assorted widths and lengths, for sale by A. A. THOMSON & CO., Nos. 215 and 228 Water-st.

SHOW CASES AT LOW PRICES.—SILVER-plated, white metal, black walnut, &c. All kinds in stock. Old show cases taken in exchange.
HOFFMAN & FERSH, No. 132 Chatham-

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER; no incumbrance; understands well the management of servants, and bringing up youth in Christian principles; also, can cut and fit, and embroider. A pleasant home more desired than high salary. References exchanged. Address M. C., Box 116 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT, INdustrious girl, to do cooking, washing or ironing, or general housework; is a capable, economical and respectable servant, a superior washer and ironer, and highly recommended. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic st., Brooklyn. City or country.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG PERson, a Protestant, a situation as seamstress, or to wait on a lady, or would take care of one or two children; competent to instruct them, if required; good city reference. Apply for two days, at No. 196 3d-av., between 18th and 19th sts., in the fancy-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH woman as nurse and seamstress, or nurse and chambermaid; in fact could fill almost any situation; she can take entire charge of a baby, and has excellent city reference. Apply for two days, until one o'clock, at No. 19 East 37th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROFESSED French cook or housekeeper, by a woman, who cannot be excelled in serving dinners in the first style, having lived in the first families for a number of years. Call at No. 181 East 17th-st., this week.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUAtion as cook in a private family; is willing to assist in the washing; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; has the best of city reference. Can be seen at No. 248 9th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as nurse and seamstress, and is capable of taking charge of an infant from its birth; best of city reference given. Can be seen at her present employers, No. 67 East 17th-st., from 9 till 12.

WANTED—A SITUATION, IN CITY OR COUNtry, by a respectable and well-recommended young woman as laundress and chambermaid, or as waitress; would do housework; salary no object. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO PLAIN COOKing, and assist with the washing and ironing; has lived between four and five years in her last place. Call at No. 84 West 19th-st.; has no objection to go a short distance in the country.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; she understands soups, meats, pastrys and desserts; is an English Protestant; has the best of city reference. Call at No. 113 West 15th-st., near 6th-av., rear house.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT cook, a situation in a gentleman's family; she perfectly understands her business in all its branches. Best city reference. Can be seen at No. 13 Union-court, New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH girl, a situation as nurse and seamstress and lady's maid, and wait on an invalid; seven years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 205 East 19th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE GIRL, a situation to do general housework, or cook, wash and iron; is very kind and obliging, and has the best of city references. Call at No. 1,283 Broadway, between 33d and 34th sts., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A VERY RESpectable young lady, in some dry goods or fancy goods store, as saleswoman; has the highest references and is eminently adapted for that business. Address No. 23 Chatham-st., Room No. 3, three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as laundress; understands her business thoroughly; also French fluting; has lived in the first families, to whom she can refer. Call at No. 117 West 26th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT ENGlish girl, a situation as plain cook, washer and ironer, or to do the general housework in a private family; no objection to go to the country. Call at No. 126 Clinton-place, near 6th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman, in city or country; is an excellent washer and ironer; a good cook and baker; would do housework. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A very capable person; wishes the charge of an infant or grown children, and do plain sewing; has good city references. Call at No. 392 3d-av., near 30th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW WOman, that has got no family, gentlemen's or family washing, and French fluting, if required. Apply at No. 192 East 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITnation to do cooking, washing and ironing in a small private family; best of city reference. Call for two days at No. 35 East 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS and chambermaid by an experienced woman; has the best city reference. Apply to No. 227 East 18th-st., where she can be seen until suited.

WANTED—THE WASHING AND IRONING OF a family or single gentlemen; will be done in style, by a respectable woman well recommended. Inquire at No. 7 West 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as cook, washer and ironer; good city reference. Call at No. 89 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT, TIDY WOMAN, a situation as cook in all its branches—meats, poultry, game and soups; assists with the washing; an excellent baker; wages $10. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A NEAT PROTESTANT GIRL OF 16, a situation as children's nurse; or would do chamberwork and wait on a lady; wages $5. Call at or address No. 192 East 21st st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced cook and good baker, and would assist in the washing and ironing; best of city reference. Call at No. 184 7th-av., between 22d and 23d sts., up stairs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook; none but a small private family need apply; the best of city reference. Call at No. 13 27th-st., near Madison-av.

WANTED—BY A TAILORESS, WORK BY THE day, to cut and make boys' clothes; also, cloaks, basques, &c. MRS. L. WISE, No. 151 East 18th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, families' washing, (gentlemen's preferred;) can give the best of city references as to character and capabilities. Apply at No. 326 East 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A STEADY ENGLISH PROTESTant woman a situation as first-class cook; good city reference; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 133 West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as first-class cook in a private family; has the best of city references from her last place. Apply at 169 East 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as laundress and chambermaid; has excellent city reference; can be seen for two days at No. 13 East 18th-st., near Broadway.

FAMILIES OR EMPLOYERS WHO DESIRE any service, except housework, which can be performed by women, are invited to send notice of their wants to the office of the Working Women's Protective Union, No. 13 Chambers-st., and thus benefit a large number of worthy and industrious women; many of whom are soldier's relatives, who need employment to support themselves and dependent families.

FAMILIES, HOTELS AND BOARDING-HOUSES promptly supplied with female help of all nations, who are competent to do the different branches of housework; also, coachmen, gardeners, farm hands, porters, waiters, servants, &c. Apply at Employment House, corner 6th-av. and 11th st.

ALL FREE OF CHARGE.—GOOD SERVANTS can be procured, free of any charge, at the Private Servants' Institute, No. 103 West 36th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway. J. E. WEIR, proprietor.

HOUSEKEEPER AND GOVERNESS.—A young American widow lady, of refinement and high social standing, desires an engagement as housekeeper or children's governess. Address Mrs. C. L. ARNOT, Middletown, Conn.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY A young single man; is perfectly acquainted with the care and management of green-houses, graperies, (both hot and cold,) as well as flowers and vegetables; has first-class city references. Address MORRIS WHITE, at Young & Elliott's seed-store, No. 9 John-st., or Morrisania Post-office.

WANTED—AS COACHMAN A SITUATION BY A single young man in a private family, who thoroughly understands his business; can show the highest of city references from families that he has lived with in this city. Can be seen at Mr. CAMPBELL'S saddlery No. 50 4th-av., or address a note for P. M., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man; is master of his business; has long reference in the city; has lived five years in his last place; can drive four if required; will be found sober and obliging; first-class reference. Call at No. 7 East 28th-st., or address N., Box No. 196 *Times* Office, until engaged.

WANTED—BY AN ACTIVE, INTELLIGENT SINgle man, (English,) a situation as coachman; can tend garden, cow, &c., if required; never used tobacco, &c.; a good, quiet place desired; ten years' good reference given. Call or address M. G., No. 9 City Hall-square, New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SOBER steady man, as collector or conductor on city railroad car, or light porter; will deposit with his employer $1,000 for the faithful discharge of the duty imposed upon him. Address, for two days, BILL, No. 409 Grand-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family, by a respectable man; understands his business and has good city reference. Call at No. 952 Broadway, between 22d and 23d sts., in the book stationery store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SWISS COACHman and useful man; a young man who speaks German, French and English, wishes a situation as coachman, porter, &c. Apply at the German Servant's Institute, No. 5 Clinton Hall, Astor-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom; understands the proper care of horses and carriages; can milk; country preferred; best of reference from last and former places. Address P. F., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT single man as groom and coachman in city or country; he fully understands it in every respect; has the very best of reference. Address COACHMAN, No. 125 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman; understands his business thoroughly; good reference can be given. Address J. W. C., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A young man just arrived from Denmark, has a thorough knowledge of the care of horses. Call or address No. 126 East 32d-st., for two days.

HELP WANTED.

FREIGHT CONDUCTORS AND BRAKEMEN WANTED.
The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company want a number of experienced railroad men to run upon its numerous freight trains, on its five several divisions between Baltimore and Wheeling and Parkersburgh. The best wages will be paid and regular employment given to such men as will report to either of the following agents, who are authorized to take them on duty:
A. J. FAIRBANK, Agent First Division, Mount Clara Station, Baltimore City, Md.
D. DARBY, Agent Second Division, Martinsburgh, one hundred miles from Baltimore.
J. F. WALL, Agent Third Division, Piedmont.
W. CARR, Agent at Grafton for the Parkersburgh road; and
J. B. FORD, Agent at Wheeling for the Fourth Division.
BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 8, 1864.
W. P. SMITH, Master of Transportation.

WANTED—A FARM MANAGER. A MAN IS wanted who can properly attend to the management of a small farm and gentleman's residence, within 30 miles of this city. He must be without children and not lately married. Irishmen need not apply. Best recommendations required. Address, "Cobbett Farm, Post-office, New-York City."

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FIRST-CLASS salesmen, for the Fancy-goods and Notion business, in an old-established house, about moving into Broadway; they must have a good trade of their own, and none others need apply; with parties who can answer to above liberal terms will be made. Address Box No. 1,522 Post-office.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT ERRAND BOY, about 13 years old, in an office; must write a good hand; situation permanent. Address, in own handwriting, Box No. 4,036 City Post-office. Wages $2 50 per week.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A FEW GOOD PENMEN. ADDRESS with references, (inclosing $1 to pay for advertisement, which will be returned if not accepted,) HENRY B., Station D, Bible House.

WANTED—BY A WHOLESALE CLOTHING house, a first-class salesman, used to the business, and who can influence a good trade. Address Box 1,069 Post-office.

WANTED—A MIDDLE-AGED COLORED COACHman; none but with the best references need apply, at No. 56 Exchange-place, Rooms Nos. 1 and 2, 10 till 3.

WANTED—A MAN ON A PLACE AT FLUSHing, to make himself generally useful; horse, cow; gardener preferred. R. C. EMBREE, No. 54 William-st.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR GOOD HOSIERY salesmen. BENNETT & VAIL, No. 336 Broadway.

TO CLOAK AND SHAWL MEN.—WANTED, to take charge of an established cloak and shawl department, with every facility for a first-class business, a man thoroughly qualified by practical experience. To such, a liberal engagement will be offered. Address, with name and reference, Box No. 2,001 New-York Post-office.

CLOCK MAKER WANTED—A COMPETENT man, who thoroughly understands his business, to take charge of the French clock department of a large importing house. Address Box No. 1,374 New-York Post-office.

PORTER WANTED.—WANTED AN INTELligent, able porter, American, in a dry-goods commission house, at a liberal compensation. Address, in handwriting of applicant, with references, M., Box No. 4,616 Post-office, New-York.

A BOY WANTED—OF GOOD CHARACTER and respectability, residing with his parents, in an office. Address Box No. 3,198 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE.

OIL WELLS AND OIL LANDS,
For sale by S. COCKCROFT,
No. 165 Broadway.

CENTRAL PARK LOTS.
A number of lots on the east and west sides of the Central Park, beautifully located. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., Auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—OIL CREEK TERRITORY—A FREE or royalty interest in one of the most valuable tracts of OIL LAND on OIL CREEK, VENANGO COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA. It lies at the junction of OIL CREEK and CHERRY RUN and covers about 100 acres of ground, upon which are numerous leases with over 60 wells thereon, either producing, or in progress, and nearly finished. The lessees are daily beginning other wells on sites yet unoccupied, as there is room for one hundred additional wells. Those in use are both flowing and pumping wells, one of which has reached one thousand barrels per day. The working interest of one of the new wells sold last week among the operatives themselves at the rate of $128,000 for the well, and three acres reserved by the original owner for his residence sold also at the rate of $700,000. Such an opportunity, it is believed, has not been recently offered and would make a producing basis of such value as to afford an immense capital. Apply to C. B. DUNGAN,
No. 436 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—TIMBER LOT OF 674 ACRES.—ONE of the most valuable timber lots in this State, within 3¾ miles of canal and railroad, near the head of Seneca Lake; easy of access, and surrounded by highly improved farms, worth from $50 to $60 per acre. The land is heavily timbered, and is of better soil and surface than any other similar body in the State. The property has on it a steam saw mill and shingle machine in running order, four dwellings and two barns. Title perfect; price $50 per acre. Very favorable terms will be made with a party who desires to lumber it, or it will be exchanged in part for other first-class property near New-York, or for well located Western lands at cash prices. W. L. BARNES, No. 362 Broadway, third floor, rear.

COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.
One with 200 acres, an elegant place.
One with 18 acres, fine house.
One with 20 acres, good house.
One with 3¾ acres, large house.
One with 2 acres, new house.
One with 9 acres, large house.
All the above places have an abundance of fruit and shade, and some of them water and gas.
S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A LARGE IRON FOUNDRY AND machine-shop, situate about 70 miles from this city on the line of a railroad; established over thirty years; doing a large business; has a stock of patterns costing over $30,000; stock of raw material and manufactured goods on hand worth from $10,000 to $15,000; lathes, tools, &c., worth $10,000, beside the real estate, buildings, &c. Price for the whole, $50,000. Address W. J., Box No. 2,819 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—SEVEN THREE-STORY BASEment and under-cellar brown-stone front houses, in 54th-st., near Lexington-av., will be sold separately or together; if together, at a great bargain, to close an undivided interest. The houses are just finished. Possession immediately. Size 18x45; lot 100 feet. Apply to WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF THIRTY-FIVE ACRES, in Queens County, Long Island, about 15 miles from New-York, on the Long Island Railroad; a new house and barn on the premises. The farm is in good working order; soil loamy and free from stone; terms easy. For further particulars inquire of RICHARD D. ALLIGER, Lenox Fire Insurance Co., No. 16 Wall-st., N. Y.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—ONE OR SIX FIRST-CLASS PHILAdelphia brick houses, three-stories basement, and cellar; gas, water, Beebe range, &c., on 125th-st., between 2d and 3d avs. Possession at once. Will exchange for Rynd Farm Oil Stock. S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st., or J. C. SAUNDERS, No. 13 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone front houses, finished in the best style, hard-wood doors, blinds, stairs, &c., and elegant site, corner of 28th-st. and Lexington-av. Inquire of GEORGE J. HAMILTON, Builder, No. 297 Lexington-av., nearly opposite.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST FARMS ON the Hudson River, 135 acres; no expense has been spared in modern buildings, variety of choice fruits; in point of scenery cannot be excelled; easy of access. JOHN H. POILLON, No. 132 Broadway.

A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE HOUSE four-story, high-stoop, 38th-st., near 5th-av., possession; others on Murray Hill, furnished and unfurnished $15,000, to $100,000; some with coach-houses. W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone house in 38th-st., a few doors from 5th-av., completely furnished, with immediate possession. Price $45,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

EIGHTH-AV. LOTS.—PLOTS OF LOTS ON 8th-av. for sale. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 44 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS CORNER STORE, 50x100; west of Broadway and near the Park. PARSONS & WARD, No. 81 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—A FURNISHED HOUSE, 20x56, West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to COR. R. DISOSWAY, No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No 8. No commissions allowed.

TO LET.

TO LEASE—THE LARGE FIRST-CLASS STONE-front house, No. 32 East 17th-st., fronting Union-square; the building is 44 feet by 85, substantially built and elegantly decorated, and is suitable for a first-class restaurant or club-house. Apply to W. W. DE FOREST & CO., No. 82 South-st.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS.—A small farm with cottage-house and barn-house, on the East River, ten miles from the city. Rent only $500 and repairs, a year. Apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT NEW-BRIGHTON, A DESIRABLE cottage, five minutes' walk from the landing, partly furnished. Possession immediately. Apply to HENRY A. DARRIN, No. 1 State-st.

A NEATLY FURNISHED COTTAGE, with six acres of land, to let at Flushing, L. I. For particulars apply to S. S. RIKER, No. 150 Nassau-st.

TWO ROOMS TO LET—TO A GENTLEMAN and wife, on the second floor of house No. 203 East 23d-st.; rent $25 a month, including gas.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED

WANTED—A PART OF A HOUSE, OR FOUR OR five rooms, in a respectable part of the city—east side preferred. Family of three, two adults and one child. Address G. B. E., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SMALL UNFURNISHED, FURnished or partially furnished house, between 10th and 50th sts. and 3d and 7th avs., until May 1. Address, stating terms and particulars, C. S. M., Box No. 4,618 New-York Post-office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, FOR himself, wife, three children and nurse, until May 1. A full second or third floor wanted, in a good locality, with bath-room, private table, &c. Address C. S. M., Box No. 4,618 New-York Post-Office.

A SMALL RESPECTABLE FAMILY living above 40th-st., will let with or without board, a comfortably furnished room; house contains modern improvements; references exchanged. Address COMFORT, Station F.

TO LET—TO GENTLEMEN ONLY, WITHOUT board, or with breakfast if required, a second story back room, with all the modern improvements. Inquire at No. 222 2d-av., near 14th-st.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE NEW CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, Madison-av. and 35th-st., will be opened for divine service, sermon and the holy communion on SUNDAY MORNING next, the 11th inst., at 10½ o'clock, and in the EVENING of the same day, divine service and sermon to commence at 7½ o'clock. The former vestrymen and parishioners, and the friends of the church generally, are invited to attend.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

TO JEWELERS.—FOR SALE, A FINE REGUlator, to be seen in the store No. 518 Broadway. Will be sold very low.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, DEC. 9, 1864

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.
The price of the TIMES (Daily) is FOUR CENTS.
To Mail Subscribers per annum..........$10 00
Including Sunday morning edition, $12.
THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.
One copy 1 year..........$3 00
Two copies 1 year..........5 00
THE WEEKLY TIMES.
One copy 1 year..........$2 00
Three copies 1 year..........5 00
Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club Rates.
Payments invariably in advance.
We have no authorized traveling Agents.
Address
H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—THREE MAMMOTH FAT GIRLS, WEIGHING ONE TON! THREE GIANTS, TWO DWARFS, INDIAN WARRIORS, FRENCH AUTOMATONS, &c. DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENTS MORNING, AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—DON SEBASTIAN.

WALLACK'S—ROSEDALE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—MILKY WHITE—ST. GEORGE AND THE DRA-GOON.

BROADWAY THEATRE—THE POOR GENTLEMAN—THE PEOPLE'S LAWYER.

NIBLO'S—THE CONNIE SOOGAH.

WINTER GARDEN—HAMLET.

THEATRE FRANCAIS, (Niblo's Saloon)—Every Tuesday and Saturday Evening.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—DAY AND EVENING.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—MAGIC.

HIPPOTHEATRON—EQUESTRIANISM, GYMNASTICS and ACROBATIC PERFORMANCES—MATINEE.

DODWORTH HALL—ARTEMUS WARD.

HOPE CHAPEL—GLASS-BLOWERS.

DERBY GALLERY—(No. 625 Broadway)—STATUARY.

The List of Letters.

The list of letters remaining uncalled for in the Post-office, published officially in the columns of the NEW-YORK TIMES, can be consulted in the Business Office of the TIMES. It will be found upon a bulletin inside the building.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The Richmond papers of the 6th, and Augusta (Ga.) papers of the 2d, furnish us with some important information from Gen. SHERMAN. From their statements, it would seem that SHERMAN's army, on the 4th inst., was between the Ogeechee and the Savannah Rivers, in the neighborhood of Millen, and evidently moving upon Savannah. The rebels report a considerable fight on Sunday, the 4th, between the rebel cavalry under WHEELER and our cavalry under KILPATRICK. The latter officer is reported to be wounded, but that is merely a rebel surmise. The rebels, of course, claim the advantage, but they have been regularly whipping this same KILPATRICK ever since he left Atlanta, and yet he has pushed the rebels back to the Savannah river. The rebels predict a heavy battle north of Savannah this week. If it occurs some of the rebel bombast with which we have been regaled for three weeks will be exploded, and we shall have direct news from Sherman.

The latest news from Nashville reports an attempt by the rebels to blockade the Cumberland River fourteen miles below Nashville. Several gunboats were engaged on, Wednesday and Thursday, in an effort to dislodge the battery, but did not succeed. A rumor prevailed in Nashville on the 7th that FORREST'S command had crossed the Cumberland, but it was not confirmed. A reconnoissance was made yesterday on the Lebanon pike, south of the city, and the enemy was discovered in force. An impression prevails among military men in Nashville that HOOD will soon move into Kentucky.

By the arrival at this port yesterday of the steam-transport *Trade Wind*, from Hilton Head, S. C., we have advices to the 3d inst. The residents at that place were all under arms and doing guard duty, in consequence of Gen. FOSTER having taken all the available troops to coöperate with Gen. SHERMAN, who was expected soon to make his appearance on the sea coast. Gen. FOSTER has met with considerable resistance on his advance, and a number of his wounded were brought into Hilton Head. The effort to cut the Charleston and Savannah Railroad at Grahamsville had not yet succeeded, the points being strongly defended by rebel earthworks. A considerable engagement had occurred, but both parties held their original position at its close. Our loss was said to be about six hundred.

In view of the numerous incendiary attempts to destroy public property and military stores, originating among rebel refugees and sympathizers on the Canadian frontier, the Provost-Marshal-General and Quartermaster-General have issued circulars requiring especial vigilance from all officers in charge of such property. The employment of persons who have recently resided in Canada, or who have fled thither to escape the draft, is prohibited. The oath of allegiance will be administered in all cases, and satisfactory evidence of loyalty will be required.

In the news from Washington this morning, will be found a letter from Secretary SEWARD to Minister ADAMS, in reply to an application to the latter from Lord WHARNCLIFFE, a British rebel sympathizer, who asked for permission to send an accredited agent among the rebel prisoners confined at the North, for the purpose of distributing the proceeds of the Southern Bazaar lately held at Liverpool, amounting to £17,000. Secretary SEWARD very properly refuses the request, and takes occasion to administer an appropriate rebuke to this new manifestation of British sympathy with the rebellion.

The Navy Department has received advices of the capture of the new and beautiful blockade-runner *General Armstrong*, on the 4th inst., by the steamers *R. R. Cuyler* and *Gettysburgh*. She had 450 bales of cotton on board, the rest having been thrown overboard in the chase. The steamer belonged to the rebel Government.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday, Mr. DAVIS, of Kentucky, gave notice that he would introduce a joint resolution for the restoration of the Union and peace, and for the vindication of the Constitution, and the guarantee of the rights of the citizens of the several States. On motion of Mr. ANTHONY, of Rhode Island, the rules which require the election of standing committees by ballot were suspended. The committees were then reported and agreed to. Mr. POWELL, of Kentucky, then moved the consideration of the resolutions introduced by him, calling for an investigation into the conduct of Gen. PAYNE. After a brief debate, without taking action in the matter, the Senate adjourned until Monday.

In the House, Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported back the joint resolution explanatory of so much of the Internal Revenue Act as refers to the duty on cigars. After a brief debate, further consideration of the subject was postponed until Monday. A message was received from the President, recommending that Capt. WINSLOW and Lieut. CUSHING each receive a vote of thanks, this action of Congress being necessary under the law, in ordered that these officers may be advanced one grade. The Message was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs. On motion of Mr. STEVENS, the various branches of the President's Annual Message were referred to the appropriate Committees. A bill to drop from the rolls unemployed navy officers was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs. A resolution relative to denationalizing persons who go abroad in order to escape the draft, was adopted. The House then adjourned until Monday.

GENERAL NEWS.

The price of Gold, yesterday, ruled 241@242½@239 ₩ cent., about the same as on Wednesday, with less excitement. At the Stock Exchange there was less buoyancy in some of the Gold-bearing Stocks of the United States. Railway Shares firm in the morning, but unsettled at the close of the day. The Brokers report less ease in the market for money

The Leavenworth *Conservative* states that the majority for Mr. LINCOLN in Kansas is 9,810. The increase of the vote in the State is large. There were polled in 1862, 15,418 votes; increase near 3,000, and this too in the face of the large number of soldiers now in the field. There were more votes cast for Governor than for the Presidential electors. For the former there will be near 18,000; for the latter, say 17,000, with all the counties in. This difference arose wholly from the refusal of a few German radical friends to vote for Presidential electors.

Flour and Wheat were in fair demand and firmer yesterday. Oats were brisker and dearer. The Provision trade exhibited more animation, especially in the line of 1863-4 Mess Pork, which was freely bought, chiefly on speculation, at much higher prices. Cotton, Petroleum and Whisky were in request, and buoyant. Tallow was less active. The transactions in Foreign Merchandise were restricted by the increased firmness of holders. Liberal Freight engagements were reported, consisting mainly of Provisions for British ports.

Both Boards of the Common Council met yesterday. The Board of Aldermen received and referred a communication from Chief-Engineer DECKER, stating that the appropriation for the Fire Department is exhausted. The Councilmen adopted a resolution by Mr. JAQUES, requesting the Corporation Counsel to report a list of the judgments obtained against the city since May 1, of this year. They also concurred in the resolution setting aside Hamilton-square for a regimental parade-ground. The Aldermen adjourned to 2 o'clock P. M., on Monday, and the Councilmen to 1 o'clock P. M. to-day.

The Aldermen, as a Board of City Canvassers, to canvass the returns of the late Charter election, met by law at noon yesterday, organized by choosing Alderman CHIPP as chairman, directed the Sergeant-at-arms, Mr. T. P. SMITH, to hunt up some missing returns, and then adjourned to 11 A. M. to-day.

On Wednesday night last, no less than four highway robberies were perpetrated in this city. Some of them were of the most daring and atrocious nature. Mr. ANDREW WOODS, of Ulster County, while quietly walking up Greenwich-street, was suddenly assaulted, knocked down and beaten seriously, after which they rifled his pockets of his wallet, containing $27. The three highwaymen were subsequently arrested, and when taken to the Tombs they gave their names as PETER RIELY, WM. FERGUSON and JOHN GRECHAN. At about the same time, WM. RAYNOR, of Hempstead, L. I., while coming out of a saloon, corner of the Bowery and Hester-street, had the arm of a stranger familiarly thrown around his neck, and in that condition he was forced to go around the corner, on Hester-street, where a number of persons began to push and jostle him about with rudeness. After a time they all suddenly left, when Mr. RAYNOR found that he had been robbed of $300 in Treasury notes. One man, who gave his name as WM. GREGORY, was arrested and committed to the Tombs. JOHN B. SCOTT, of Massachusetts, stopping at Earle's Hotel, was robbed of a valuable gold watch and chain by LEWIS CLARK, who followed him from the hotel for the purpose. CLARK was arrested and locked up, bail being refused by the Justice. In the fourth instance, WM. KROP, of No. 44 Clinton-street, was robbed in the street of $135, by three men named Wm. WANTZ, FREDERICK SWEITZER and JOHN KIEBOK. These robbers have also been taken into custody. The stolen property has not been recovered in any of the above cases.

In reference to President LINCOLN'S use of the word billion in his message, applied to our national debt, the *Journal of Commerce* says: "The English authorities, all, we believe, define a billion to be 'a million millions;' while the French use the word billion to express 'a thousand millions.' Some American writers of more recent date have inclined to the French system of notation, in preference to the English, until the words 'billion, trillion,' have come to have no precise meaning, unless explained by the connection in which they stand. If we adopt the French definition, we shall blunder greatly in reading the old English authors, while the indiscriminate use of the phrase is quite bewildering. The best plan is, therefore, to discard these terms altogether, since they can be made to serve no useful purpose. If we make this change, however, in the message, and omit this word altogether, it does not at all relieve the difficulty of the statement, since the 'seven hundred and forty thousand million' left would still be incomprehensible."

Advices from Bermuda state that the pirate *Chickamauga* arrived at St. George's Nov. 9, and left again on the 16th. When she left Wilmington, the mouth of the inlet was blockaded by ten Federal gunboats, which commenced firing on her as soon as she had crossed the bar. She was chased for two hours, but escaped by superior speed. The following day she was in chase of a supposed Yankee ship, under sail, when a cruiser hove in sight. Capt. WILKINSON wore round, and after another sharp chase, again got off by the swiftness of his vessel. The captures made on his passage here were—as we stated last week—seven. The *Chickamauga* mounts three rifled guns on traversing platforms, namely: a twenty-pound Parrott on the poop, a thirty-two-pound banded rifle on the topgallant forecastle, and a twelve-pound rifle on deck, between the forward funnel and the foremast. She musters one hundred and twenty officers and men. Her crew, when on shore, were guilty of infamous outrages, of which the police took no notice.

Lord LYONS, the British Minister, proceeded from Washington to New-York on Monday, in a special car furnished by the Government.

The steamship *Ariel*, S. G. RUSSELL, Master from New-Orleans Tuesday morning, Nov. 29, at 8 A. M., via Havana Dec. 1, arrived at this port yesterday morning. She brings the United States mail, 28 passengers, and 3,000 packages of freight. The military news in the Department of the Gulf was unimportant.

Col. C. VARDA, of the Mexican army, has written us a lengthy card, giving expression to his gratitude and that of his companions, consisting of seventeen officers of the Mexican army who had been taken prisoners to France, and subsequently set adrift, by the French Government, in this country, for the great hospitality and important services they received from various official and unofficial gentlemen in the Department of the Gulf—especially from Mr. GEORGE BROTUN, Commander of the gunboat *Itasca*, from Mr. DEVY, Colonel and Commander of Brazos de Santiago, Maj.-Gen. HURLBUT, Mr. HARRY ROBINSON, and the Provost Marshal of New-Orleans. Col. VARDA expresses his gratitude with great warmth and profuseness of language.

Last evening the second lecture of the present Course before the New-York Historical Society, was delivered by WM. C. PRIME, Esq., in the hall of the society. Subject, "The Burial Places of Egypt and the Holy Land."

A meeting of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association was held last evening in their new rooms, No. 161 Fifth-avenue. A large number of ladies and gentlemen was present, and addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. WILLIAM ADAMS, and Rev. Dr. SCHAFF, of the German Branch of the Association.

By the arrival of the steamer *Ariel* we have received Havana news to the 2d inst. The intelligence from Mexico is interesting. MAXIMILIAN, in his return to the Capital, on the 30th of October, is said to have received an enthusiastic popular oration, although he had expressly forbidden any demonstration that might offend the people. Immediately on entering his palace, he issued a series of instructions to the prefects of the empire, which constitute the programme of civil administration. The instructions have been most favorably received by the people. Coscatland, in the department of Qajaca, was attacked on the 30th of October, by 300 Juarists under ZIGUERRA and other leaders, and after a stout defence was captured. LOPEZ, the commander of the post, cut his way through the assailants and had arrived at Tehuacan. A military expedition under Gen. CASTAGUY had left for Chihuahua. Some of MEJIA's troops were left to garrison the former place. A meeting of merchants and land-owners was held on the 13th of October to consult on the construction of a railroad between Guanajuato and Morelia. The Emperor, Empress, and Ministers have all taken shares in the enterprise. Five hundred and ninety Belgian soldiers had arrived at Vera Cruz, to serve as a guard to the Empress.

Gold Speculation and the Public Credit —Mr. Stevens' Bill.

Mr. THAD. STEVENS' extraordinary bills, prohibiting the exportation of specie, and forcing the public to take Government paper at par value, have been extinguished; but it is very little to the credit of Congress that they should, after the experience of last year, to say nothing of any other consideration, have been referred to a committee, and that they should not have been thrown overboard till the rise in gold in New-York reminded everybody of their folly. What is, however, more extraordinary than this, is that there should have been fifty-two members found to vote against their rejection. It only proves what a large number of gentlemen persist, in spite of the gravity of the crisis, in sitting, speaking and voting in Congress, without bestowing on the questions before them either study or reflection.

Mr. STEVENS' defence of his bill was worthy of the measure itself. He only proposed to do "what had been done by the most distinguished statesmen for ages;" an odd argument to come from an American, considering that political economy, though it has now been studied for nearly a century, is still in its infancy.

If we are to take the most "distinguished statesmen of all ages" for our models in all things, we shall make some very curious experiments. Amongst the devices to which they have resorted in order to "raise the wind," have been the clipping and debasing of coin; the issue of illimitable quantities of paper money, payable at the pleasure and convenience of the issuer; the confiscation of the property of rich or obnoxious persons; the seizure of such goods as the Government might stand in need of; the monopoly of particular articles, and the sale of the monopoly to other parties.

Amongst the means which they have employed for the encouragement of industry have been, the enforcement of regulations fixing the kind of material and the kind of machinery the manufacturer was to use; the number of men and boys he was to employ; the quantity and quality of ingredients to be used in his processes, and the very number of the hours and minutes to be devoted to each stage in it; and to carry out these regulations, they employed a whole army of spies and inspectors. The "great COLBERT" owed much of his greatness to the ingenuity displayed in the construction and execution of a code of this sort.

For the promotion of religion and morality the "distinguished statesmen" of past ages have burned, hanged and tortured witches, Jews, heretics and infidels, or confiscated their property, or driven them into exile. In order to foster economy, they have fixed the cut of people's clothes, and the kind of material they were to put into them, and the length of time they were to wear them. In order to protect capital they have fixed the rate of wages, and in order to protect labor they have fixed the price of corn; and have taken one step toward a community of goods, by conceding the right of every man to have work found for him by the Government.

In short, there is hardly any conceivable folly in this branch of the art of Government which "distinguished statesmen" have not perpetrated. The spread of political and economical knowledge has, however, exploded most of their delusions. Is it not passing strange, that after having been driven from nearly every other civilized country, after having become the laughing stock of most men of education in England, France, Italy and Germany, they should find a refuge in the Congress of the United States?

One of Mr. STEVEN's arguments is, that in the war with NAPOLEON England did what he proposes to do. We deny it. But supposing it to be true, what of it? We are getting sick of having the example of England cited in defence of every outrage or absurdity which any portion of the American public takes it into its head to perpetrate. No sooner does any officer of the Government, or anybody else in the United States, commit any act, or make any proposition more than usually indefensible and foolish, than a host of industrious antiquarians and scholars go to work to see if at some time or other England has not been guilty of something of the same kind; and if it appears that she has, they flourish the precedent in our faces with an air of triumph, as if that settled the question. Some people really seem to be under the impression that our national career is a sort of race in rascality with England, in which our sole object is to keep abreast with her or only one step behind her, and that it makes no difference what we say or do as long as we can show that she has said or done something as bad or as absurd. But we surely have a code of honor and morality of our own. Surely the exposures of her various delinquencies which we constantly hear from the press and platform, are intended to serve some other purpose than to furnish models for imitation to our own fools and knaves. Her history has in it much that is instructive, but by far the larger portion of it instructs rather by warning than by example.

Sherman's March—The Topography of Georgia.

It will be seen that the Richmond *Examiner* of Tuesday last rather facetiously remarks that "If the Lieutenant-General (GRANT) has already sent to Hon. E. M. STANTON the information which we (the *Examiner*) communicated to him on yesterday, that SHERMAN had passed by Millen, we hope he will be fair to that statesman, and send another dispatch, stating how the Richmond *Examiner* now *denies* that SHERMAN's army had passed by Millen. This it does positively," from information furnished by the Confederate Government. We suppose, therefore, that in this case and on this matter we must credit the Richmond *Examiner* and the Confederate Government, and believe that Millen, which is 80 miles from Savannah, was not captured by Gen. SHERMAN up to Monday night or Tuesday morning of the current week.

It appears, however, from our other extracts from rebel papers as late as the 6th, that at the beginning of this week SHERMAN's army was not far from Millen—it might even be south of that point—and was marching toward the seaboard along the strip of country, some twenty miles in width, that lies between the Ogechee and Savannah rivers. The rebels allege with assurance that SHERMAN will have a battle before he reaches Savannah, which we think not at all unlikely; and they further assert that he will be whipped, which we think extremely unlikely.

SHERMAN, if he be where the rebels locate him, is now in a section of Georgia where the march of an army is attended with difficulty. A well-informed correspondent furnishes some information as to the topography of this and the other parts of Georgia, which are of interest at this moment, and which we condense. There are three very distinct divisions of the State. 1. The mountain region, which embraces the northwest corner, and comes down to the Kenesaw Mountain, near Marietta. 2. Where it opens into a gentle, undulating country, extending 120 miles east to Macon, about the same distance northeast to Augusta, and, south to Columbus. 3. Below those points the piney woods, low, sandy, level, with wide swamps bordering all the streams, and extending from one hundred and fifty to two hundred miles to the sea or the gulf. It is in this latter division that Gen. SHERMAN's army is now moving.

The mountain region is for farming—almost exclusively for grains and grapes. Wheat is usually a good crop. The middle region, from Atlanta to Macon, is a mixture of corn and cotton. It will produce very little of the smaller grains and no grass. It is cut up into small plantations, and occupied by men of moderate means, with thriving villages at the county seats. The third division, the low country, is almost exclusively in possession of large planters, and cotton is the staple, although it will grow corn, but no small grain or grass. Doubtless the lands are cultivated in cereals as far as practicable at this time. So that Gen. SHERMAN has a productive region of a hundred miles round him from which he can draw supplies. The railroad from Atlanta to Macon runs one hundred and one miles on the dividing ridge between the waters of the Atlantic and the Gulf, and has not a bridge, not even a *culvert*, in the whole distance, scarcely an embankment or excavation. All the destruction either army can do to that is to the rails and ties and water tanks. The road to Augusta crosses numerous streams and ravines, and can be broken in many places by destroying bridges. These roads are of one gauge. It will be seen that General SHERMAN already controls the regions of the small grains and the ores. Their chief iron works are at Etowa, Rome and Atlanta, and all are dependent on the mountain region for ore. The whole country is open, well settled, and the roads good below the Kenesaw Mountain. From these facts may readily be seen the prospect of gathering colored soldiers from SHERMAN's Department. The mountain country has scarcely any negroes. The rolling country consists of plantations worked by five, ten, twenty, sometimes fifty negroes. The cavalry raids in those regions will gather up many, but the great bodies of them are below Macon, Augusta and Columbus.

It is evident from all our news, that the rebel forces gathered together in Georgia have not, up to the latest dates, been able to seriously obstruct his progress. If they are able to do anything at all, they must do it this week.

THE NATION'S DEVELOPMENT—REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.—The report of the Secretary of the Interior, with the single exception of those portions of it which relate to the troubles with the Indians, may fairly be said to be unusually satisfactory. It is fortunately put before us in a business-like shape, and without any effort we get an appreciable view of the progress of settlement on the national domain during the year; of the extent of territory prepared for settlement by public survey; of the allocation of the lands which have been alienated by the National Government during the year; of the prospects of mining operations and of railroad enterprises in the extreme West; of Indian barbarities; of public pensioners; of patents, and of the census. Along with this we have suggestions for certain amendments in branches of the Interior administration, which must more or less commend themselves to the attention of Congress. The public lands alienated during the year reached over three and a quarter million acres. Pioneers took hold of and paid in cash for something less than half a million acres; military warrants swallowed up more than half a million additional; over two hundred thousand were located with agricultural scrip; the States received above eight hundred thousand for railroads, and the Homestead Law carried off about a million and a quarter. The receipts in fifteen months came up to one million and nineteen odd thousand dollars. This was fully seven times more than the receipts during the first year of the war.

The Secretary presents a satisfactory summary of mining operations. And while he urges, what had often been urged before, that a special mining tax, or "royalty," as it is called in monarchical countries, should be imposed, he strongly recommends, as a compensation for this, that public lands should be at once appropriated for opening up communication between such mining Territories as Arizona, New-Mexico, &c., and either the Pacific or Atlantic States.

The Pacific Railroad naturally comes in for a friendly word, although the progress which the Secretary is enabled to report is not of the most exciting character.

The family of national pensioners, it will be seen, has grown to over fifty-one thousand, who received in cash last year over four and a half million dollars, besides two hundred and eighty-six odd thousand acres of land. All but one million of this money outlay went to the sufferers by this rebellion.

The mechanical ingenuity of the country finds some illustration in the fact that nearly seven thousand patents were applied for during the year, and that the receipts of the Patent Office reached over a quarter of a million.

The satisfactory moral of the report is the remarkable material progress of the country in this period of terrible war.

LORD LYONS.—We presume that no one outside of the circle of Southern sympathizers in New-York even feigns to believe that Lord LYONS has retired from his mission from any motive arising out of the relations of the two countries. Nearly twelve months ago Lord LYONS, feeling the approach of the disease from which it is feared he is a hopeless sufferer, asked to be relieved. And we learned that he then expressed, informally, the wish that some one who had become familiarized with the existing crisis by a residence here, should be his successor. This suggestion would naturally point to some late or present member of the Legation at Washington as the probable successor. Lord LYONS' personal desire was unquestionably in favor of maintaining the same friendly relations that characterized his own incumbency as British Minister. And it was natural that he should look with special hopefulness on the appointment of some one that had graduated under his own teaching. It has been reported in tolerably well informed circles that the Hon. WILLIAM STUART was indicated in Lord LYONS' suggestions. Mr. STUART is a traveled man. He comes of a good, sound, Scotch stock; and he is neither a snob nor a fool. The appointment—if it should happen to be made—would be highly acceptable.

THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE SANITARY COMMISSION.—A committee of responsible citizens, appointed by the United States Sanitary Commission, have made a formal report upon the financial condition of that organization. This report was needed; not to clear away any doubt entertained of the perfect integrity of the commission, but to show, as far as such a report could show, that the commission has been prudent as well as honest.

From its first incorporation in June, 1861, down to the 1st of October last, the enormous sum, in round figures of *three million and eighty thousand dollars* had been intrusted to the commission; and at the last-named date the balance on hand was, roundly, six hundred and fifteen thousand dollars. At the beginning of the current month this balance was reduced to three hundred and fifty-one thousand dollars. In looking over the items of this large account, we discover comparatively few that are open to criticism, even on grounds of taste, judgment or speculative opinion. But as the commission have put forward their statement for the express purpose of eliciting criticism, we will frankly say that an item of nearly forty thousand dollars for publishing what are called "Medical Monographs," is an item which, we believe, the benevolent contributors to the fund never thought of. Most people of ordinary intelligence know that monographs on medical and surgical subjects usually mean simply a ventilation of the theories of particular medical schools. That sort of business was not, as far as we understand it, included in the powers which the President conferred on the commission in 1861. The item for agencies to procure pensions is also one of those things which we would rather not see figuring in such an account.

But these are not matters reflecting even the shadow of a doubt upon the honest administration of the commission's funds. They are simply points on which, we believe, the judgment of the executive officers of the body may be liable to be called in question.

We must also take leave to say that the newspaper press of the country has given the amplest scope to all the really valuable reports of the commission without charge, and that the less of special pamphleteering they indulge in the better. It is costly. Not one reader sees the pamphlet, for a thousand that see and read the daily newspaper. These are points on which amendment may clearly be made.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The eminently successful opera of "Don Sebastian" will be given here to-night.

CHORAL FESTIVAL.—The attendance last evening at Trinity Church was so large that it has been found necessary to repeat the Festival to-night (Friday.) Tickets can be procured in Trinity Building. Doors open at 6 o'clock.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON.—The equestrian and gymnastic entertainments at this model circus continue to attract large and well-pleased audiences, owing to their constantly varied character and the artistic excellence of the performers engaged in their representation. Young ROBERT STICKNEY and his pretty sister EMMA, have been added to the company. The former is a most daring equestrian, and the latter a most graceful one. The comic entry of "The Clown's Cavalry" is an immensely funny affair.

THE BATTLE OF FRANKLIN.

Details of the Battle at Franklin—Our Glorious Victory—Movements Before and After the Battle.

From Our Own Correspondent.

NASHVILLE, Thursday, Dec. 1, 1864.

It has pleased an all-wise and beneficent Creator to grant us another brilliant victory. The tranquillity of the little town of Franklin, Tenn., on Wednesday, Nov. 30, about 4 P. M., was suddenly interrupted by a tremendous clash of arms; and in two short hours the National forces, under Gen. SCHOFIELD, had achieved one of the most glorious victories of the war, over the enemy commanded by HOOD in person. The fullness of authentic detail glowingly exhibits the magnitude and splendor of the battle, without materially interfering with the tenor of the multiplicity of transmissions dispatched over the wires.

On the 28th ult., sharp skirmishing was kept up all day in the neighborhood of Columbia, resulting in trifling loss. On Tuesday, the 29th, our army had orders to resume its movement toward Nashville, with Gen. COX in reserve with his own division of the Twenty-third Corps, and Gen. WILSON's cavalry upon both flanks. Early in the afternoon the enemy attempted to press COX, while FORREST and RODDY employed themselves in harrassing our flanks. This sort of thing was kept up for some time, when COX turned his command upon BATES' rebel division; WILSON pitched into FORREST and RODDY, and got up quite a little fight of their own making, killing and wounding two hundred of the enemy, and compelling him to temporarily postpone his peculiar operations. At Spring Hill the enemy again crowded COX and WILSON in an obnoxious manner, and again these two officers pitched into the rebel advance with about the same results as before.

During the retrograde movement from Columbia to Franklin, there was more or less skirmishing all the time. Our loss in all was somewhat less than two hundred, while the rebel killed and wounded approximates, it is believed, close on to double that number. On Wednesday, the 30th ult., after a little skirmishing at Spring Hill, our army fell back to Franklin, and took a position in an open field near the Columbia pike, and formed a line of battle, with both flanks resting upon Harpeth River, which makes a curve like a horse-shoe at this point. To guard against disaster, at such a critical point, while waiting to get the immense trains over the river, a hurriedly-constructed line of breastworks and rifle-pits were thrown across the field, a few yards from the pike, from river to river.

The spade and axe had hardly finished their performance, when our skirmish line was driven in, and almost simultaneously a mass of moving men came down four lines deep and banged away at the whole Federal column. This was precisely at four o'clock P. M. The weight of this assault was felt considerably upon the Federal right, but most particularly upon our centre, which was composed in part of raw recruits, and belonged to a brigade of WAGNER's division. The rebels came up to the scratch, as they always do, with great impetuosity, and a portion of WAGNER's division broke and run. The rebel column operating upon our centre perceived this, and rushed right over the works at a charge bayonet, carrying everything before it, and causing one entire brigade of WAGNER's division to scamper to the rear in a thousand directions.

These fellows threw down their guns, and in many instances their cartridge-boxes, and other portions of their equipage, which might retard or discommode them in their flight, and went into and behind houses, through bars and over fences, pell-mell, helter-skelter, down the banks of the river, as though the minions of darkness were at their heels.

At this juncture, fully realizing their advantage, the rebels dashed upon our right and centre with fearful vociferations and curses, and with that uniform gallantry which has so often characterized their performances upon a field of action, their intention being to pierce and crush the centre and envelop the right wing. This was where the excessive slaughter of the Confederates took place. For, somehow or other, three batteries upon the left got in a raking fire of grape and canister, the most destructive of all of the missiles of war, and at one clip knocked the daylight out of a hundred men and disabled five times that number. The whole rebel line wavered, and after receiving another treatment of the same course, fell back across the pike in great disorder.

While this was transpiring, WAGNER had succeeded in rallying a large portion of his men, who came up to their old position and behaved like veterans during the balance of the engagement, notwithstanding the rebels subsequently made three vicious charges within thirty yards of our works.

The second charge of the enemy was directed against our right wing, which staggered, but never gave way. The battle was waged with unexampled fury and activity, the green troops in the centre evidently emulating the glorious conduct of their comrades upon the right.

About 5 P. M., the artillery firing was quite heavy and continuous, and most damaging, indeed, to the rebel side, who acted chary in the use of ammunition. The enemy threw nothing but shot and shell, while our artillerymen hurled into the rebel ranks every conceivable missile of destruction known. At 5½ the enemy made another terrific charge upon the centre and right, which was particularly heavy against the former. They succeeded not in their attempt to again dislodge a portion of our raw troops. By some rebel mistake, at this juncture, Gen. GORDON got into a snarl, the consequence of which was that he and about two-thirds of his brigade, in a few moments afterward, found themselves in custody in our rear.

The rebels made one more charge—this time on our left. A regiment of Floridians attempted to carry off a section of artillery belonging to the Fifth United States, and got badly cut up during the performance.

This battle, by all odds, may be pronounced one of the most gallantly fought of the war, while the results are of a substantial character indeed. The fight proper lasted just two hours, although slight firing by artillery and small arms was kept up until midnight.

The contest, in many respects, resembled the battle of Peach-tree Creek, fought on the 20th of July, in front of Atlanta, except that our loss in this fight is not near so heavy as that sustained at Peach-tree Creek. The behavior of the rebels elicits universal commendation, while they are the recipients of the unbounded sympathies of every true soldier. Their consummate valor and intrepid dash is the theme of conversation. Our own men never acted more gloriously; but the safety of a portion of our army, an immense train, and all the paraphernalia of camp, depended upon this check given to the enemy at Franklin. The battle was strictly impromptu, our forces never stirring out of their works during its unavoidable progress.

Maj.-Gen. STANLEY, commanding the Fourth Corps, got a curious wound. He was struck upon the right side of the neck, the ball passing around over his back, and coming out on the left side. He is a gallant and reliable officer, and one of the best soldiers in the army. Although his wound was extremely painful, he did not leave the field during the action. Gen. BRADLEY, a very fine officer, commanding a brigade in the First Division, Fourth Corps, was severely wounded in the arm by a minie ball. He will not lose his arm, however.

The enemy's loss is not placed less than six thousand, including over a thousand prisoners and a Brigadier-General—GORDON. Our total loss will not exceed one thousand. But all of our wounded were shot in the head, arms or body. This great disparity is owing to the terrible distribution our artillerists made of their grape and canister, which they threw into the rebel ranks with awful effect. Besides, our men engaged were behind a good breastwork, while the rebels fought in an open field.

With the invaluable assistance of such General officers as STANLEY, COX, RUGER, WAGNER, OPDYKE, WOOD and KIMBALL, Gen. SCHOFIELD made a splendid fight, and during the night, after caring for our dead, wounded and prisoners, retired our army to Nashville, according to the orders of Gen. THOMAS.

BENJAMIN C. TRUMAN.

OUR HAVANA CORRESPONDENCE.

Maximilian's Official Letters—The Campaign—Expedition against Mazatlan—Arrival of Belgian Troops—Departure of Distinguished Persons for Europe—Proposed New Railroad—&c., &c.

HAVANA, Saturday, Dec. 3, 1864.

The Emperor Maximilian's return to his capital, Mexico City, has been inaugurated by the promulgation of two official documents from his own imperial hand. The first, which is called a circular, and which is addressed to the various public functionaries of the Mexican empire, is in reality an important official paper, as in it matters of the highest national importance are made the subjects of discussion, and the real opinions of the new Imperial ruler upon the manner in which his new empire is to be governed, are openly revealed; in fact, this so-called circular is to be the future rule by which all the subordinate Imperial authorities are hereafter to be guided during what is called the present abnormal state of affairs.

The other paper is a letter addressed by the Emperor Maximilian to his Secretary of State, Velasquez de Leon, in which the new Emperor expresses his determination to carry on the war against his adversaries in a different way from which it has been as yet waged. The guerrillas, when taken, are to be punished as banditti; and the Emperor talks of protecting his people with an arm of iron.

The newspapers of Mexico City are jubilant at the appearance of these Imperial documents, and openly declare that the return of the Emperor is to be the beginning of a more decided action.

As a commencement of this new iron era, an order has been issued at Puebla, that the sentences of death pronounced by court-martial will hereafter be put into effect within the following four-and-twenty hours, without appeal.

On the 5th ult., six individuals, found guilty of robbery by court-martial, were executed at Puebla. The Franco-Mexican papers say that they belonged to Mosco's gang; and on the 9th ult., two others, found likewise guilty by court-martial in Mexico City, were executed in the square of Mixcalo.

The Emperor presided at a Cabinet Council on the 7th ult., when the portfolio of Minister of Justice was accorded to D. Pedro Escudero, who took possession of his post on the following day.

On the morning of the 9th ult. there left the capital, for the interior, 256 convicts, sentenced to labor on the public works. They are to be employed in the formation of a road from Queretaro to Tampico.

The Secretary of the Prefecture of Zacatecas has addressed a memorial to the Emperor on the contraband trade in silver on the Pacific coast, by preventing which the customs in those districts would be augmented 20 per cent., as at present all the silver from the mines of Sonora and Sinaloa leaves the country, without paying any duty, contrary to the existing laws. In the same manner, the silver is exported from Durango and Zacatecas in bars, without being coined, by which not only the revenue suffers, but also the lessees of the mints or establishments for coining.

In the meanwhile, the country continues in the same unsettled condition, and on the departure of the French auxiliary army, guerrillas will again swarm as thick as mosquitos, up to the very gates of the Imperial palace. It is only a short time ago that the Empress was exposed to insults in the public thoroughfares, and it was found necessary to detail a strong escort for her protection. In the same manner the guerrilla chief Romero is laying waste all the lands and estates about Tenango, without the Government being able to prevent it. A force of soldiers was sent from Toluca on hearing of this devastation, to put a stop to them, but their labor was in vain; they returned to Toluca, without having been able to come up with the enemy. Marshal Bazaine, who lately left Toluca for the capital, had arranged, it was supposed, for an active pursuit of these guerrillas while he was at the former place.

It is not worth while to enumerate all the depredations committed by the guerrillas in the various engagements that take place between them and the Imperial troops, as recorded by the Franco-Mexican papers, according to which the latter are always victorious. They are victories of no importance, and produce no decided results in the pacification of the country. The real state of things is continually made apparent by the newspapers in support of the Government, notwithstanding their efforts to paint everything *couleur de rose*. For example, we read in the *Sociedad*, that Guadalajara has been placed by the French Military Governor, the Baron Neigle, under strict martial law. The gates of the city are to be closed at 9 P. M., and to be opened on the following morning at daybreak. The reasons assigned by its Military Governor for doing this are "on account of the actual circumstances and the departure of a great part of the troops."

With regard to the regular war, the Franco-Mexican papers boast that the campaign in Jalisco is proceeding properously. Gen. Rivas' division, which, like that of Gen. Tovar, operates in conjunction with the French troops, was attacked whilst at Ameca, or on leaving it, by the guerrilla force of Simon Gutierrez, amounting to 800 men, infantry and cavalry, with two mountain pieces of artillery. As Gutierrez's movements were known beforehand by the Imperialists, a French force sent from the line of advanced posts by their Colonel, Grillet, arrived at the scene of battle when it had already begun. Gutierrez was entirely defeated, leaving one hundred killed and fifty prisoners, besides one of his cannon. The Imperialists, add the Government papers, had only eleven killed and six wounded.

So far away from the place of engagement, it would be difficult to say whether the above account is true or not, particularly when the same papers that give it state that the public report at Guadalajara was on the contrary, that the Imperialists had been whipped.

A letter from Morelia, dated the 11th ult., states that Colima had been occupied by Marquez's division. They are said to have crossed the defiles leading to the city by the pass called "Novillo," and entered the city after a slight engagement with the enemy, a great part of whom broke their ranks, throwing away their muskets, and abandoning the cannon and other warlike material.

Marquez was in pursuit of the main body of the fugitives, who had fled in the direction of Coalcoman, and it is said that about a thousand had gone over to the ranks of the Imperialists.

The *Era* says that from what has lately occurred in Oajaca, that district is likely to submit to the Imperial rule without the necessity of fitting out a military expedition. This was founded on a report in circulation that Diaz's forces had revolted in favor of the empire, but this was not the case; a meeting had certainly taken place, and twenty superior officers or more left Diaz's command and went to join another Republican Commander, Cuellar, who had his headquarters at Amapa, but was sick at the time with the *calentura*. Diaz, who had left Oajaca temporarily, was compelled to return on this account.

A correspondent in favor of the empire, writing from Vera Cruz, says: "If the party of Juarez, in emigrating to Chihuahua, and leaving behind them various bodies of guerrillas, thought that they were going to light up a permanent civil war in the States of New-Leon and Coahuila, they are disappointed, because all the towns on the frontier are unanimous as to supporting the cause of order and aiding the authorities. Castagny's division was to join the expedition against Chihuahua, and at last accounts received at Vera Cruz he was expected at Durango. On his leaving Monterey, the Mexican troops of the empire—a portion of Mejia's division—formed the garrison, and Gen. Florentino Lopez was the Military Governor of the department. A permanent court-martial had been appointed at Monterey to judge malefactors, and an order had been issued by the Military Governor that all persons going on a journey armed, should, on returning to their places of abode, present themselves to the authorities and take the oath of loyalty to the empire, under pain of being held as spies."

The assertions of the Vera Cruz correspondent with respect to the loyalty of the inhabitants of the States of New-Leon and Coahuila, are, however, far from being the exact truth, for we are informed that the communication between Durango and Chihuahua is entirely broken. At the former place the crop of cotton will turn out bad on account of the so-called depredations of the guerrillas. The latter swarm all about the above-named districts. The Imperialist accounts state that they attempted to get possession of the towns of Linares, Bustamente, Aldama, &c., but were driven off by the inhabitants, who armed themselves. On account of their attacks, detachments of troops had been sent to various places by the Imperial Military Governors, and volunteer forces organized; so that the States of New-Leon and Coahuila cannot be said to be so entirely tranquil as the friends of the Imperial *régime* would wish the world to believe.

On the 28th of October, an Imperial expeditionary force, consisting of 3,000 infantry and 1,000 cavalry, was ready at Tepic to set out for Sinaloa—their ultimate destination being the port of Mazatlan. The cavalry and part of the infantry were, it was thought, to go by land, passing through the northern part of the State of Jalisco. The rest of the force would, most likely, go to San Blas, where 150 Algerine soldiers had lately arrived, from Acapulco, the rest of their regiment being likewise expected. Of the three vessels in which the above-named troops arrived at San Blas, two returned to Acapulco to bring the rest, and the other, the steamer *Diamant*, proceeded direct to Mazatlan, to be followed a few days after by all the other vessels of the Pacific fleet, with the Algerine and Mexican troops from Acapulco and San Blas. The *Estafette* was of opinion that the fleet must have been, on the 12th October, in sight of Mazatlan.

At Mazatlan there had occurred a revolution. The Governor, Garcia Morales, having been abandoned by his troops, who joined the citizens, was obliged to surrender himself a prisoner, and left on the 16th ult. in the American steamer for Guaymas. Col. Sanches, who headed the movement, assumed command of the city, and the revolution concluded without any serious results. An English war-vessel that was lying in the port landed three hundred of its crew, to protect the property of British subjects.

Two other places in which the same disorders occurred, Agua-caliente and Presidio, were not so fortunate as Mazatlan. Both were sacked by the revolutionists, and the commercial classes of the port, fearing a similar misfortune, secured their property wherever they could find shelter for it.

The towns and villages of Costa-chica, including Buautepec, Ayulta, Cuos Grande, Cuaucucuyuilchan, Misguichan, Concordia, Cuspinoia, Zoyatian and Juchitan, have proclaimed the Empire, D. Felix Piza, who commanded over those places, having been seized, as well as D. Cayetano Gonzalez, the chief of the republicans of Pinala, who happened to be at Ayulta. The imperial troops set out immediately for Ometpec.

A part of the French Ninety-ninth Regiment of the line, the first that came to Mexico with Admiral Jurien de la Gravien, arrived lately at the capital from the campaign in the interior, and proceeded immediately for Vera Cruz, en route to France.

The high-road from Vera Cruz to Mexico, which travelers agree as being in a most dilapidated condition, is to be completely repaired. The Minister of the Interior and a civil engineer, were to leave the capital immediately to make arrangements for this desirable work.

By the French mail steamer which arrived at Vera Cruz on Oct. 13th, there came 590 Belgian soldiers, intended to act as a body-guard to the Emperor. The Vera Cruz papers praise their personal appearance, both of officers and privates. They were received by the Count de Bombelles, and left immediately for the capital.

Miramon, the family of Señor Marocho, the Mexican Ambassador at Rome, the Countesses Lichy and Kollonich, who return to Austria, were among the passengers who left for Europe in the French mail steamer of the 18th of October.

On the 10th of October the town of "Jicotencal del Sur," in the State of Tamaulipas, published its act of adhesion to the empire.

A mail carrier from Tlacolulam was apprehended lately, when, from examination of the letters that he had with him, and the confession of the woman who sent them, several persons of both sexes were put in prison.

The woman who dispatched the mail carrier, and who was likewise put in prison, has been condemned to death by court-martial, but the execution of the sentence was deferred until the Emperor's determination was known.

On the recommendation of the Imperial Government, it is proposed to construct a railroad from Guanajuato to Morelia, and meetings of the property owners and merchants in both cities have been held for that purpose. The Emperor Maximilian has subscribed for two hundred shares, the Empress for one hundred, and the Secretary of the Interior will take five hundred.

At Callagan, D. Francisco Vega, the chief of the Republicans in the neighborhood, had given in his adhesion to the empire at the head of seven hundred men.

LARA.

The Emperor Maximilian's Letter to the Mexican Secretary of State.

My Dear Minister Velasquez de Leon: On returning from my laborious journey into the departments of the interior, during which I have received, in every city, town and village, the sincerest proofs of sympathy and the most cordial enthusiasm, I have derived two important truths. The first is, that the Empire is a fact firmly based upon the firm will of the immense majority of the nation, and that in it there is depicted a form of government of real progress, and one that suits best the wants of the people. The second is, that this immense majority is desirous of peace, tranquility and justice; blessings that it expects and anxiously asks of my Government, and which I, keeping in view my sacred duties to God and the people who have chosen me, am resolved to give them.

Justice will have for its foundation institutions suitable to the epoch, and in which I am laboring with unceasing zeal. To reëstablish peace and tranquility through all this fine, extensive country, and to promote with speed its prodigious riches, my Government is determined to employ all its efforts and energy. If until now it has shown forbearance to its political adversaries, to allow them time to know the national will and unite themselves to it, henceforth it is under the imperious obligation to combat them, for their banner no longer bears a political creed, but is only a pretext for robbery and slaughter. My duties of sovereign oblige me to protect the people with an arm of iron; and in order to correspond to the wishes loudly expressed from all parts, we declare, as head of the nation, with a full consciousness of our sacred mission and of the duty imposed upon us, that all the gangs of armed men who still infest some parts of our beautiful country, desolating it, disturbing and threatening the hard-working citizen in his labor and liberty, must be considered as bands of banditti, and fall, in consequence, under the inflexible and inexorable severity of the law. We, therefore, command all functionaries, magistrates and military commanders of the nation to pursue and destroy them with all their power. If our Government respects every political opinion, it cannot tolerate criminals who break the first of liberties which it is called upon to protect—that of the person and that of property.

Given at the Palace of Mexico, the 3d of November, 1864.

MAXIMILIAN.

From New-Orleans.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARIEL.

The steamship *Ariel*, S. G. Russell, Master, from New-Orleans Tuesday morning, Nov. 29, at 8 A. M., arrived at this port this morning. She brings the United States mail, 28 passengers, and 3,000 packages of freight.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

From the True Delta, Nov. 29.

This court was yesterday reopened by the Marshal, Hon. E. H. Durell being present.

The following prize cases were, after proceedings had, condemned as lawful prizes of war:

The schooner *Emma* and cargo, captured on Oct. 19, 1864, by the United States steamer *Mobile*.

The schooner *Louisa* and cargo, captured on Oct. 12, 1864, by the United States steamer *Chocura*.

The schooner *John* and cargo, caught running the blockade off the coast of Texas, by the United States steamer *Augusta Dinsmore*.

Schooner *Annie Virden*, captured by the United States steamer *Mobile*.

Steamer *Isabel* and cargo, captured on 28th May, 1864, by the United States steamer *Admiral*. The *Isabel*, while on her way to New Orleans, stopped at the quarantine station, and there sunk. A part of her cargo was saved, worth about $20,000, and sold some time since, under an interlocutory order of court.

The iron-clad ram *Tennessee*, captured by our squadron on the 5th August last, in Mobile bay, was also condemned, and will be taken by the United States at her appraised value, which is, we understand, $883,880 29.

There were also the following salvage cases disposed of:

Eighty-three bales cotton, picked up at sea by the United States steamer *Sciota*.

Sixty-one bales cotton, picked up at sea by the United States steamer *Mobile*.

Thirty-eight bales cotton, picked up at sea by the United States steamer *Aroostook*.

The judgments in which read: One-half of nett proceeds to be paid over to captors, and the other half to remain in the registry of the Court for a year and a day, unless sooner claimed by the owner; and if not claimed within that period, the Court will make such further decree as the circumstances of the case may require, and the law will permit.

A number of cases, exceptions and rules, were fixed for trial, during the week, by Rufus Waples, Esq., United States District Attorney, who has opened the business of the session of court with the evident determination to expedite business by every possible means.

THE CONDITION OF GEN. CANBY.

From the New-Orleans Times, Nov. 29.

We are happy to announce that Maj.-Gen. Canby has so far recovered as to be able to sit up several hours each day, and, should the pleasant weather continue, we understand that he will soon be able to ride out.

Two of our cotemporaries were in error in stating that the General had been under the charge of Dr. Warren Stone, of this city. He has been treated since his arrival here by Dr. Waters, U. S. A., a member of his staff; and while it is true Dr. Stone has occasionally visited the General, in company with Dr. Waters, the responsibility of the case throughout has rested with the latter gentleman.

The Revision of the Enrollment—Co-operation of the People Needed.

The County Volunteer Committee have commenced the great and important work of revising the enrollment lists of persons liable to draft in New-York County. They have hired the first and fourth floors of the large building No. 73 Duane-st., where nearly four hundred clerks are employed in transcribing the records of the District Provost-Marshals. When this work is done the work of correcting them will begin, and every effort will be made by the committee to make the revised enrollment as near perfect as possible, but their success depends in a great measure upon the hearty coöperation of the citizens of New-York. Whether a draft is impending or not every man, woman and child in the county has a deep interest in this movement, which, when carried through, will give to the authorities a new basis for declaring the quota of the county. Private interests and public justice require that it should be done thoroughly and well, that in case a call is made New-York may furnish her just share of the men required, but no more. The committee desire every person knowing himself to be exempt to go to the Provost-Marshal of his district, state his cause of exemption, produce his proofs, and have his name stricken from the list. It will be very little trouble to any man to do this; it can be done much quicker and easier than after a draft, and it is an act of justice to one's neighbors. Any person who knows that any enrolled man is exempt, should hand in the name and the probable cause of exemption to the Provost-Marshal of the district in which the exempt lives, and the committee will then send and obtain the proper proofs required to make the correction. This is not informing of a friend, but is in reality doing him a kindness.

The following are the recognized causes of exemption:

1. Over 45 years of age.
2. Under 20 years of age.
3. Being an alien.
4. Having furnished a substitute in anticipation of a draft.
5. Having been drafted and furnished a substitute.
6. Having been drafted and paid commutation.
7. Having been drafted and received a certificate of permanent disability.
8. Being now permanently physically disqualified.
9. Having served two years in the army or navy during the present war, and being honorably discharged.

In all these cases, except on application for exemption for physical disability, the enrolled man can present his papers and have his name stricken off on the spot. In the case of physical disqualification, the disability is sometimes so apparent, as in the case of lameness, that no surgical examination will be necessary, and it can be attended to with equal dispatch. In any case, the advantages of the correction to the enrolled man himself and to the public are so great, that no one should grudge the little personal trouble it will require to effect it.

Convention of Tobacconists.

The Convention of Manufacturers and Dealers in Tobacco reassembled at Cooper Institute yesterday morning, Wm. A. Lawrence presiding. The principal business of the meeting was to indorse the action of the convention on Wednesday relative to the wish of tobacconists that Congress should tax the raw material and not the manufactured article. After several speeches by members of the convention, the Committee on Organization reported in favor of the following permanent officers of the National Convention of Tobacconists:

President—Wm. E. Lawrence. Vice-Presidents—Joseph Hall, New-York; David C. McCammon, Pennsylvania; Christian Ax, Maryland; David Campbell, New-Jersey; F. N. Brown, Connecticut; Isaac A. Brewser, Massachusetts; W. S. Huntoon, Rhode Island; H. Crane, Missouri; Mr. Schott, Ohio; James F. Power, District Columbia. Recording Secretary—F. A. Schroeder, New-York. Corresponding Secretary—Edward Burke, New-York. Treasurer—David A. McAlpine, New-York.

Admiral Farragut Coming Home.

We learn from good authority that Admiral D. G. Farragut is now on his way to New-York on the Flagship *Hartford*, and that the command of the West Gulf Blockading Squadron has been turned over temporarily to Commodore James S. Palmer. In all probability, the Admiral, who has been recommended for the new rank of Vice-Admiral, will not return again to the scene of his glorious exploits.

President Petroleum Company,
PRESIDENT, VENANGO COUNTY, PENN.

It will be seen that the Officers and Directors of this organization are of excellent commercial standing and influence. Liberal advantages are offered to subscribers, they getting the property at the first cost price, viz: in the neighborhood of $100 per acre for first-class oil territory. The territory is very ample and great prospects are entertained of large returns.

Messrs. L. H. SIMPSON & CO., 64 Cedar-st., New-York, supply pamphlets and all information.

$100 paid in now secures $500 of the Original stock.

Office of the Company, No. 71 Broadway, New-York.

Let your First Attack of Indigestion be the last. Rouse the dormant energies of the stomach with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. The tone thus imparted it will retain. You will no more be troubled with flatulence, nausea, headache, gnawing pains in the epigastrium, lassitude, and intestinal pains and irregularities. The Bitters are a preventive and pancea for all these difficulties.

Sold everywhere. New-York office No. 59 Cedar-st.

It is Not a Dye.

Life, Growth and Beauty to the Hair.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's Hair Restorer and Dressing arrests the fall and never fails to restore gray hair to its natural color and produce a luxuriant growth.

For sale at Depot No. 198 Greenwich-st., and by all Druggists.

The First Premiums for the Best Sewing Machine, and the best machine work, were awarded to the GROVER & BAKER Sewing Machine Company, at the Montgomery County, Penn., Fair this Fall.

Perry's
MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION.

Chloasma, or Moth Patches, Lentigo or Freckles, blemishes in the face called moth, are very annoying, particularly to ladies of light complexion, as the discolored spots on the face show more strongly on blondes than brunettes; but they contribute greatly in marring the beauty on either; and anything that will effectually remove them without injuring the skin in texture or color, would be considered a great achievement in medical science. Dr. B. C. PERRY, who has made diseases of the skin a specialty, has discovered an infallible remedy for the removal of moth, freckles and other discolorations from the face without injuring the skin in texture or color. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. For sale by all druggists. Call for Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.

WEEKS & POTTER, No. 170 Washington-st., Boston,
Wholesale Agents for New England.

Bargains in Fine Carriages.

WOOD BROTHERS offer at their temporary warerooms, "Palace Garden," 14th-st., near 6th-av., a large stock, latest styles,
CLARENCES,
FAMILY BROUGHAMS,
COUPES,
LANDAUS,
PARK PHAETONS.

Also, all the fashionable varieties of Sleighs, made by James Goold & Co., Albany, and other celebrated builders.

Holiday Presents of
AFFECTION AND CHARITY.
WHEELER & WILSON'S Highest Premium
Lock-stitch
SEWING MACHINES,
No. 625 Broadway, New-York.
See Wheeler & Wilson's Button-hole machine.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Diamond Parlor Matches.—These Matches are the BEST IN THE WORLD, SURE FIRE, WITHOUT SULPHUR, no disagreeable smell, and a luxury and comfort to smokers and people with weak lungs. For wholesale and retail, by
THE LODI MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
No. 66 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

If You Want to Know, &c., Read
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,
A curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Price, $1 50. To be had at all news depots. Contents tables mailed free. Address
Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, N. Y.

Low Pressure Steam Heating Apparatus,
BAKER, SMITH & CO., No. 182 Centre-st.

Measles are prostrating the Volunteers by hundreds; the hospitals are crowded with them. Soldiers, be warned in time. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are positively infallible in the cure of this disease; occasional doses of them will preserve the health, even under the greatest exposures. If the reader of this "notice" cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug-store in his place, let him write to me, No. 80 Maiden-lane, inclosing the amount, and I will mail a box, free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand, because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1 40 per box or pot.

A Card.—THE METROPOLITAN BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM.—E. A. BROOKS, having, for the greater convenience of himself and customers, removed from his old store in Fulton-st., and concentrated his business at his old and commodious Broadway store, is now prepared to offer for the inspection of his patrons, the most beautiful assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, to be found in this city. His stock of goods comprise every variety of styles for ladies, gents, misses, boys and children. The public are invited to call and examine at No. 575 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

Musical Boxes—Playing from 1 to 24 tunes and costing from $3 50 to $750 00, very desirable HOLIDAY PRESENTS. M. J. PAILLARD, importer, No. 21 Maiden-lane, up stairs, New-York.

Marvin's Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Safes for offices and dwellings never mould their contents. MARVIN & Co., No. 265 B'way

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.
FOR THE CURE OF
COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, HOARSENESS,
DIFFICULT BREATHING, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT, BRONCHIAL TUBES AND LUNGS, LEADING TO CONSUMPTION.

This infallible remedy is composed of the *Honey* of the plant Horehound, in chemical union with *Tar-Balm*, extracted from the LIFE PRINCIPLE of the forest tree *Abies Balsamea*, or Balm of Gilead.

The Honey of Horehound *soothes and scatters* all irritations and inflammations, and the Tar-Balm *cleanses and heals* the throat and air passages leading to the lungs. *Five* additional ingredients keep the organs cool, moist and in healthful action. Let no prejudice hinder you from testing this sovereign remedy of an illustrious physician and chemist, who himself thoroughly tested it for years in his extensive private practice. It is safe, sure and pleasant, the Tar-Balm being entirely free from the offensive qualities of common tar.

PRICE, 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE. For sale by all Druggists. CHARLES DOWNER, General Agent, No. 44 Cedar-st., New-York.

Ivory and Pearl Jewelry, Latest Styles.—WM. M. WELLING, No. 571 Broadway, sign of the Golden Elephant.

Ladies' Polish Boots, Balmorals, White Satin Slips and Gaiters; Boys' and Misses' Boots and Shoes. Ladies, patronize
MILLER & CO., No. 387 Canal-st.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Corns, Bunions, Enlarged Joints, and all Diseases of the Feet cured by Dr. ZACHARIE, No. 760 Broadway.

At Old Prices—Wedding, Visiting and Ball Cards—EVERDELL'S elegant styles, No. 302 Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

33 Second-hand Safes, of different Makers, (taken in exchange,) for sale cheap, by MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.

A Large Assortment of Imported Boots, Slippers and Venisiens, to be sold cheap to close the stock. Quilted Slippers for Holiday presents. No. 571 Broadway.
M. L. HILL.

Second Hand Safes for Sale Cheap for CASH AT No. 100 MAIDEN LANE.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50c., Black or Brown—Reliable. Depot, No. 1 Barclay-st. Sold by all druggists.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

MARRIED.

HAVEMEYER—MOLLER.—On Wednesday, Dec. 7, at St. James' Lutheran Church, by Rev. Charles F. E. Stohlman, Henry Havemeyer and Jennie, eldest daughter of William Moller, Esq., all of this city.

MORSE—CROSS.—On Thursday, Dec. 8, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. F. C. Ewer, assisted by Rev. Mr. Cook, Rev. J. B. Morse, of Charlestown, Mass., and Sophia V., daughter of James M. Cross, Esq., of New-York.

SCHOONMAKER—RYDER.—On Thursday, Dec. 8, at the Reformed Dutch Church at Gravesend, L. I., by Rev. M. G. Hanson, Stephen B. Schoonmaker, of Flatbush, and Agnes Ryder, only daughter of the late Jacobus Ryder.

DIED.

AVILA.—On Wednesday, Dec. 7, Samuel Avila, in the 61st year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Friday) afternoon, Dec. 9, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his brother, John Avila, No. 134 Nassau-st., Brooklyn.

ADAMSON.—At Croton Dam, on Wednesday, Dec. 7, Mrs. Catharine Adamson, wife of Daniel Adamson, Esq., aged 59 years.

Her remains will be taken to Dale Cemetery, Sing Sing, for interment. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from her late residence, on Saturday, the 10th inst., at 10 A. M., without further notice.

BARKER.—At New-Rochelle, on Wednesday, Dec. 7, Emma L., daughter of Joseph D. and Hannah A. Barker.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, Dec. 10, from the M. E. Church, Tuckahoe, at 11 o'clock. Harlem Railroad cars leave 26th-st. and 4th-av. at 8:15 A. M. Conveyances at the depot, Tuckahoe, to convey the friends to the house and church. Will be interred at White Plains.

BEDELL.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Dec. 7, of consumption, at the residence of his brother-in-law, George W. Whitmore, Le Roy Bedell, of Company E, 11th Pennsylvania Cavalry, aged 21 years, 8 months and 26 days, son of the late Capt. Benjamin and Elizabeth Bedell.

His friends and relatives, and those of his brother-in-law, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday, at 2 o'clock P. M., at No. 299 State st., Brooklyn. His remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

BROWN.—Of croup, Charles Arthur Brown, son of Robert J. and Mary C. A. Brown, in the 8th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 207 East 84th-st., this (Friday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

EDWARDS.—At Beaufort, S. C., on Tuesday, Nov. 22, Capt. George Edwards, 1st Regiment N. Y. Vol. Engineers, aged 37 years, son of George Edwards, No. 745 Broadway, New-York.

GRAY.—On Wednesday, Dec. 7, Mary, wife of Abraham Gray, aged 54 years.

Friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from No. 13 Beach-st., on Saturday, the 10th inst., at 1 P. M.

JENNINGS.—At Newburgh, on Wednesday, Dec. 7, Lewis Jennings, Esq., in the 38th year of his age.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Reformed Dutch Church, on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

LAWRENCE.—On Thursday morning, Dec. 8, at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, William Lawrence, Esq., in the 73d year of his age.

The funeral will take place at Grace Church, on Saturday, the 10th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M. The remains will be taken to Newtown, L. I., for interment.

MCILVEEN.—On Monday morning, Dec. 5, of chronic diarrhœa, David McIlveen, in the 21st year of his age, only son of Jane and the late David McIlveen.

Belfast, Ireland, papers please copy.

NEXSEN.—On Thursday, Dec. 8, George W. Nexsen, in the 65th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 331 Degraw-st., Brooklyn, on Saturday, the 10th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M.

OWEN.—Of chronic diarrhœa, Owen Evan Owen, aged 76 years, born near Barmouth, Wales.

The friends of deceased and family are invited to attend the services, to be held on Friday next, between 12 and 1 P. M., at the Welsh Congregational Church, No. 33 East 11th-st., preparatory to his interment in Greenwood.

TIMME.—On Thursday, Dec. 8, Mrs. Eliza F., wife of Herman F. Timme, aged 55 years and 9 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 352 Bowery, to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon, at 1½ o'clock.

WHITTLESEY.—At Elizabeth, N. J., on Tuesday, Dec. 6, Gilbert B. Whittlesey, in the 39th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, this day, (Friday,) the 9th inst., from the Second Presbyterian Church, Elizabeth, at 2 P. M. Interment at the Evergreens Cemetery.

WILLIAMS.—In Jersey City, on Tuesday, Dec. 6, Clarissa Francelia, wife of George Williams, and youngest daughter of the late Simon R. and Clarissa McGown, in the 25th year of her age.

The remains were interred at Tarrytown, Westchester County.

CRESCENT LODGE No. 402, F. & A. M.—The members of Crescent Lodge No. 402, F. & A. M., are hereby summoned and required to be at their Lodge room, No. 8 Union-square, on Friday morning, Dec. 9, at 9½ o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral service of our deceased brother, Dr. Moses H. Ranney, late resident physician of the Lunatic Asylum, Blackwell's Island. The service will be held at Calvary Church, corner of 4th-av. and 21st-st., at 10 o'clock A. M.

JAMES N. PIPER, W. M.
Wm. G. Taft, Secretary.

FOR SALE—A FILE OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES complete, including the Sunday edition, from Dec. 1, 1860, to the present time. Apply to or address SUBSCRIPTION CLERK, *Times* office.

ARCHBISHOP HUGHES' MEMORIAL.

The memorial prepared by order of the Corporation of this city relative to the death of the late Archbishop Hughes, is now on
FREE EXHIBITION,
by order of the Special Committee having charge of the same, at the piano warerooms of Julius Bauer & Co., No. 544 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts., from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW-YEAR'S.
J. MARC MARTIN,
Importer of
CHOICE WINES, BRANDIES, ETC.,
No. 203 PEARL-ST., NEW-YORK.
ALL GOODS WARRANTED STRICTLY PURE,
and sent to all parts of the country at the lowest trade prices.

SAVE LABOR! SAVE YOUR COAL!

If you want a Heater, Range or Stove that will require but one lighting of fires in the season, give you a pure, moist atmosphere, consume less coal and give less trouble than any other, call at No. 270 Canal-st., a few doors east of Broadway.
JOHN SUMNER.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY
of all descriptions
FOR SALE BY
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
one door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

CAPTAIN WINSLOW, OF THE KEARSARGE, AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

The N. Y. Port Society will hold a meeting at the Academy of Music, Saturday evening, December 10, at 7½ o'clock, on which occasion Capt. Winslow has consented to be present and is expected to address the audience.

The meeting will also be addressed by the Rev. Drs. Hill Scudder, T. L. Cuyler, R. R. Booth, Rev. Chas. J. Jones, Rev. E. D. Murphy, and others.

Tickets of admission, 50 cents each, may be procured of A. D. F. Randolph, No. 770 Broadway, Messrs. Robert Carter & Bro., No. 530 Broadway, Mr. Nathan Lane, No. 69 Wall-st., and at the Academy of Music, on the 10th inst.

AN ENTIRELY NEW INVENTION IN DENTISTRY.

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DIVIDEND NOTICE NO. 2.

The Directors of this Company have declared a dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT. on their capital stock for November, payable to New-York stockholders at the office of JAMES B. POST, Room No. 25, No. 20 Exchange-place, on and after the the 15th inst

G. W. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

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New-York, Dec. 6, 1864.

AT AN ELECTION HELD ON THE 5TH inst., the following-named gentlemen were duly elected Directors of the Bank for the ensuing year, viz.:

JAMES H. FONDA, JOHN T. B. MAXWELL,
JOHN RANDALL, MASON THOMSON,
RALPH MEAD, WYLLIS BLACKSTONE,
MELANC'N M. FREEMAN, WM. M. VERMILYE,
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And the following Inspectors of the next election:

ISAAC LABAGH, JAMES A. DEGRAUW,
JOHN KNOWER.

At the regular meeting of the board, held this day, JAMES H. FONDA was unanimously reelected President for the ensuing year.

F. CHANDLER, Cashier.

BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, Dec. 6, 1864.

THE BANK OF COMMERCE, OF PUTNAM COUNTY, (Carmel,) has this day filed, in this office, a notice of the appointment of MANUEL & COOKE, in the City of New-York, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, together with a revocation of the appointment of MANUEL & VAN DUZER, as such agent, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851.

H. H. VAN DYCK, Superintendent.

PURSUANT TO THE TERMS OF THE agreement, the annual meeting of the owners of certificates issued by the Trustees of Creditors and Stockholders of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company, (E. D.) will be held at the office of said Trustees, No. 88 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on WEDNESDAY the 14th of December, 1864, at 12 o'clock, noon.

ALLAN CAMPBELL, Chairman.

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Stock subject to no further assessment.

50,000 SHARES, OR $100,000, RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

The New-York and Philadelphia Petroleum Company has been organized with the greatest care by experienced capitalists of the two cities, whose names are united in its own. It will be managed EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE INTERESTS OF ITS STOCKHOLDERS.

No pains have been spared to place it on a genuine and substantial footing. Most valuable and extensive tracts of Oil and Coal Land have been secured IN FEE, and leasehold PRODUCING INTERESTS in the heart of the Venango County, Penn., Oil region. Attention is invited to the following schedule of the company's property, including FEE SIMPLE TERRITORY, LEASEHOLDS, PRODUCING WELLS, and wells in various stages of completion.

No. 1.—30 acres of bottom land, in fee, on the Alleghany river, having a water-frontage of nearly one mile. New 10-horse power engine and fixtures. Two wells sunk to the depth of 300 feet and already filled with oil. Room for 40 more wells.

No. 2.—320 acres of rich oil land, in fee, lying nearly opposite the above, having a mile of water-frontage on Prather and Bennett runs. Well supplied with timber.

No. 3.—Lease interest on the famous "Widow McClintock Farm," Oil Creek. One well down and testing; another just ready to tube; a third just started. Two first-class engines. Tubing, tools, fixtures, team, wagons, &c.

No. 4.—Same interest in lease on the well-known "HAMILTON McCLINTOCK FARM," Oil Creek. One well now being tested; already yielding 12 barrels daily, and rapidly increasing; others going down. Two new engines, with fixtures complete.

No. 5.—1-12 of two leases on the CLAPP FARM, near the great Williams and Stanton 100 barrel wells. On this property is "Sherman Well, No. 2," now down 500 feet. Engine, &c., &c. Room for more wells.

No. 6.—1-16 of the fee in 57 ACRES OF COAL LAND, adjoining the Cranberry Coal Company's beds. This property is of the utmost value to our operations, supplying us with coal at all seasons, and when the works of other companies are found to be idle for want of fuel.

From these estates, the Trustees are assured of their ability to declare LARGE AND REGULAR MONTHLY DIVIDENDS at an early day, and of the speedy appreciation of the shares to A MARKET VALUE FAR ABOVE THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

The INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE sent from New-York and Philadelphia, whose favorable report is printed with the prospectus, speak in unlimited terms of the Company's property and prospects.

Books for ORIGINAL SUBSCRIPTION
ARE NOW OPEN
at the offices of the Company, and at the New-York, Philadelphia, and Boston banking-houses, named below.

Prospectuses, maps, and detailed information at either subscription office.

The public are assured that, whether for investment or speculation, no better security than these shares can be obtained.

SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS.
FRANCIS A. PALMER, at Broadway Bank, No. 237 Broadway,
POLHAMUS & JACKSON, No. 43 Exchange-place, New-York.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO., No. 52 William-st., New-York.
CLARKSON & CO., No. 121 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.
MELLEN, WARD & MOWER, Bankers, No. 20 Congress-st., Boston.
STEWART & CO., Bankers, Washington, D. C.

H. J. MESSENGER,

BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,

Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions,

We buy and sell at market rates,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. 6s, OF 1881,
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS.
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81.
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.

Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates.

ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

OFFICE WELLS, FARGO & CO., NO. 84 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1864.

TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS OF MONEY TO CALIFORNIA AND OREGON made, and Exchange on
SAN FRANCISCO,
LONDON,
DUBLIN and
PARIS.
For sale by
WELLS, FARGO & CO.

OFFICE OF SHELDEN AND COLUMBIA COPPER CO.,
No. 22 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 29, 1864.

SALES OF FORFEITED STOCK.—THE following stock in the Sheldon and Columbia Copper Company is forfeited for non-payment of installment due Sept. 26, 1864, and that the same will be sold at public auction at the office of the Secretary of the company, No. 22 William-st., on the 31st day of December, at 3 o'clock P. M., unless previously redeemed, viz.: Certificate No. 23, name of W. H. Morton, 50 shares; No. 20, John Simpkins, 25 shares; No. 49, B. F. Woodward, 5 shares; No. 55, Herman Brahe, 25 shares; No. 72, James M. Shute, Jr., 50 shares; No. 77, John Richardson, 25 shares.

HENRY PHELPS, Secretary.

MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY,
COMPANY'S OFFICE, NO. 48 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
ROOM NO. 20, THIRD FLOOR, P. O. BOX, NO. 4,458,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1864.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY will stand closed on and from the 16th to 31st December, instant, both days inclusive, for the purpose of taking the vote on the question of proposed lease of McGregor Western Railroad, as stated in circular of the President of 6th December.

None but registered holders can vote.

G. E. TAINTOR, Transfer Agent.

THE FOLLOWING SUGGESTIONS ARE made by prominent stockholders for the consideration of all the stockholders of the Maryland Copper and the New-York and Passaic Copper Companies: First—That measures be taken to have their stock declared free from future assessments. Second—That the mines be worked with greater energy, to the end that small annual dividends may be made. Third—That our property has increased in value by the new Constitution making Maryland a free State. Fourth—That, if practicable, the two companies be consolidated. Fifth—That stockholders favorable to the move use their greatest exertions for the furtherance of any or all the points named.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1864.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the regular annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank, for the election of nine Directors and of three Inspectors of Election, to serve for one year, will be held at the Banking-house of this Bank, at Nos 27 and 29 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the 2d TUESDAY of January next, commencing at 12 o'clock at noon, and closing at 3 o'clock P. M. of that day.

D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK. NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1864.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, for the choice of a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may come legally before them, will be held at the Banking Rooms, No. 318 Broadway, on the 10th day of January next (being the second Tuesday of the month), at the hour of eleven in the forenoon.

W. H. FOSTER, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY,
No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AT the drawing this day made of twenty-five of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company for redemption, the following Bonds numbered 80, 116, 141, 242, 293, 319, 400, 451, 464, 552, 606, 612, 748, 757, 765, 842, 857, 945, 990, 1087, 1168, 1217, 1314, 1372, 1383, were drawn by lot, and that the same will be paid in Gold, on presentation at the office of the Company on MONDAY, the 2d day of January next, the first day of the month being Sunday. The Bonds so drawn must be presented for payment within ten days of the 1st day of January next, under penalty of the forfeiture of the right of redemption under this drawing. By order of the Board.

DATED 5th Dec., 1864. W. TITUS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY,
No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

Notice is hereby given, that the Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company, falling due on the 1st day of January next, will be paid in Gold, on presentation at the office of the Company, on an after MONDAY, the 2d day of January next.

DATED 5th Dec., 1864. W. TITUS, Secretary.

$150,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND mortgage in various amounts. Apply to PARSONS & WARD, No. 81 Cedar-st.

COMMISIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beckman-st., Room No. first floor over Park Bank.

DIVIDENDS.

OCEANIC PETROLEUM COMPANY
DIVIDEND.

A Dividend of ONE PER CENT on the Capital Stock ($2,000,000) will be paid at the office of the Company, No. 134 Maiden-lane, on the 20th inst., from the earnings of the Company to the 1st December. The transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 20th inst.

WM. H. PHELPS, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 3, 1864.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD CO.,
OFFICE NO. 73 SOUTH 4TH-ST.
PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 30, 1864.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The transfer books of this Company will be closed on THURSDAY, Dec. 15, and reopened on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1865.

A Dividend of 15 per cent., on the common and preferred stock, clear of National and State taxes, has been declared payable in common stock, on 31st Dec. next, on all stock standing on the books of the Company at the close of business on the 15th proximo.

Stockholders whose names are registered on the New-York books, will be paid at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No 56 Wall-st.

S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.

CAVALRY BUREAU, OFFICE OF ASST. QUARTERMASTER,
No. 18 State-st., NEW-YORK, July 27, 1864.

I will purchase in OPEN MARKET all the cavalry horses that may be presented and pass inspection at the Government stables, corner of 10th-av. and 35th-st., in this City, until further notice.

Payment will be made in checks, payable in certificates of indebtedness, when seven (7) or more horses are received. Price, one hundred and sixty-five ($165) each.

GEO. T. BROWNING,
Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster.

OFFICE OF THE LITTLE MIAMI RAILROAD CO.
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT, CINCINNATI,
Dec. 1, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT EXclusive of the Government Tax, which will be paid by the Company, has been declared, payable to Eastern Stockholders, in New-York funds, on and after the 15th inst. On their request to that effect addressed to the undersigned, a check will be forwarded by mail, or otherwise, as may be desired.

S. E. WRIGHT, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THE DALZELL PETROLEUM COMPANY have this day declared their Sixth Monthly Dividend of One Per Cent. of the Capital Stock, clear of State tax, payable at the office of the Company, Philadelphia Bank Buildings, Philadelphia, on and after the 15th inst.

G. E. FRYER, Secretary.
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF THREE DOLLARS PER share (free from Government tax) has been declared on the capital stock of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company, payable on and after Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1865, to those who shall be stockholders on the 24th day of December inst., when the transfer books will close, and reopen again on the 3d day of January next.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 7, 1864. W. BENNET, Treas.

THE CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY, of this city, have this day declared their eighth monthly Dividend of One per Cent. on their capital of $5,000,000, payable on the 15th inst., at their office, No. 10 Pine-st. The transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 16th inst. JAMES BISHOP, President.

FRED W. CLARKE, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

CHOICE OIL PAINTINGS OF THE HIGHEST CLASS.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell at auction, on the EVENINGS of THURSDAY and FRIDAY, Dec. 8 and 9, at 7½ o'clock each evening,

At the old DUSSELDORF GALLERY, No. 518 Broadway, next door to Tiffany & Co.

Large sale of very choice OIL PAINTINGS of the highest class, being three entire private collections, with others just received from Europe, comprising works of

B. C. Koek Koek,
A. Cornet,
Carabain,
Merty,
Louis Myer,
Karsen,
Natscher,
Lommens,
Gia Comucci,
Di Criscito,
Vertunni,
Matini,
Bencelari,
Russo,
Del Rye,
A. F. Tait,
Wm. M. Brown.
H. Savry,
Leickert,
Vander Waerden,
David Col,
Terburg,
Scheers,
Verschuur,
Centurier,
Peluso,
Alfano,
De Nigris,
De Gregori,
Petrucelli,
Filippo Polferi,
Toma,
James Hart,
B. Schaep,
M. Koek Koek,
Vermeren,
Van Hove,
Hulks,
Eckhout,
Opdenhoff,
N. Pitazzi,
Saltelli,
Pappaceno,
Discanoo,
Hartagno,
Sacilano,
Mich Cammarano,
Mancini,
David Johnson.

They will be on exhibition on and after FRIDAY, Dec. 2, and two evenings previous to the sale, from 7 to 10 o'clock each evening.

TO BOOK-BUYERS.

Book-trade Salesrooms, No. 498 Broadway, GEO. A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer, by J. E. COOLEY. Consignments solicited.

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,
Dec. 13, 14, 15 and 16, at 6½ o'clock P. M.,
SPLENDID
"GENTLEMAN'S LIBRARY"
TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, ENTIRE, ON THE ABOVE DATES.

This library is the property of a Southern gentleman, collected during many years without regard to cost, and contains some 5,000 volumes of the choicest works in all departments of literature, adapted to the library of a GENTLEMAN OF TASTE AND LETTERS.

In the catalogue are many very rare, curious, elegant and recherche books, and which cannot readily be obtained elsewhere.

Books may be examined and catalogues obtained at the salesroom.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE OF COTTON.

MONDAY, Dec. 12, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at Francis E. Pinto's warehouse, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, by order of ROBERT MURRAY, Esq., United States Marshal, TWENTY-NINE BALES OF COTTON.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE IN THE TOWN OF WEST FARMS, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Dec. 15, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, by order of the Executors of Geo. S. Fox, deceased, about 42 acres of land, situate in the town of West Farms, on the road leading from West Farms to Hunt's Point, about nine miles from the City Hall, and three miles from the Central Park, New-York. This property has a fine front on tide-water, and is bounded by the estates of B. F. Whitlock, E. G. Faile, P. Spofford, and Kitchen. Its accessibility, and the character of the surrounding neighborhood, render this property in every way desirable for gentlemen wishing to procure first-class sites for suburban residences. Leggett's Creek affords every facility for boating, fishing and bathing. The property also commands a fine view of the Sound and East River. It will be sold in plots of from three to five acres. There is on the premises a modern-built dwelling-house, green-house, boat-house and all necessary outbuildings. Topographical maps can be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st., New-York.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom 37 Nassau-st. opposite the Post-Office.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, on FRIDAY, Dec. 9, at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom, a large collection of ancient and modern oil-paintings, most of which are from a private collection. Also, a number recently received from Europe. The collection comprises landscapes, figures, fruits and house-pieces, marines, &c., &c., many of which are original, and will be sold without reserve.

The above are now on exhibition.

By T. R. MINTURN.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, DEC. 9, AT 11 o'clock, within the store,
2,500 packages Malaga Raisins.
300 boxes new Raisins.
5 cases Citron.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A RARE CHANCE OFFERED COMMISSION stock or banking houses to obtain the services of a thoroughly experienced and competent man of integrity and first-class connections. Would prefer out of door duties as far as possible, though perfectly able to superintend office labors of a financial character. First-class and responsible parties treated with, especially such as offer more inducements than an ornamental position to a talented and steady worker. Address TAX, *Times* Office, Box No. 115.

FOR SALE—A BUTCHER-SHOP, DOING A good business, with a five years' lease. Inquire at No. 112 Broadway, Room No. 3, up stairs.

DENTISTRY.

N. B. GRIFFIN BROS., DENTISTS—HAVing disposed of their Brooklyn establishment, may be consulted only at No. 258 Grand-st., New-York, where they continue to insert full sets of teeth on gold or platina, $25. Silver or rubber, $10. Partial sets gold, $2 per tooth; silver, $1. Extracting, 25 cents.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINATED the use of the Nitrous Oxide Gas. We guarantee to extract teeth without pain, or make no charge. Patients are delighted with the gas. Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

DR. VAN VLECK'S CHEAP DENTISTRY, No. 47 Bond-st. No person need be without teeth at his prices. Teeth extracted without pain

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND.
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.

GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.

SAMUEL WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee are invited to attend.

PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
WM. JOYCE.
Committee on Roads.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M.

All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.

CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.

TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y

TWO ENGINES, NEW AND SECOND-hand, 10x34; also a quantity Shafting, Hangers and Pullies, 1¾, 2, 2½ inches. Shafting seen at No. 435 Broadway; price 10 cents. JOHN STUART, No. 195 Broadway, dealer in Machinery.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION.

OFFICE OF THE DEPOT QUARTERMASTER,
FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS,
November 10, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, M., on the 31st day of December, 1864, for the Transportation of Military Supplies during the year 1865, on the following route:

ROUTE No. 1.—From Forts Leavenworth, Laramie, and Riley, and other depots that may be established during the above year on the west bank of the Missouri River, north of Fort Leavenworth, and south of latitude 42 degrees north, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the Territories of Nebraska, Dakota, Idaho, and Utah, south of latitude 44 degrees north, and east of longitude 114 degrees west, and in the Territory of Colorado north of 40 degrees north. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from April to September, inclusive, of the year 1865.

ROUTE No. 2.—From Forts Leavenworth and Riley, in the State of Kansas, and the town of Kansas, in the State of Missouri, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the State of Kansas, or in the Territory of Colorado, south of latitude 40 degrees north, drawing supplies from Fort Leavenworth, and to Fort Union, N. M., or other depot that may be designated in that Territory; to Fort Garland, and to any other point or points on the route. Bidders are to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from April to September, inclusive, of the year 1865.

ROUTE No. 3.—From Fort Union, or such depot as may be established in the Territory of New-Mexico, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in that Territory, and to such posts or stations as may be designated in the Territory of Arizona and State of Texas west of longitude 105 degrees west. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from June to November, inclusive, of the year 1865.

The weight to be transported each year will not exceed 10,000,000 pounds on Route No 1; 15,000,000 pounds on Route No. 2; and 6,000,000 pounds on Route No. 3.

No additional per centage will be paid for the transportation of bacon, hard bread, pine lumber, shingles, or any other stores.

Bidders should give their names in full, as well as their place of residence, and each proposal should be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more responsible persons, guaranteeing that in case a contract is awarded for the route mentioned in the proposal, to the parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished by said parties in accordance with the terms of this advertisement.

The amount of bonds required will be as follows.

On Route No. 1	$100,000
On Route No. 2	200,000
On Route No. 3	60,000

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder and person offered as security will be required.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Army Transportation on Route No. 1," "2," or "3," as the case may be; and none will be entertained unless they fully comply with all the requirements of this advertisement.

Parties to whom awards are made must be prepared to execute contracts at once, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of the same.

Contracts will be made subject to the approval of the Quartermaster-General, but the right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may be offered.

Contractors must be in readiness for service by the first day of April, 1865, and they will be required to have a place of agencies at or in the vicinity of Forts Leavenworth and Union, and other depots that may be established, at which they may be communicated with promptly and readily.

By order of the Quartermaster-General.

H. C. HODGES, Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

[No. 15.]

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 30, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned until TUESDAY, Dec. 13, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing this Department (by contract) with—

Camp Colors, for Infantry, army standard.
Hospital Tent Poles, sets, army standard.
Wall Tent Poles, sets, army standard.
Hospital Tent Pins, large, army standard.
Hospital Tent Pins, small, army standard.
Wall Tent Pins, large, army standard.
Wall Tent Pins, small, army standard.
Company Order Books, army standard.
Company Clothing Account Books, army standard.
Company Descriptive Books, army standard.
Company Morning Report Books, army standard.
Post Order Books, army standard.
Post Morning Report Books, army standard.
Post Letter Books, army standard.
Post Guard Report Books, army standard.
Regimental General Order Books, army standard.
Regimental Letter Books, army standard.
Regimental Descriptive Books, army standard.
Regimental Index Books, army standard.
Record Target Practice Books, army standard.

Samples of the standard articles may be seen at the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered free of charge, at the United States Inspection Warehouse in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and the time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to army standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on TUESDAY, Dec. 13, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present

Awards will be made on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 14, 1864, and preference will be given to bidders agreeing to complete their deliveries within three months from date of commencement.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope, "Proposal for [here insert the name of the article offered]," and address

Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster, Cincinnati Depot.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
NO. 502 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, DEC. 8, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until MONDAY, the 12th inst., at 12 o'clock M., for baling Army Blankets until the 1st of May next, the contractor to furnish all materials necessary to bale the blankets in a satisfactory manner to this department.

The service to be performed in the buildings of this depot, the contractor to supply the machinery.

Further information can be obtained at this office.

Bidders will state the number of bales they can put up per week, and send with their proposals a proper guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, stating that if a contract is awarded to the bidder, they will enter into bonds for the faithful performance of the work.

The United States reserve the right to reject all bids deemed objectionable.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Baling Blankets," and addressed to

Brevet Brig.-Gen. D. H. VINTON,
D. Q. M. Gen., U. S. A.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,
No. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1864.

Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received by the undersigned until 4 o'clock P. M. on MONDAY, the 12th instant, for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz.:

30,000 pounds smoked BEEF HAMS, in sets, THOROUGHLY DRIED.

250,000 pounds first quality, THOROUGHLY SMOKED new BACON SIDES.

50,000 pounds first quality sugar-cured SMOKED HAMS.

The smoked beef hams, bacon and hams, to be delivered in bulk for inspection and packing at such points in the City of New-York as may be designated.

5,000 barrels of first quality extra superfine Southern, St. Louis or other brands of FLOUR suitable for keeping in a warm climate. The brands and places of manufacturing to be stated in the bids. The barrels to be in good shipping order, with round hoops, full head-lined and bungs sealed.

300 barrels first quality kiln-dried CORN MEAL, to be manufactured from white flint corn; sample of package to accompany proposals.

1,000,000 pounds of first quality PILOT BREAD to be made of good sound Extra Ohio or other equally good side-branded flour; crackers to be thoroughly baked and perfectly dried before being packed, and in size, thickness, openness, &c., to conform to standard heretofore established; to be packed in boxes of 50 pounds bread to each box; boxes to be made of fully seasoned wood, of such kinds as will impart no taste or odor to the bread; bottom and top of single pieces, or if of two pieces, tongued and grooved together. Boxes to be strapped with light straps of suitable wood. The Flour and Bread will also be examined by the Inspector, who will reject all that in the quality of the flour, or in any other respect, is inferior to the standard samples. Bidders to state the location of their bakeries, when they can begin their deliveries, and how much bread they can deliver daily.

200,000 pounds prime NEW WHITE BEANS, well seasoned and dry—to be packed in good, bright, well coopered flour barrels, to be full head-lined.

30,000 pounds first quality SPLIT PEAS, to be packed in suitable barrels.

25,000 pounds first quality white flint corn HOMINY, size No. 3 and 4, in well-coopered, head-lined flour barrels.

30,000 pounds carefully selected TEA, in original packages, ⅓ Green, ⅓ Souchong, ⅓ Oolong; packages to be matted, well strapped and in perfect order. Cargo and chop marks to be stated on the proposals. Each sample must be marked in full with the name of the party offering, the cargo and chop mark, price and quantity offered.

1,000,000 pounds of clean, dry BROWN SUGAR; barrels to be new and of the best in use for the purpose, and to be full head-lined.

25,000 pounds PEPPER, (Black,) in original bags. Bidders will please state the variety of pepper, as Sumatra, Singapore, Penang, &c., furnishing samples.

Bids for Tea, Sugar and Pepper may be made *in bond, or duty paid.*

40,000 GALLONS of the best quality of PURE VINEGAR, made only from Cider or Whisky, free from all foreign acids or injurious substances, and of a uniform strength, the Whisky Vinegar taking thirty-five grains bicarbonate of potash to neutralize one ounce Troy, the Cider Vinegar as near the same strength as may be; to be put up in half barrels of 22 gallons capacity, like samples at this office. Each proposal must state distinctly the kind and quality of Vinegar offered and the kind of package.

100,000 pounds best quality of ADAMANTINE CANDLES, to be 16 ounces to the pound, one half-sizes, the remainder twelves.

100,000 pounds good hard soap, to be made by boiling and only from good materials, free from clay, soluble glass or other adulteration, to have no unpleasant odor, to contain not more than twenty-five per cent. of water, and to be well dried before being packed; 15,000 pounds to be such as is generally used for washing hands.

200,000 pounds of good, clean, dry, fine SALT, in strong tight barrels and half barrels, adapted to the purpose, with full-head lining; sixty pounds to the bushel.

15,000 gallons good MOLASSES or SYRUP, in barrels or cypress half barrels with pine heads, and at least four iron hoops.

10,000 gallons of superior BOURBON WHISKY; barrels to be of good seasoned white oak staves and heads; to have twelve wooden and four strong iron hoops, heads and iron hoops painted. Returns required from a ganger and inspector to be named by the undersigned.

20,000 gallons of RECTIFIED WHISKY, to be full first proof, according to the United States Custom-house standard. Barrels to be of good seasoned white oak staves and heads; to have twelve wood and four strong iron hoops, heads and iron hoops painted. Returns required as above.

20,000 pounds of "C" SUGAR; barrels to be new and of the best in use for the purpose, and to be full head-lined.

100,000 pounds CRUSHED SUGAR; barrels as above.

30,000 pounds best quality of SPERM CANDLES, to be 16 ounces to the pound.

The goods to be furnished as soon as practicable; bidders are requested to state the time when they can deliver.

Separate proposals, *in duplicate,* must be made for each article enumerated, and bidders may propose for the whole or any part of each.

Samples of all the articles must be delivered with the proposals, and referred to therein. Samples of Beans, Sugar, Tea, Peas, Hominy and Pepper must be in neat boxes of card-board or tin, fully labeled, *and not in paper parcels.*

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth of the value of the stores proposed to be furnished shall be executed, if required."

The seller's name, place of business, and the date of purchase, as well as the name of contents, with weight, gross and tare, and shipping marks, to be hereafter designated, must be plainly marked on every package. All other old marks must be obliterated. All boxes to be strapped with green hickory straps.

Certificates of inspection by professional packers or inspectors, *other than the party furnishing the provisions,* will be required for the meat, certifying on the part of the seller their present quality and condition, and the immediately preceding inspection. The meat will also be examined and passed upon by Robert P. Getty, inspector on the part of the United States.

The flour will be inspected at the date of delivery, and compared with the retained samples, by an inspector appointed by this office, whose certificate will be required.

All the stores will be carefully inspected before their delivery, and compared with the retained samples. Returns of weights, signed by a professional Public Weigher, must be furnished.

Payments will be made in currency, or its equivalent.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."

H. F. CLARKE,
Colonel, A. D. C. and C. S.

[No. 17.]

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
CINCINNATI, O., December 3, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until WEDNESDAY, December 14, 1864, at 12 o'clock, M. for the immediate delivery of the following articles:

500 pairs PEGGED BOOTS, No. 5, Army Standard.
500 pairs PEGGED BOOTS, No. 6, Army Standard.
2,000 pairs PEGGED BOOTS, No. 7, Army Standard.
3,000 pairs PEGGED BOOTS, No. 8, Army Standard.

Samples of the standard articles may be seen at the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered, free of charge, at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to Army Standard; otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under this proposal.

Bids will be opened on Wednesday, December 14, 1864, at 12 o'clock, noon, at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Thursday, December 15, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of Proposals, Contracts and Bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

Indorse envelope: "Proposal for [here insert the name of the article offered]," and address

Col. WM. W. McKIM,
Chief Quartermaster, Cincinnati Depot.

OFFICE ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, 12TH AND GIRARD STS., PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M. on SATURDAY, the 10th inst., for supplying the Schuylkill Arsenal with the following articles:

HOSPITAL TENTS AND FLIES. Army Standard. The Tents to be made of 28½-inch Cotton Duck, to weigh 12 ounces to the linear yard. The Flies to be made of 28½-inch Cotton Duck, to weigh 10 ounces to the linear yard.

SHELTER TENTS, Army Standard. To be made of Cotton Duck, 33½ inches wide, to weigh 8 ounces to the linear yard.

All the above Tents and Flies to be made according to the specifications adopted by the Quartermaster's Department.

Each bid must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the guarantee, and certified to as being good and sufficient security for the amount involved by some public functionary of the United States.

Bids from defaulting contractors, and those that do not fully comply with the requirements of this advertisement, will not be considered.

Blank forms for proposals, embracing the terms of the guarantee required in each bid, can be had on application at this office, and none others which do not embrace the guarantee will be considered; nor will any proposal be considered which does not strictly conform to the requirements therein stated.

The bids must state the number and quantity of each kind of article proposed to be delivered.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Army Supplies," stating on the envelope the article bid for.

HERMAN BIGGS,
Colonel Quartermaster's Department

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
FORAGE DEPARTMENT, NO. 46 CEDAR-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 11, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the
FREIGHTING OF FORAGE
for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine.
TO
Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.
PROPOSITIONS
must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to

S. L. BROWN,
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR $500,000 VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS

FAMILY AID FUND BONDS NO. 11.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office until WEDNESDAY, the 21st day of December, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the purchase of the whole or any part of the sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars of the "Volunteer Soldiers Family Aid Fund Bonds No. 11," authorized by an ordinance of the Corporation, passed Nov. 28, 1864, and an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed March 6, 1863.

The said Bonds will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of May and November in each year, and the principal will be redeemed Nov. 1, 1875.

The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof, and the persons whose proposals are accepted, will thereupon be required to deposit with the Chamberlain of the City (at the Broadway Bank) the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive bonds for equal amounts of the par value thereof, bearing interest from the dates of payments.

Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Volunteer Soldiers Family Aid Fund Bonds No. 11," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids if the interests of the Corporation require it.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE.
November, 29, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER,
No. 237 Broadway.

TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS, INclosed in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and with the name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until THURSDAY, Dec. 15, 1864, at 11 o'clock A. M.,

For furnishing fifteen hundred (1,500) cast-iron lamp-posts for the City of New-York.

For filling sunken lots in One Hundred and Twenty-first and One Hundred and Twenty-third streets, between First-avenue and Avenue A.

Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.—Dated Street Department, New-York, Dec. 3, 1864.

CHARLES G. CORNELL, Street Commissioner.

MEDICAL.

A BLESSING TO EVERY WOMAN.

The only specific known to be always safe, healthy and certain for removing obstructions or irregularities of nature, from whatever cause, and bring on the monthly sickness, is the wonderful and infallible

PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.

Price $3 and $5. Sold by Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, sole agent for the United States, office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by return mail in letter envelopes.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 61 Franklin-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

CAUTION TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.—DR. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, deems it his duty to caution ladies, that his scientific mode of treatment in all cases of irregularity or suppression, is the only one at once healthy and certain in all cases, however complicated. He is consulted with the strictest confidence.

DR. A. M. MAURICEAU is the author of "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince any lady of his thorough knowledge of her complaints. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at No. 1 Vesey-st., No. 18 Ann-st.; also, at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail, by addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City.

CAUTION.—CHLORODYNE—IN CHANCERY.—It was clearly proved before Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood, by affidavits from eminent hospital physicians in London, that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's.—*See Times,* Jan. 13, 1864. The public, therefore, are cautioned against using any other than Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE, which is affirmed by medical testimonials to be the most efficacious medicine ever discovered for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spasms, Rheumatism, &c. No home should be without it. J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., London, sole manufacturer. Observe particularly, none genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Stamp. Agent, New-York, Mr. JAMES ASPINWALL, William-st.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE PILLS have been a Standard Remedy for over thirty years, and are the most effectual one ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing with certainty periodical regularity. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box—the price $1 per box, or six boxes for $5, containing from fifty to sixty pills.

Pills sent by mail promptly, secure from observation, by remitting to the Proprietors. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
81 Cedar-st., New-York.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this City who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—See Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate cases is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

DR. HUNTER HAS FOR THIRTY YEARS confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has cured no less than fifty thousand cases. His wonderful medical discovery, Dr. Hunter's Red Drop, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. It is $5 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere than at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. A dozen separate rooms and a private entrance. Book for nothing that treats of the evil effects of early abuse.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS, No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., and 162 Chambers-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions; address Box 2,350 N. Y. P. O.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS. 61 Franklin-st. N. Y.

DR. B. A. BARROW'S UNPRECEDENTED success in treating disease is truly encouraging to those without hope of finding relief. Office No. 194 Bleecker-st., between Macdougal-st. and Cottage-place, New-York.

DR. STRINGER & CO. MAY BE CONSULTED in all cases of a private and confidential nature, incidental to gentlemen or ladies. Dr. STRINGER & CO., No. 377 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 7.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 14.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 21.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec 28.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 4.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 11.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage $132 50
Second Cabin Passage 80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage $112 50
Second Cabin Passage 65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,612	....
ONTARIO—building	3,212	....
HELVETIA—building	3,200	....
ERIN	3,318	Grace.
LOUISIANA	2,165	Prowse.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Brooking.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
VIRGINIA—Lewis .... Saturday, Dec. 10.
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $125 in currency; Steerage, $45 in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUGENIE	(Afloat)	900-horse power
FRANCE	(Building)	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III	(Building)	1,100-horse power

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the
WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE;
LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE;
as follows:

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.
WASHINGTON ...... WEDNESDAY .... Dec. 7.
LAFAYETTE ...... WEDNESDAY .... Jan. 4.
First Cabin, (including table wine) $135
Second Cabin, (including table wine) .... $70 or $80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

Line of Side-Wheel Steamers to
NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
Will sail as follows:

EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, Dec. 10.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, Dec. 17.
MORNING STAR	Nelson	Saturday, Dec. 24.
EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, Jan. 7.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, Jan. 14.
MORNING STAR	Nelson	Saturday, Jan. 21.
DAY STAR	(Building.)	

At 3 o'clock, P. M.

From Pier 46 North River, 3d Pier above Canal-st., N. Y.

PASSAGE—Chief cabin staterooms, $75 to $100, according to location of stateroom. Second cabin, $50.

The *Morning Star* is 2,048 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers.

No Freight received or Bills of Lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing. For Freight or Passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

By special request the steamship GUIDING STAR, sailing from New-York Dec. 17, will call at Havana to land passengers.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails are intended to sail as follows:
CITY OF EDINBURGH .... SATURDAY .... Dec. 10
CITY OF GLASGOW .... SATURDAY .... Dec. 17
CITY OF MANCHESTER .. SATURDAY .... Dec. 24
and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer "CORSICA," Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY, Dec. 5, MONDAY, Jan. 2.
Passage money to Nassau $45
Passage money to Havana 50
(Payable in Gold or its equivalent.)
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE

FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.

The following first-class side-wheel steamships will be dispatched at noon, precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River:
Dec. 13 .... COSTA RICA .... TINKLEPAUGH.
(Connecting at Panama with SACRAMENTO.)
Dec. 23 .... OCEAN QUEEN .... SEABURY.
(Connecting at Panama with GOLDEN CITY.)
Jan. 3 .... NORTH STAR .... WILSON.
(Connecting at Panama with GOLDEN AGE.)
For freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

AMERICAN-EUROPEAN EXPRESS,

No. 72 Broadway.
Forward
PACKAGES,
VALUABLES and MONEY,
to any part of
EUROPE,
By steamer every week.
DRAFTS on Europe in sums to suit.
AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO., Proprietors.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class United States Mail Steamship
GEO. WASHINGTON,
E. V. GAGER, Commander,
Will leave pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 10, at 3 P. M.

The passenger accommodations of this steamer have been elarged and elegantly furnished.

Passage, first-class, $75.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 12 o'clock on day of sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA, via NICARAGUA, at greatly reduced rates this trip. THE CENTRAL AMERICAN TRANSIT COMPANY will dispatch, on MONDAY, Dec. 19, at noon, from Pier No. 29, North River, the elegant steamship GOLDEN RULE, Capt. D. S. BABCOCK.

First Cabin, Saloon, and Deck Rooms, $325; First Cabin, Between Deck Rooms, $300; Second Cabin, open berth, $225; Third Cabin, forward berth, $125. Children 6 to 12 years, one-half rates; Children under 6 years, one quarter rates. Fifty pounds baggage free; extra baggage 10 cents a pound.

This is the shortest route to San Francisco, by 750 miles. There is no charge for meals on the Transit, and it is the only line offering these greatly reduced rates.

For passage apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent,
No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

After this date, the regular opposition sailing day will be the 20th of every month.

FOR HAVANA—THE NEW AND SPLENDID SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP
MORO CASTLE,
R. ADAMS, Commander,
Will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 14, at 3 o'clock, P. M., precisely, for Havana direct.
For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

The new and splendid steamship EAGLE, LAWRENCE, Master, will succeed the MORO CASTLE, and leave on December 21.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway.—U. S. Passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Notary Public.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

SADDLE-HORSE FOR SALE.—ONE OF THE most stylish seen, 15½ hands high, perfectly sound and kind, and would prove one of the most acceptable presents to an officer, or for our park use; has been in many battles, and is well worth $1,000. To save time and trouble, his groom will call upon any one wishing to purchase, and show the action of the horse, or can be seen at No. 142 Mulberry-st. Will be sold to close an estate.
L. CHAPMAN, Executor, No. 9 Cedar-st.

TRUCKS AND WAGONS.—LIGHT AND heavy trucks, express, grocery and business wagons, open and top buggies, constantly on hand and made to order, at HAZZARD'S carriage factory, corner 61st-st. and 3d-av. All warranted.

CARRIAGES.—ONE SECOND-HAND SIX-SEAT close quarter Rockaway, on platform springs; two full-plated Mexican coaches; one six-seat ambulance.
ISAAC MIX, JR., No. 508 Broadway.

TO LET—FIRST-CLASS STABLE, WITH FIVE stalls above ground. $1,000 for the season, near the 5th-av. Hotel. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

RAILROADS.

NEW RAILROAD LINE SOUTH:

BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA—THROUGH IN FIVE HOURS.

Fare, $2. Excursion Ticket, $3, (good for three days.) On and after TUESDAY, Nov. 1, 1864, by the commodious steamer JESSE HOYT, foot of Montague-st., Brooklyn, every day (Sundays excepted,) at 11 o'clock A. M., thence to Port Monmouth and by the Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad to foot of Vine-st., Philadelphia. Returning leave Vine-st. wharf, Philadelphia, every morning at 8 A. M. (Sundays excepted.)

☞ Travelers from the City of New-York are notified not to apply for passage by this line, the State of New-Jersey having granted to the Camden and Amboy monopoly the exclusive privilege of carrying passengers and freight between the Cities of New-York and Philadelphia.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,

NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.
H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. R. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.
CHARLES MINOT, General Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M. Mail Train for Greenport, Sag Harbor, &c.; and on Saturdays, at 3 P. M., Express Train for Greenport, stopping at stations east of Hicksville. For Farmingdale, Deer Park, Islip, Lakeland, Waverley and Yaphank at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. For Syosset at 10.30 A. M. and 4 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Winfield, Jamaica, Hempstead, &c., at 9, 10:30 A. M., 3, 4 and 6 P. M.

Sunday train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 9:15 A. M., for Yaphank, stopping at all stations, (except Hempstead and Syosset.) Excursion tickets sold for this train.
A. REASONER, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—ON AND after MONDAY, Dec. 5, trains leave 30th-st. station for Albany and Troy, and places North and West, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M., 3:40, 6, and 10:30 P. M. Sleeping cars attached to the 6 and 10:30 P. M. trains from 30th-st. All trains leave Chambers-st. 30 minutes earlier than 30th-st. Sunday train, 6 P. M. from 30th-st. Through freight train daily.
J. M. TOUCEY, Ass't Sup't.

N. Y. AND FLUSHING R. R. CO.—Trains leave Flushing 6:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M., and 1, 3, 5, 6, 7:15 P. M. Trains leave Hunter's Point 6:10, 7:30, 8:30, 9.30, 11:30 A. M. and 2:30, 4:30, 5.30, 6:30 and 8 P. M. Extra trains leave Flushing at 11 P. M. and Hunter's Point at 12 o'clock TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS. SUNDAY trains leave Hunter's Point at 10 A. M., 2, 5:30 and P. M.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., and 6:05 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.
Nov. 1, 1864.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD Trains for Albany Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE,
VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE,
THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT,
AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."
The magnificent steamer
COMMONWEALTH,
ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
The elegant steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK,
ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
AT 4 O'CLOCK, P. M.

These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.,) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state-rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."

Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st., Boston.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—THE STEAMER BRIDGEPORT leaves Peck-slip, East River, daily at 12 o'clock noon, arriving in Bridgeport in time to connect with the Naugatuck, Housatonic, New-Haven and Hartford Railroads; also the Shore Line to New-London. Freight taken all day on wharf.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD AND WHITE MOUNTAINS.—Steamboat and railroad connection at New-Haven. Steamers leave Peck-slip, at 3:15 and 11 P. M.. Sundays excepted.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.—PURSUANT TO AN ACT PASSED BY the Legislature of the State of New-York, entitled an act to authorize the formation of a Corporation in place of the Northern Railroad Company, dissolved, and to empower said Corporation to execute a mortgage upon its property, passed March 31, 1857, as revised and amended by the act for that purpose, passed April 8, 1864, and to an order of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, made pursuant thereto: Notice is hereby given to William A. Wheeler, John S. Eldredge and William C. Brown, Trustees for the holders of the Second Mortgage bonds of the Northern Railroad Company; George A. Kittell, Francis B. Crowninshield and William C. Brown, Trustees for the holders of the First Mortgage bonds of the Northern Railroad Company, Calvin H. Gibbs, Executor of James G. Hopkins deceased, Mary J. Brown, Administratrix of Anthony C. Brown, deceased; Joseph H. Clark, William Thomas, J. A. Burnham, Israel Whitney, H. Hollis Hunnewell; The Hope Insurance Company, the United States Insurance Company, the New England Mutual Marine Insurance Company; J. J. Abbott, Otis Daniel, Richard Olney, Peter Butler; the Northern Railroad Company of New Hampshire, George R. Sampson, Lewis W. Tappan, John S. Missroon, the Northern Railroad Company, and all other persons, if any there be, who have been made parties heretofore to any decree made by the Supreme Court, in respect to either of the mortgages heretofore executed by the Northern Railroad Company, that application will be made to the Supreme Court aforesaid, at a General Term thereof, to be held at the court-house in the City of Schenectady, in the County of Schenectady on the first Tuesday in January next, at the opening of the court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order that the Trustees in possession of the said Northern Railroad, William A. Wheeler, John S. Eldredge and William C. Brown, transfer the same and its appurtenances to the Ogdensburgh and Lake Champlain Railroad Company, and that the petition for said order in this matter is on file in the office of the Clerk of the County of St. Lawrence, where any party interested can procure a copy thereof.
CHARLES G. MYERS,
Attorney for Ogdensburgh and Lake Champlain Railroad Company.
DATED Nov. 21, 1864.

DANCING.

C. H. RIVERS' DANCING ACADEMY,
NO 33 SCHERMERHORN-ST., BROOKLYN.
Classes for beginners are now forming. Send for a circular. Just published, a pamphlet containing a complete description of the fashionable quadrilles and 80 figures of the German Cotillon. Remit 25 cents for a copy.

FERRERO'S
DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 161 5TH-AV.
Classes WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, and MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 4 P. M. Quarter commences from the day of entry.

J. H. SEARING'S PRIVATE DANCING Academy, No. 292 4th-av., near 23d-st. New classes forming for ladies and masters, at 4 o'clock; for gentlemen at 8 o'clock. Private lessons every day for those who wish to learn quickly.

DE GARMO'S DANCING CLASSES.—AT the Academy of Physical Culture, No. 59 West 14th-st. Young Ladies, Misses and Masters on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M. Ladies and gentlemen at 7½ P. M. New classes forming.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

No. 19 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1864.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of VAN SCHAICK & MASSETT, is this day dissolved by mutual consent
J. VAN SCHAICK, } General Partners.
S. F. MASSETT, }
W. R. TRAVERS, } Special Partners.
GEO. A. OSGOOD, }

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned has associated with him Mr. John F. Batchelder and Mr. James R. Nichols, and will continue the stock commission business at No. 19 William-st., under the name and firm of VAN SCHAICK & Co.
J. VAN SCHAICK.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The firm of J. & C. WHITFIELD is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JAMES M. WHITFIELD will continue the business at No. 262 Water-st.
JAMES M. WHITFIELD,
CHAS. H. WHITFIELD.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1864.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between HOLBROOK and GIBBS was dissolved on the 19th day of October.
HOLBROOK & GIBBS.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1864.

No. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Nov. 15, 1864.
HAVING ASSOCIATED WITH US MR. CHARLES H. DABNEY, the business of our firm will, from this date, be continued under the name of DABNEY, MORGAN & CO.
J. PIERPONT MORGAN & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

EVENINGS WITH SHAKESPEARE

AT THE
WINTER GARDEN.
EDWIN BOOTH AS HAMLET.

Mr. Stuart begs to announce that on this evening, and every evening until further notice, Mr. Edwin Booth will appear in his great role of Hamlet, a character in which he is universally acknowledged, in the language of the *Daily Times*, "to have no living equal." This play is the first of a series of representations to be produced under Mr. Booth's immediate direction, in which the effort, that has already found such cheering sympathy, will be continued to place each play upon the stage in a style combining splendor of production with strict historical correctness. Hamlet has been in active preparation for upward of three months, under the stage management of Mr. J. G. Hanly, and no expense or labor has been spared in the endeavor, by a more strictly pictorial arrangement of the ordinary stage resources, and by the fidelity, appropriateness and superior execution of the several means of scenic illusion to carry out the spirit of the play in the most minute details, and thus advance the drama as a branch of national literature and art

The scenery, music, costumes, properties and machinery are entirely new, and to give a perfect completeness to the cast, engagements have been made with MRS. J. W. WALLACK, Jr., one of the most gifted actresses who ever graced the stage; MR. EDWIN VARREY, C. KEMBLE MASON, the eminent comedian, THOMAS PLACIDE, who appear nightly in conjunction with Mrs. F. S. Chanfrau, Chester, Messrs. G. H. Andrews, C. Walcot, J. G. Hanley, E. Eberle, C. W. Chester, O. S. Fawcett, Duell, Burroughs, Burgess, &c. Doors open at 6¾. Commence at 7¼, precisely.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

ALTERATION OF TIME.
Doors open at 7; Curtain rises at 7¼ o'clock.
Lessee and Manager .... WM. WHEATLEY.
FRIDAY EVENING, DEC. 9, 1864.
IMMENSE SUCCESS
OF
THE GREAT COMEDIANS,
and original impersonators of
IRISH AND YANKEE LIFE,
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
who will appear in Charles Gaylor's very successful Irish drama, entitled
THE CONNIE SOOGAH,
produced with all its
ORIGINAL SPLENDOR AND COMPLETENESS.
MR. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
as "Corney McGrath" and the "Connie Soogah," with the songs of "Ellen Astore" and "Welcome All."
MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS as the Jumpin Jewel.
Miss Freeman, Mary Wells, Andrews, Reeves, Messrs. J. G. Burnett, J. W. Collier, J. Nunan, George Becks, E. B. Holmes, H. Danvers, J. W. Blaisdell, E. Barry, &c., &c.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

A PRESENT FOR EVERYBODY.

THE SALESROOMS OF THE NEW YORK MANUFACTURING JEWELERS' ASSOCIATION,
NO. 544 BROADWAY, AND NO. 233 BROADWAY,
OPPOSITE THE PARK,
WILL REOPEN ON
MONDAY, DEC. 12,
WITH A FRESH STOCK OF GOODS,
DESIGNED EXPRESSLY FOR
HOLIDAY PRESENTS,
WHERE TICKETS FOR THE
EIGHTH AND NINTH CONCERTS
CAN BE PROCURED.
THE BEST MUSICAL TALENT HAS BEEN
SECURED FOR THESE CONCERTS,
WHICH ARE TO BE GIVEN IN THE
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
ON THE EVENING OF DEC. 24TH AND 31ST.
TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.
E. H. ELIAS, Actuary.

HIPPOTHEATRON. BEGINS AT 7¾
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
THIS AND EVERY EVENING.
GRAND MATINEE ON SATURDAY.
MISS EMMA STICKNEY.
MLLE. MARIETTA ZANFRETTA.
GRAND CHINESE ENTREE.
LE PETITE GIORGA.
THE CLOWN'S CAVALRY.
The Great Horseback-Juggler, N. AUSTIN.
YOUNG STICKNEY. YOUNG STICKNEY.
New pantomime by the French company of
RAVEL PANTOMIMISTS.
ALL THE GREAT STAR ARTISTS.

SIGNOR VICTOR, (EDUCATED IN ITALY,) the first of artistes, whether as musician, comedian, master of arms or immeasurable utility, justly, and without flattery, pronounced the greatest ornament to his species the generous hand of Nature (assisted by Art) has ever produced, has arrived, and will enter into negotiations with managers of leading establishments only. Silence a negative. Address Signor A. Z. L. V., Box No. 177 *Times* Office, immediately.

WOODROFF'S BOHEMIAN GLASS-BLOWERS exhibit EVERY EVENING, and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M. at Hope Chapel. See the glass steam-engines.

LECTURES.

MECHANICS' SOCIETY LECTURES.
REV. JAMES PRESTLEY, D. D.,
will deliver the second lecture in the course at
IRVING HALL, Irving-place,
THIS (Friday) EVENING,
To commence at 8 o'clock.
Subject—"Jerusalem as I saw it."

PROF. R. OGDEN DOREMUS
WILL GIVE A COURSE OF
FIVE LECTURES
ON
PNEUMATIC CHEMISTRY,
AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE,
On SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, Dec. 10, 12, 17 and 19, and WEDNESDAY, Dec. 21,
COMMENCING SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 10.

Each of the lectures will be illustrated by a series of BRILLIANT AND INSTRUCTIVE EXPERIMENTS, made on the largest scale.

Tickets for the course, $2. Single tickets, 50 cents. Tickets for the course, with reserved and numbered seat, $3. For sale at Appleton's, No. 443 Broadway; Miller & Matthews', corner of Broadway and 8th-st; Jones' No. 843 Broadway; American Tract Society, No. 150 Nassau-st, and at Dr. Colton's office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 8 o'clock.

N. B. No reserved numbered seats will be sold at the door on the evening of the lectures.

OIL REGIONS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—BENJ. K. BROWN will positively lecture on this interesting subject at Clinton Hall on THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 15.

FAIRS.

FAIR.

The Magdalen Benevolent Society are now holding a Fair in the building at the junction of Broadway and 6th-av., where they offer to their friends and the public a variety of useful and fancy articles at very moderate prices, hoping by their efforts in this way to meet their liabilities for current expenses. To continue to SATURDAY EVENING.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

AN AMERICAN CHRISTMAS STORY.
CHRISTMAS AT UNDER-TOR.

A beautiful little sketch, which must bring increase of love and charity, and appreciation of the zest and geniality of the happy Christmas time to many hearts in city and country homes.

To be published on MONDAY, Dec. 12, by MOHUN, EBBS & HOUGH, No. 189 Broadway.

IT WAS MY MOTHER'S VOICE!

Oh, mother dear, I had a dream,
So sad and yet so bright.
When wounded on the battle plain,
I lay at dead of night;
A gentle strain fell on my ear,
That made my heart rejoice—
So soft and sweet, it seemed to me,
It was my mother's voice!

Song and chorus, 35 cents. "Just after the Battle." "Young Eph's Lament." "Sunlight within my heart." "Soldier's Happy Return Mazurka." Each 30 cents.
FREDERICK BLUME, No. 298 Bowery.

BOOKS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
HANDSOMELY-BOUND BIBLES AND PRAYER-BOOKS, CHURCH SERVICES, &c., &c.
Every size and style of binding.
ALSO ENGLISH MANUFACTURED
LEATHER GOODS, AS WRITING DESKS,
POCKET BOOKS, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &c.
EYRE & SPOTTISWOODE,
626 BROADWAY, New-York.
☞ Direct Importations from our London House. A large stock constantly on hand.

DIARIES FOR 1865.
All kinds, from 25 cents to $3 each, for sale by the Publishers.
FRANCIS & LOUTREL,
No. 45 Maiden-Lane.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL THE "Nurse and Spy," a new highly exciting and richly embellished work, embracing the adventures and experience of a woman in hospitals, camps and battle fields as "Field Nurse" and "Spy." Just the book the people want. Energetic persevering men, teachers, ladies and especially returned soldiers, will find a rare opportunity to make money by engaging in the sale of this thrilling work. For terms, which are very liberal, apply to or address W. S. WILLIAMS & Co., No. 152 Asylum-st., Hartford, Connecticut.

NEW MUSIC.—"THERE'S REST FOR ALL IN Heaven," song or duet, with chorus, a beautiful piece for concerts; "Our Dear New-England Boys," song and chorus, by Mrs. E. A. Parkhurst; "Beautiful Annie," song and chorus, and "The Voice of the Army," by Jas. G. Clark, the poet and vocalist; "Maryland's Free," ballad with chorus, by M. Fortune. Prices 30 cents single; four for $1, mailed free. HORACE WATERS, Publisher, No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN BOOKS, suitable for Christmas and New Year's presents, Scott's Works, Pickering Poets, Chiswick Poets, Cooper's Works, Dickens' Works—all in extra binding. Illustrated books, English and American editions. For sale cheap by ROBT. N. JOHNSTON, No. 17 Ann-st. New American Cyclopedia for sale.

FURNITURE.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamented, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, bedding, looking-glasses, &c., cheapest at G. W. SNEDEN'S, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Call and save money. Goods warranted and delivered free. Furniture in suites.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S, FRIDAY,
ROSEDALE.
Mr. Lester Wallack's great play will be acted for the ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-THIRD TIME.
SATURDAY—MASKS AND FACES.

Mr. Boucicault's new comedy, which has been some time in preparation, will be produced on MONDAY, Dec. 12, with entirely new scenery, dresses, furniture, and appointments. It is entitled
HOW SHE LOVES HIM,
and will be given with a
POWERFUL DISTRIBUTION OF CHARACTERS,
including the names of Messrs. Lester Wallack, Charles Fisher, John Gilbert, W. R. Floyd, Norton, John Sefton, John Moore, G. Brown, Williamson, Miss Mary Gannon, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss Fanny Morant, and Mrs. Maurice.

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY—The New Comedy.
THURSDAY—ROSEDALE.

SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER will be repeated shortly. Doors open at 7¼ o'clock; overture at 7¾ o'clock.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S
MAMMOTH MENAGERIE,
AND GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION,
Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway.
WILD BEASTS,
AND RARE AND CURIOUS BIRDS,
FROM EVERY QUARTER OF THE GLOBE,
IN INFINITE VARIETY!
THE MOST COMPLETE COLLECTION EVER EXHIBITED,
A NEW ADDITION
from Asia, including
THE ISABEL BEAR,
THE ROYAL BENGAL TIGER,
SENEGAL LEOPARD,
SLOTH BEARS FROM HINDOSTAN,
RHAMAPHOOR BLOODHOUNDS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
ALSO,
THE TWO LARGEST ELEPHANTS
IN THE WORLD,
HANNIBAL
AND
TIPPOO SAIB,
ADMISSION ONLY 25 CENTS
ADMISSION ONLY 25 CENTS
THREE PERFORMANCES DAILY,
at 11½ A. M., 3 and 8½ P. M.

OLYMPIC THEATRE. BEGINS AT 7½.
EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK.
The latest New-York success, by John Sefton, Esq., called
ST. GEORGE
AND THE DRAGOON.
Previous to which the latest London success, by H. T. Craven, Esq., called
MILKY WHITE.
NEW SCENERY, NEW COSTUMES, NEW MUSIC AND NEW SONGS.
On MONDAY next will be produced the London sensation,
THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK,
And a NEW FAIRY SPECTACLE is in active preparation.

ARTEMUS WARD AMONG THE MORMONS.
YOUR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO
A MILE OF PICTURES,
FIVE SQUARE YARDS OF JOKES,
SIXTEEN CUBIC FEET OF FINE MORAL SENTIMENT,
FOUR RODS OF SAD AND BEAUTIFUL PATHOS,
A DOOR-YARD FULL OF BURNING ELOQUENCE,
A SMALL BLACK TRAVELING BAG containing Phosphorescent Quips,
PETROLEUM OIL PAINTINGS by the HIGH OLD MASTERS, &c., &c., &c.,
ALL MOVING TO BEAUTIFUL MUSIC,
AT
ARTEMUS WARD'S PICTORIAL ENTERTAINMENT OF LIFE AMONG THE MORMONS,
At DODWORTH HALL, NO. 806 BROADWAY.
Every Evening at 8. "We are here." We think so, Ever of those!

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
Nos. 327 and 329 4th-av.,
REV. GEORGE W. BACON, A.M., LL.B., Principal.

The rooms have been much enlarged and refitted, and a gymnasium has been added. The modern languages, drawing, &c., are taught without extra charge. There are three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE—NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.—The Winter Term of this institution will commence Nov. 28. A full collegiate course; the best masters in music and modern languages, and Dr. Dio Lewis' system of gymnastics are some of its attractions. For admission or circular, address L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD.

MISS BRACE'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH boarding and day school, for young ladies, Nos. 38 and 40, Elm-st., New-Haven, Conn. Apply as above.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHONS'
CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL AND GYMNASIUM,
No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.
Open Sept. 12.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S
English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st.

AMENIA SEMINARY, AMENIA, N. Y.—REV. N. G. SPALDING, A. M., PRINCIPAL.—The Winter Term of this first-class institution for both sexes opens Dec. 14. For circulars address the Principal.

THE SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GT. BARRINGTON, MASS.—For twenty very select young boys. Those never from home before preferred. Send for circulars. JAMES SEDGWICK, M. A., Principal.

BALLSTON SPA ACADEMY, N. Y.—A COMmercial and Classical Family Boarding School for Boys. $200 per annum. Admission at all times. Send for circulars to Rev. JAMES GILMOUR, A. M.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE—(Classical, Commercial and French,) No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st. and Washington-square.
GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The fifty-fourth semi-annual session will commence on Tuesday, Nov. 1. For circulars, apply to the Principal,
D. S. ROWE, M. A.

MILITARY ACADEMY, TARRYTOWN, N.Y.—Pupils prepared for college, business, West Point and the Naval School. For circulars, apply to the Superintendent, Gen. M. J. LOCKWOOD.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, at No. 11 West 36th-st.

TEACHERS.

A YOUNG ENGLISH LADY, (GRADUATE,) thoroughly qualified to teach all the English branches, with music and French, and of much experience as a teacher, desires a situation in the above capacity; can undertake the entire care of one or two children; would travel to South America or Cuba; unexceptionable references. Address Miss E. S. L., Station D.

A GERMAN LADY OF SUPERIOR qualifications, desires a reëngagement as resident governess in an American family; she teaches, besides her own language and French, the usual English branches, music and drawing; unexceptionable city references. Address J. F., Box No. 2,668 Post-office.

A YOUNG LADY WISHES AN ENGAGEMENT as governess. Her testimonials are unexceptionable, and expectations as to salary moderate. Address Miss E. B. E., care of Rev. R. Hoyt, 54th st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—AN ASSISTANT TEACHER, COMPETENT to instruct boys in the ordinary English branches. R. HOLDEN, Trinity School, No. 181 West 14th-st.

A PARISIAN LADY, A GRADUATE, AND an experienced teacher, wishes to obtain a few select pupils for the French Grammar and conversation. Best references. Address GRADUATE, No. 222 East 52d-st.

TEACHER OF PENMANSHIP, BOOK-keeping &c., wanted in a commercial school. Address for one week, B. B. B. Brooklyn.

LOST AND FOUND.

STOLEN.

On the morning of October 27, 1864, the safe of the subscribers, in their store at Hoosick, was broken open and robbed, among other property, of the following Rensselaer County Bonds, a portion of which belong to private individuals, and the remainder to Rensselaer County, having been left in the charge of Jonathan P. Armstrong, as Supervisor of the town of Hoosick. Those belonging to Rensselaer County are in blank, and have never been issued. Payment on all of the bonds has been stopped.

BONDS BELONGING TO RENSSELAER COUNTY.

Ten $500 Bonds, fourth issue, dated Aug. 5, 1864, due Feb. 5, 1876—Nos. 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577.

Four $500 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1866—Nos. 47, 48, 49, 50.

Two $300 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1867—Nos. 197, 198.

One $100 Bond, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1867—No. 199.

Four $500 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1869—Nos. 367, 368, 369, 370.

Seven $1,000 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1868—Nos. 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231.

BONDS BELONGING TO INDIVIDUALS.

One $100 Bond, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1867—No. 208; belonging to Sanford Bovie.

Two $1,000 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1867—Nos. 113, 114; belonging to W. Wilcox.

Three $500 Bonds, fifth issue, dated Sept. 8, 1864, due March 8, 1866—Nos. 40, 41, 42; belonging to Miss Lynda Sherwood.

Three United States Ten-Forty Coupon Bonds, $1,000 each—Nos. 18,327, 18,328, 26,585; belonging to Sanford Bovie.
ARMSTRONG & BAUCUS.
HOOSICK, Oct. 28, 1864.

DOG LOST.—A WHITE SCOTCH TERRIER DOG strayed from No. 42 East 20th-st., on the morning of the 8th inst. A suitable reward will be paid for his return.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
AMUSEMENTS TO BE DESIRED BY 3 CLASSES:
OLD, MIDDLE-AGED, AND YOUNG.
3 MUSEUMS IN ONE.
3 NEW AND ATTRACTIVE PIECES.
MAMMOTH FAT WOMAN,
WEIGHING 3 ONE TON.
3 ENORMOUS GIANTS,
OVER TWENTY-FOUR FEET HIGH.
3 DWARFS,
(lacking one) EIGHTEEN POUNDS EACH.
A MENAGERIE OF LIVING CURIOSITIES,
OF 3 VARIETIES:
ANIMALS, BIRDS, AND REPTILES,
RARE SPECIMENS NOT TO BE SEEN ELSEWHERE.
O-KE-NA-WA-KA'S TRIBE OF INDIANS,
OF 3 GRADES:
CHIEFS, WARRIORS, AND SQUAWS.
JUST ADDED AND TO BE SEEN
IN THE 3 MAIN HALLS,
A SPLENDID COLLECTION OF
FRENCH MOVING FIGURES,
consisting of Musicians, Birds, Ships, Mills, Railroads, Steamboats, Performing Monkeys, and a thousand other Mechanical Representations of Animated Nature.
3 ENTERTAINMENTS DAILY.
MORNING, AT 11,
the comic sketch of
HOLE IN THE WALL.
O-KE-NA-WA-KA'S TRIBE OF INDIANS,
in their Habits, Customs, War-Dances, &c.
MORNING, AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
AFTERNOON AT 3.
The Sensational Nautical Domestic Drama,
in 3 Acts,
MARTIN, THE PRIVATEER.
EVENING AT 7½,
first time of the Romantic Play, from Mosenthal's "Deborah,"
in 3 Acts,
DEBORAH;
OR,
THE JEWISH MAIDEN'S WRONGS.
Mrs. J. J. Pryor, France, Jamison, Misses Kook, Cleaver, Messrs. Levick, Hadaway, Jamison, Mestayer, Delmon Grace, Bridgman, Porter, &c., &c., appear.
TONY DENIER .... in .... THREE LEGGED WONDER
MAGNIFICENT AQUARIAS, OCEAN AND RIVER GARDENS,
ALBINO BOY, LIVING CAPABARRA, OTTERS, KANGAROO, MOVING WAX FIGURES, AND A MILLION OTHER CURIOSITIES.
ADMISSION 3 TIMES 10 or 30 CENTS.
Children under ten years of age, 3 TIMES 5 or 15 CENTS.

HELLER'S SALLE DIABOLIQUE,
NO. 585 BROADWAY.
THIRTY-FIRST WEEK
OF
HELLER'S
REMARKABLE SUCCESS,
CONTINUOUS PROSPERITY,
CONSTANTLY CROWDED HOUSES,
and
HIGHLY-FASHIONABLE AUDIENCES.
HELLER THE CONJUROR.
HELLER THE PIANIST.
HELLER THE FUNNICIST.
HELLER THE CONTRA-SPIRITUALIST.
THE SCARLET SPIRIT EVERY NIGHT!
HELLER'S PIANO-FORTE SOLOS.
SEDGWICK'S CONCERTINA PERFORMANCES
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 3 P. M.
Startling Novelty in preparation for the Holidays.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

15,000 SUBSTITUTES WANTED
FOR THE ARMY,
IN PLACE OF THE FOLLOWING CLASSES OF CITIZENS:

FIRST—For citizens enrolled and liable to draft.

SECOND—For citizens not liable to draft, because of unfitness, or non-liability from age or other causes.

TO SUBSTITUTES.

The following advantages are offered for the enlistment of Substitutes:

BOUNTY, DEPOSITED BY PERSONS REQUIRING SUBSTITUTES, CASH DOWN,
For One Year $300
For Two Years 400
For Three Years 500

PREMIUM, CASH DOWN.
For One Year Man $20
For Two Years' Man 30
For Three Years' Man 50

TO THOSE DESIRING SUBSTITUTES.

Inasmuch as the authority exists for the enlistment of Substitutes for such persons as may desire to be relieved from any apprehensions of a future Draft, as also for such citizens as are not liable to Draft, because of unfitness or non-liability from age or other causes, THE COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE have resolved in addition to their business of raising Recruits, to enlist such substitutes as may be desired.

Those desiring Substitutes may deposit with the Committee the whole of either of the following sums:
For One Year $320
For Two Years 430
For Three Years 550

No portion of the money paid for Substitutes will be paid from the County funds.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller,
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
WM. R. STEWART, Supervisor,
WM. M. TWEED, Supervisor, Com. on Volunteering.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.
Rooms of Committee on Volunteering, City Hall Park, corner Broadway and Chambers-st. Nov. 1, 1864.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, New-York, April 16, 1864. }
ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—1,000 artillery horses wanted, for which one hundred and eighty dollars will be paid for all that pass inspection. These horses must be sound in every particular, broken to harness, not less than 15½ hands high, and will be presented for inspection at the Government stables, 35th-st., between 10th and 11th-avs.
STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

$600 WILL FURNISH A THREE-YEARS' SUBSTITUTE.—C. L. MORSE & CO., Tammany Hall and No. 1,301 Broadway, New-York City, are prepared to furnish a three-year substitute for any county in the State for $600, at one day's notice.
C. L. MORSE & CO.,
Tammany Hall and No. 1,301 Broadway, New-York City.

NAVAL SUBSTITUTES FURNISHED on call at $50 below army prices, (best of reference given,) by SANFORD & CO., United States Naval Shipping Office, No. 174 South-st., New-York.

ARMY OFFICERS MUSTERED OUT OR resigned, can obtain through us a speedy settlement of their ordnance and quartermaster's account.
L. BROWN & CO., No. 2 Park-place.

THREE YEARS' SUBSTITUTE FOR $600, by depositing that amount with VAN BUREN & LUCKEY, Bankers, No. 243 Broadway, who will become responsible therefor. JOSEPH NELSON.

FORAGE DEPARTMENT, NO. 25 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK CITY. }
WANTED—HAY, STRAW, CORN AND OATS, for which cash will be paid on delivery.
S. L. BROWN, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

PRINTING.

TO PRINTERS.—FOR SALE AT HALF-PRICE 1 Ruggles quarter medium combination engine press; 1 Hoe hat-tip press; 1 super royal hand-press and inker, all in first-rate order. Apply to G. A. WHITEHORNE, printer, No. 42 Ann and No. 119 Fulton-st.

STEAM PRINTING AT LOW PRICES.—G. A. WHITEHORNE, No. 42 Ann-st., and No. 119 Fulton-st. All kinds of Printing cheap for cash.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

BERG & CO.'S CELEBRATED PATENT CIGARETTOS.
Wholesale depot at
GAIL, AX & KUCHLER'S,
Nos. 173 and 175 Water-st., New-York.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES MADE TO ORDER and inserted by Drs. F. BAUCH and P. GOUGELMAN, (formerly employed by Boissonneau, Paris,) No. 599 Broadway, New-York.

AMUSEMENTS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.
Director .... MAX MARETZEK.
TO-NIGHT, DON SEBASTIAN.
THIS (Friday) EVENING, Dec. 9, at 8 o'clock.
(Sixteenth Subscription Night.)
will be presented Donizetti's grand opera.
DON SEBASTIAN. DON SEBASTIAN,
IN THE MOST GORGEOUS STYLE,
with entirely New Scenery, New and Brilliant Costumes, Properties and Stage Effects.
INCREASED CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA,
and the following most complete cast:
ZAIDA (the African) .... CAROZZI-ZUCCHI
SEBASTIAN (King of Portugal) .... MASSIMILIANI
CAMOENS (the Poet) .... BELLINI
GIOVANNI (Grand Inquisitor) .... SUSINI
ABADIALOS (an Arab Chief) .... LORINI
Conductor .... Mr. CARL BERGMANN
The Incidental Ballet will be executed by
MLLE. ERNESTINE and MLLE. AURIOL.
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY)—GRAND MATINEE
THE CHILD OF THE REGIMENT.
In active rehearsal, and will be shortly produced,
FRA DIAVOLO.
Seats may be secured for any of the above-named performances at the Academy; at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; at W. A. Pond & Co.'s, No. 547 Broadway; and at Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine sts.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
ITALIAN OPERA MATINEE.
Director .... MAX MARETZEK
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, Dec. 10, at 1 o'clock.
GRAND OPERA MATINEE.
LA FIGLIA DE REGGIMENTO,
(The Child of the Regiment.)
Miss KELLOGG in her great role of Marie.

BROADWAY THEATRE. BEGINS AT 7½
MR. JOHN E. OWENS,
whose brilliant personations of
SOLON SHINGLE, JOSHUA BUTTERBY,
HENRY DOVE and DR. OLLAPOD,
have, within the past fourteen weeks of his memorable engagement been so many successive triumphs, will present for the first time here, on
MONDAY, Dec. 5, AND DURING THE WEEK,
Buckstone's delightful two act Comedy, from the French,
THE HAPPIEST DAY OF MY LIFE.
Mr. Gillman .... Mr. JOHN E. OWENS
85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th and
☞ 90th night ☜
of glorious old
SOLON SHINGLE .... in .... PEOPLE'S LAWYER
SPECIAL NOTICE.—For the convenience of city and suburban patrons, the performances, as now arranged, will close by 10½ o'clock.
Seats should be secured in advance.

THEATRE FRANCAIS,
NIBLO'S SALOON.
Every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock.
SATURDAY, Dec. 10, 1864.
LA JOIE DE LA MAISON.
(Original of the Little Treasure.)
Comedy, in three acts, by M. BOURGEOIS.
LE MISANTHROPE ET L'AUVERGNAT, Vaudeville.
Theatre office, No. 678 Broadway, (ground floor.)

ZENOBIA,
QUEEN OF PALMYRA,
THIS MAGNIFICENT STATUE,
BY
HARRIETT HOSMER,
is now on exhibition at the
FINE ART INSTITUTE,
DERBY GALLERIES,
No. 625 Broadway,
From 9 A. M. until 10 P. M.
Single admission 25 cents.
Package tickets, five for One Dollar.

"THE MESSIAH."

The NEW-YORK HARMONIC SOCIETY will give their thirteenth annual performance of Handel's grand oratorio, "The Messiah," at the Church of the Puritans, Broadway, cor. 15th-st., on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 26, 1864. Tickets can be had at all the principal music-stores.

MUSICAL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1834.
JOHN B. DUNHAM,
MANUFACTURER OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES.
WAREROOMS AND MANUFACTORY,
NOS. 75 TO 85 EAST 13TH-ST.,
NEW-YORK.

CHICKERING & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are Sole Agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE
Is admitted the best Piano-forte made, because the maker, beside being a practical mechanic of long experience, is also a thorough musician, thus combining advantages possessed by no other manufacturer in the United States. Such is the testimony of S. B. Mills, Robert Heller, Geo. F. Bristow, Wm. Mason, C. Jerome Hopkins, Charles Fradel, Max Maretzek, Carl Anschutz, John Zundle, Maurice Strakosch, Giovani Sconcia, and every good musician in the United States. All musical ears at once admit their great superiority. Warerooms No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

STEINWAY & SON
GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
FIRST-CLASS PIANOS,
at reduced prices. Wholesale and retail.
HAINES BROTHERS,
No. 738 Broadway, up stairs.

RAVEN & BACON,
Piano-Forte Manufacturers, Warerooms No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway. A full assortment of our well known PIANOS constantly on hand, warranted in every respect. Purchasers will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their selection.

MASON & HAMLIN RESPECTFULLY announce that they have now completed the occupation of their greatly enlarged factory, and effected other arrangements for the large increase of their manufacturing facilities. They therefore confidently expect to be able henceforward to supply orders for their CABINET ORGANS promptly, without that inconvenient delay to which purchasers have been subjected, from the fact that for more than a year past they have been continually several hundred instruments behind orders. An assortment of [illegible] from $110 to [illegible] may be found at their New-York warerooms, No. 7 Mercer-st.

[illegible] MELODEONS, AND CABINET ORGANS at wholesale or retail. New 7-Octave Pianos for $250. Second-hand Pianos at great bargains; prices from $60 to $200. All the above instruments to let, and rent allowed, if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. 10,000 sheets of Music, a little soiled, at 1½ cents per page. Cash paid for second-hand Pianos.
HORACE WATERS,
No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

A.—MR. J. EDWARDS HANER, THE FAVORITE PIANIST, Professor of Music in the Fifth-avenue College for Young Ladies, begs to inform his friends and the public that he has also resumed his lessons and instruction at his residence, No. 32 West Ninth-st. Those wishing lessons will please address or call after 12 o'clock.

S. J. CHAMBERS HAVING OPENED HIS new piano-forte rooms at No. 739 Broadway, respectfully invites his friends and the public to call and examine his stock and prices; satisfaction guaranteed, and a first-class article at a very low price.
S. J. CHAMBERS,
No. 739 Broadway, opposite Astor-place.

MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE for sale (cost $650) for $350, including stool and cover. Also, parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture at a sacrifice. Inquire at No. 44 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

IMPORTANT.—ALL WHO WISH TO BUY FIRST-class new Pianos at very moderate prices, will find it greatly to their interest to call immediately at No. 168 Mott-st., between Grand and Broome sts., in the forenoon only. Also a fine Boehm Flute for sale.

THE CELEBRATED PIANOS OF J. & C. FISCHER, the most reliable pianos made, with the best modern improvements, wholesale and retail, at moderate prices, Nos. 241, 243, 245, 247 and 249 28th-st., near 9th-av.

GRAND SQUARE AND COTTAGE SQUARE Pianos, and Upright or Cabinet Pianos, excellent in quality, moderate in price, by CHAMBERS & GABLER, 8th-st., corner of 4th-av., in the Bible House. Please send for a circular.

COTTAGE SQUARE PIANOS, SUITABLE for small rooms; also full size, very reasonable. S. J. CHAMBERS, No. 739 Broadway.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS.—Sole depot for Pelonbet's superior Harmoniums wholesale and retail. Prices $100 to $600. Instruments to let. J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, New-York.

SINGERS WISHING, FOR THE SAKE of practice and the cultivation of their voices, to join a well-trained voluntary choir, will hear of an opportunity by applying to Dr. E. RINGER, No. 141 4th-av.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A HANDSOME SEVEN-octave rosewood piano, by a family having no further use for it. Apply at No. 76 7th-st.

IMPROVED IRON FRAMES SQUARE PIANOS at Reduced cash prices.
J. G. DAVIES, No. 467 Broome st.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANOS, AT greatly reduced prices, at No. 726 Broadway.
CUMMINGS & JENNYS.

PERSONAL.

CHR. LINK PLEASE CALL AT THE *Times* Office to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock. G. KOHL, PETER WEBBER.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Report of Secretary Usher.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
WASHINGTON, Dec. 5, 1864.

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

SIR: I have the honor to submit for your information, and the consideration of Congress, the following synopsis of results attained during the past year in those branches of the public service which have been placed by law under the supervision and control of this department.

From the foundation of the Government to the present time the management and disposal of the public lands have engrossed a large share of the public attention. Of the two thousand millions of acres embraced in the territorial extent of the United States, one thousand four hundred millions belonged to the public domain.

By a liberal policy in granting and selling lands, about one-third of this vast patrimony has been disposed of, leaving about one thousand millions of acres still the property of the government. About one fourth of all the laws that have been enacted by Congress relate to the public lands, and to the settlement of the land claims derived from the governments which formerly had jurisdiction of the soil.

At some periods of our national history, a considerable income to the treasury was derived from sales, and at others, the cash receipts declined to a sum but little exceeding the cost of administering the land system. During the first sixty years of the present century, the average income from sales was two and three quarter millions of dollars per year, and the quantity disposed of by sales, and for military bounties, was about two hundred and five millions of acres.

During the last ten years the income from lands was less than during the preceding decade. This was occasioned by the large quantities of land—granted for internal improvements and for military and other purposes—which have competed, in the market, with the lands of the United States; and, more recently, by the passage of the Homestead law, under which large quantities have been entered at nominal rates. The annual receipts from ordinary sales for four years past have been as follows:

For the year ending June 30, 1861......	$884,887 30
For the year ending June 30, 1862......	125,048 30
For the year ending June 30, 1863......	136,077 95
For the year ending June 30, 1864......	678,007 21

The depressing influences of civil war have been felt during the last three years, but the results for that just closed demonstrate a revival of the annual demand for the public lands, particularly for settlement and cultivation.

During the year ending June 30, 1864, public lands have been disposed of as follows:

Acres sold for cash....................	432,773-90
Acres located with military warrants......	515,900-00
Acres located with agricultural scrip....	214,418-14
Acres certified to States for railroads....	857,180-87
Acres taken under the Homestead law....	1,261,592-62
Acres disposed of during the year.........	3,281,865-52
During the quarter ending Sept. 30, 1864, the aggregate quantity taken for the same purpose was..................	939,476 90
Making a total of......................	4,221,342-42

The cash receipts for sales, homestead and location fees for the same five quarters, were $1,019,446 44.

The aggregate quantity of public lands surveyed, but not disposed of, was, on the 30th September last, 133,517,587 acres. This has been the average quantity for several years past. The amount surveyed annually has been about equal to that disposed of annually.

Nineteen States have accepted the provisions of the acts donating lands "for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts," and have received land and land-scrip amounting to 4,050,000 acres.

The jurisdiction conferred on this department by the act of Congress of March 3, 1851, for the definite location of confirmed private land claims in California was taken from it by an act approved June 14, 1860, but has been recently restored under the act approved July 1, 1864. The quantity of land embraced in all the confirmations to the present date is 4,366,974 acres; of which 2,430,906.60 acres have been finally surveyed and patented. What remains to be done, in the important work of severing the private from the public lands in that State, will be prosecuted with diligence, and brought to completion as rapidly as possible.

Under the acts of Congress of July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864, making grants of land to aid the construction of railroad and telegraph lines to the Pacific coast, the initial point of the main line of railroad from the Missouri river westward has been fixed at Omaha, Nebraska, and the definite location of the road for one hundred miles west from that point has been approved by the President. The route of the Pacific Railroad of California has been selected and a map of the preliminary location thereof, from Sacramento eastward to the great bend of the Truckee River, in Nevada, has been filed in this department. The lands along these routes for twenty-five miles, on both sides, have been withdrawn from market, pursuant to the requirements of the act of 1862.

In the administration of the laws regulating the grants of swamp lands to the States, and authorizing the allowance of indemnity in certain cases, where swamp lands have been sold by the United States, a liberal construction has been adopted and a generous policy pursued. No alteration of these laws is demanded by principles of justice. An extension of the indemnity, or of the time prescribed by law for selecting swamp lands, would, in my opinion, be prejudicial to the interests of the United States.

The claim of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, to lands at the dalles of the Columbia River, in Oregon, based upon the first section of the act of Congress approved Aug. 14, 1848, having been brought before this department upon appeal on the 27th of April last, I requested the advice of the Attorney-General of the United States touching the law arising upon the facts disclosed by the papers in the case. On the 27th of May I had the honor to receive his reply, stating that, in his opinion, the question presented was "purely judicial, and not proper to be determined by any executive officer." In deference to this opinion, the department declined making a decision in that and a similar case then before it. Proceedings in all such cases under that act have been suspended in the General Land Office, and in the subordinate offices in Oregon.

For further details in reference to the public lands, I respectfully refer to the annual report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

MINERAL LANDS.

During the past year additional discoveries of precious metals, particularly of silver, have been made in the region flanking, on the eastward, the extended mountain ranges of the Sierra Nevada. A vast belt of some one or two hundred miles in width, and eight or nine hundred in length, embracing portions of Idaho, Nevada and Arizona, is rich in silver ore. Owing to the remote locality of these mines, and the difficulty of transportation thereto, but little machinery well adapted to the rapid and economical reduction of the various ores has been introduced. In that portion of Nevada, through which the Pacific Railroad will pass, many rich veins have been found, and it is estimated by persons familiar with the subject, that, if the mines now opened there were supplied with the proper machinery, they would yield $10,000,000 per month. In the same region vast beds of salt have also been found, which, from its value in the process of separating the silver in the ores, has given a fresh impulse to mining. When we reflect that the region of country in which deposits of the precious metals abound, includes large portions of three States and six Territories, and that the richest veins of ore heretofore discovered are as yet but slightly developed, whilst new discoveries are constantly made, it will be perceived that the annual product of the mines in the United States must soon reach a magnitude without precedent in the history of mining operations.

The wealth imbedded in the rocks of that extensive region is actually inexhaustible, and it will furnish, in future years, indirectly, a principal part of our means of liquidating the debt contracted by the Government for the overthrow of the great rebellion. As a measure tending to accelerate the reduction of these vast mineral deposits into available wealth, and to strengthen the public credit by an authentic publication of our vast resources, I respectfully recommend that provision be made for the appointment of experienced and skillful mineralogists to make a scientific examination of the principal mining localities, and of the mineral regions generally, and to report the results. Their reports should be printed and widely circulated. An appropriation would be required for these purposes. Much interest has been manifested in favor of the establishment of a bureau of mines and minerals, to which the administration of all details in respect to this important subject should be committed. I am satisfied that such legislation will, before many years, be found necessary, if it has not already become so.

The attention of Congress has frequently been called to the importance of securing an income to the national treasury from the products of the mines and placers. By the laws of Spain and Mexico, and according to the principles generally accepted in civilized countries, the property in these precious deposits is vested in the Government exercising sovereignty and jurisdiction over the soil.

The first annual report from this department contained a number of suggestions relating to the protection of this property, and to securing a revenue from the annual products. Since that time, the same subject has been frequently mentioned in the annual reports of this department, but Congress has never taken legislative action. Sound policy dictates the propriety of levying a revenue tax upon those who are engaged in gathering individual wealth from this national property. The Bureau of Internal Revenue, recently established in the Department of the Treasury, furnishes a ready and suitable instrumentality for collecting it. The requirement of a moderate license fee from each person engaged in placer mining upon the public domain, and a reasonable tax upon the products of all mines, which might be graduated according to the cost of production, would be just to the Government, and satisfactory to the mining interest.

When it is considered that a nominal tax of one per centum upon the present product of the mines would yield a larger income than is now derived from the sales of the public lands, with an expense of collecting it comparatively small, and that the prospective revenue from this source is so great, the impolicy of granting the mines and mineral lands in fee, without consideration, must be apparent to all. It should, however, be borne in mind that the business of developing the mineral resources of those regions is yet in its infancy, and that all legislation bearing upon it should have for its object the increase of the annual products of the precious metals, and should, in its inception, be directed to the encouragement of the miner, by affording him security in his possessions, and stability to his business, rather than to obtaining an immediate income to the treasury.

With the prospect of returning peace, and the consequent increase of migration to the mining regions likely thereafter to ensue, it seems to be demanded of Congress that the rights of miners should be defined and secured by law, and the prosperity of those regions and the preservation of good order therein thus insured.

The mines of New-Mexico and Arizona are probably not inferior in richness to any within the limits of the United States. Owing to their inaccessibility they are indifferently wrought. All efforts to make them available must necessarily be feeble, and attended with but partial success, until roads shall been constructed through those Territories from the Atlantic States, or from the navigable waters of the Pacific. Since the acquisition of this portion of our domain, now a period of seventeen years, the United States have received no income from the sale of lands within it, and but an inconsiderable sum for the sale of lands in southeastern California. It is believed that the larger portion of the land in that section, adapted to agriculture, is covered by Spanish and Mexican grants, or set apart for Indian pueblos. There is, therefore, but a slight prospect that anything will be realized from sales of the lands, or that they will ever be located by homestead settlers. The wants and habits of the population are not such as to give any assurance or afford any expectation that they will undertake, from their own means, to prosecute to a successful completion the roads necessary to the development of the vast mineral riches of the country.

A further discouragement to the settlement of Arizona and Southern California has been continued drouth, which has prevailed for the last two years, and from which most of the herds of cattle and sheep, accustomed to graze there, have perished.

The desert of California, known as the Colorado Desert, covering a territory of near one hundred miles in extent, was evidently at one time watered by the Colorado River. Being for the most part depressed below the bed of that river, it is susceptible of reclamation from its present condition, by means of dams and acequias, the construction of which, although not difficult, is, without substantial aid from Congress, beyond the means of the inhabitants. These combined difficulties render it probable, nay, almost certain, that the Government will, under existing circumstances, derive no benefit either from the barren lands or from the mineral wealth which abounds in those Territories.

RAILROADS.

There can be no doubt that the public resources would be much increased by the immediate working of the mines to the extent of their capacity, and by the settlement of those regions by an enterprising and industrious population, though no direct income should be derived from the sale of the lands. It is, therefore, worthy of consideration, whether it would not be expedient to grant all, or such portions of the lands, as are requisite to insure the construction of the necessary railroads, and the conversion of the sterile lands to a condition of fertility. The benefits resulting from such roads would not be confined to the product of the mines. A new highway, at all times exempt from obstruction by snow, would be open to the Pacific. Passing by the valley of the Rio Grande to El Paso, it would receive a large portion of the rich commerce of Central and Western Mexico. These benefits are so obvious and of such surpassing importance, that I do not hesitate in expressing my earnest conviction that the Government should embrace any suitable opportunity which may be offered to secure the completion of a railroad upon the terms suggested.

It appears from a communication of Gen. Dix, the President of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, that it has, since the adjournment of Congress, expended more than half a million of dollars upon the main line of the road leading westward from Omaha, of which one hundred miles have been permanently located, and forty miles are in process of construction.

The company has surveyed lines to Salt Lake City, through the South Pass, Laramie Plains, Bridger's Pass, by way of Timpanagos and Weber Rivers, to determine the most feasible route. Parties have also been engaged in explorations in Colorado Territory, through Berthoid's Pass and up the Caché la Poudre River; and also in examining the topography of the country in the vicinity of the 100th meridian of longitude, aad in locating the line from Omaha to Fort Kearney. Considering the limited time which has elapsed since the action of Congress enabled this company to prosecute the work with energy, satisfactory progress has been made, and the country has no reason to apprehend any tardiness in the prosecution of this great enterprise.

The progress made in the construction of the branch road in Kansas, known as the Union Pacific Railroad, Eastern Division, has not met the reasonable expectations of the public. There was just reason to believe that the second section of forty miles of that road would have been rapidly approaching completion, if not actually completed by this time; instead of which, forty miles only of the track are laid, and that not yet in a condition to be examined by the Commissioners appointed by the President to inspect and report upon the work.

For this unexpected state of affairs the company is not altogether without excuse. The assassination of its contractor in July last, soon after the adjournment of Congress, the continued insurmountable difficulties of obtaining the necessary materials, either by river or rail, from causes known to all, prevented them for a time from prosecuting the work. Since these difficulties have been partially removed, a commendable energy has marked the conduct of the company. The first section of the road to Lawrence, to which place the track is laid, will undoubtedly be open to the public and in use within a few days. The company in California is also making satisfactory progress with its portion of the road.

The President has appointed George Ashmun of Massachusetts, Springer Harbaugh of Pennsylvania, Charles T. Sherman of Ohio, Jesse L. Williams of Indiana, and Timothy J. Carter, of Illinois, to be Directors, on the part of the United States, in the Union Pacific Railroad Company, and these gentlemen have accepted the appointment. The wisdom of Congress in providing for the appointment of such officers cannot be doubted.

Being impressed with the conviction of the importance of securing the interest of the Government in the roads connecting with the main line, and the faithful compliance by the companies constructing them, with the terms and conditions upon which they are entitled to the munificent bounties offered by Congress, I should not hesitate to recommend, if it were deemed practicable, that such directors should be *ex officio* members of the board or other governing authority of each of such companies. I submit this subject to the consideration of Congress, with the hope that some means will be devised, by which a supervisory control over the action of such companies may, within proper limits, be conferred upon the directors on the part of the United States.

THE INDIANS.

The management of the Indians during the past year has been attended with difficulty. In addition to the war against that portion of the Sioux that committed the massacres in Minnesota in 1862, and who are yet unpunished and unsubdued, military operations have been carried on against the combined bands of the Sioux of the plains of the Upper Missouri, as well as against a considerable portion of the Cheyennes and Arapahoes, particularly those who have been accustomed to inhabit the country of the Upper Platte River, and who were parties to the treaty of Fort Laramie. It is not necessary to inquire whether, by adopting conciliatory measures these military operations might not, to a great extent, have been avoided. Those who desire to investigate the subject may, with advantage consult the report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. The question of interest is, what course shall hereafter be pursued with these Indians, in order to reduce them to subjection, and to afford all needful protection to our citizens. The overland mail to Colorado, and to the States and Territories west thereof, as well as a large proportion of the carriers of goods, and of the emigrants to those regions, passes over the Laramie plains, which are infested during a large portion of the year by these Indians. The route of the Pacific Railroad passes through the same country, and the Government is, by act of Congress, under obligation to extinguish the Indian title. The Government has but one treaty—that of Fort Laramie—with the Sioux (of Dakota) and with the Cheyennes and Arapahoes between the fords of the Platte River, which these latter Indians have ever acknowledged. This treaty was ratified by the Senate with amendments, and its benefits to the Indians, by virtue of the limitations imposed by the Senate, are about to terminate. A sufficient reservation for the Cheyennes and Arapahoes has been established on the Upper Arkansas, in the vicinity of Fort Lyon, and efforts have been made which promise success, to make it a suitable and permanent home for them. The treaty referred to forbids the occupation of the Platte country by the whites, and only permits their transit through it.

To enable the Union Pacific Mail Company to establish its line of road through this country, it is necessary that the United States shall have the unmolested possession of the route, and much of the adjacent country. To secure that object, however I do not think it important that any further treaties should be made with these Indians. Their violation of the existing treaty, in making war upon our people, renders this unnecessary, if the views which are hereinafter expressed shall be approved by Congress. As the most expeditious mode to accomplish the object, it is recommended that the agency at the Upper Platte be abolished, and that the number of military posts along the line of the railroad and overland mail route be increased sufficiently to protect it and exclude the Indians therefrom.

This department will make provision for such Indians, as will submit to its authority and locate upon the reservation. Those who resist should be pursued by the military and punished.

With these Indians—the Sioux—and all others in hostility with the United States, trade and intercourse should be interdicted, until they yield to the will and direction of the Government. To this end, I recommend that a law be passed, making it a penal offence for any person to carry goods, or supplies of any kind whatever, into their country, for traffic; and that all persons, of whatever pursuit, shall be prohibited from trading or trafficking with them while they are in a state of hostility.

Much has been said, and the public mind has lately been agitated, against the policy of the Government in making treaties with Indian tribes, and some persons in authority advise an abrogation of all existing treaties; but it is presumed that, while this nation is governed by the rules of civilization, such a proposition will not be entertained to the injury of all the tribes and nations of Indians who are in amity with the United States. Where the Indians have kept faith with the Government, no question of expediency or policy will justify a violation of its pledges to them. There are, however, many Indians within the domain of the United States, with whom the Government has no treaties acknowledging the primary right of soil in the tribes; with these, possibly, with some exceptions, it would be wise to abstain from making any treaty recognizing such right. Suitable reservations should be selected for them, and means adopted to establish them thereon, and to enable them, by their own industry to sustain themselves. This policy has already been introduced successfully in the management of the Indians in California, and may properly be applied, to a considerable extent, in the neighboring States and Territories. In negotiating new treaties, where good policy or existing engagements will admit of that course of action, stipulations for the payment of money annuities should be avoided.

The propriety of the removal of the Navajoes of New-Mexico and Arizona to the Bósque Bedóndo Reservation has been a subject of much contrariety of opinion. This department with the best information at its command, consented to their removal. As the reservation has been set apart, and a large sum of money expended by the military authorities in the endeavor to permanently establish the Indians there, great fickleness of purpose would be manifested in abandoning the enterprise before it shall have fully and fairly tested. I am strongly inclined to the opinion, notwithstanding all that has been urged against it, that, if the scheme receives a fair and just support, it will prove a success, and these Indians, so long the foes of the Government, will become its faithful supporters.

For further and detailed information on the subject of Indian affairs, I respectfully refer to the elaborate report of the Commissioner.

PENSIONS.

The liberal provisions of law for the payment of pensions to soldiers and seamen who have been disabled in the service of the country, and to the widows, orphans, and dependent mothers and sisters of such, as have fallen in battle or died of disease or wounds, have been administered with industry, fidelity and promptitude.

The very interesting and instructive Report of the Commissioner of Pensions affords valuable information, and presents important suggestions in which I fully concur.

Of those patriots, to whom pensions for services in the Revolutionary War had been awarded, five still survive at very advanced ages. At the beginning of the year, twelve were living, and 1,418 widows of Revolutionary soldiers were receiving pensions, making 1,430 pensioners of this class—the aggregate of whose yearly stipends was $115,217 43.

The number of army pensioners (other than Revolutionary) who were paid during the fourteen months ending the 30th of June last, was 22,767, and of widows, (other than Revolutionary,) orphans and dependent mothers, 25,433.

The total number of persons who received pensions during that period was therefore 49,630, and the amount paid for army pensions during the year ending June 30, was $4,340,368 60.

The number of navy pensions who were paid during the fourteen months preceding the date mentioned, was 1,505; and the amount of money paid them during the year was $164,247 92. The whole number of pensioners on the 30th June last was 51,135, requiring for their annual compensation $4,595,376 33.

During the year ending Sept. 30, 1864, 1,812 bounty land warrants were issued, requiring 286,960 acres of lands to satisfy them.

The act of Congress, approved July 14, 1862, entitled "An act to grant pensions," is believed to be one of the wisest and most munificent enactments of the kind ever adopted by any nation. Its beneficial provisions extend to the disabled survivors, and to the widows, orphans, dependent mothers, and dependent orphan sisters of the deceased soldiers and seamen of every grade and rank.

During the year more than $3,500,000 have been paid for pensions granted on account of disability or death ensuing from service in the war of the rebellion. During the continuance of the war, no reliable estimate can be made of the amount of money that will be required eventually to meet the obligations thus assumed by the Government to our soldiers and seamen.

The list of pensioners is constantly undergoing both increase and diminution, and at present, and for months to come, it must be rapidly augmented, even should peace be restored without further hostilities. It is estimated that more than $7,000,000 will be required to satisfy the claims accruing under the pension laws during the current fiscal year.

In fixing the grade of disability of invalid pensioners, and in discriminating as to the connection of the causes of disability or death with the service, the Pension Office is often involved in doubt and uncertainty.

It is believed that a commission of experienced surgeons might devise and mature such a schedule of usual causes of disability and death, in cases where pensions have been and are claimed, as would greatly aid the Pension Office in reaching correct conclusions—in discriminating between those cases, where the cause should be regarded as incident to the service, and those in which the cause has no relation to, or connection with, military or naval duty. Whilst it is conceded that, in cases of great doubt and uncertainty, conclusions should be in favor of claimants, all must agree that a wise precaution should be taken to guard against mistakes, and that every means of enlarging information upon the topic suggested must be promotive of justice both to claimants and to the Government.

The Report of the Commissioner of Pensions shows the importance of the provisions of law, requiring periodical examinations of invalid pensioners, and contains a list of the names of the examining surgeons.

This department has been recently advised that, under the joint resolution of Congress, approved July 1, 1864, the sum of $5,000,000 of the navy pension-fund has been invested in registered bonds of the United States.

I commend to the consideration of Congress the suggestion of the Commissioner, that an appropriation for pension purposes should be made of a portion of the proceeds of abandoned and confiscated property on land. It occurs to me as eminently proper that some of the means derived from these sources should be applied to the establishment of homes for those who have been, or may hereafter be, permanently disabled and rendered helpless by reason of their service during the existing war.

It was recommended to Congress at its last session, that an act be passed requiring the national banks to discharge the duties of pension agents. It was believed that by that instrumentality the convenience of the pensioners would be greatly promoted, and the expense attending the employment of agents avoided. Since the adjournment of Congress, communications have been received from most of those banks, expressing a willingness to perform the duty without charge to the Government. I renew the recommendation that a law be passed charging the banks with the payment of pensions, whenever it shall be the pleasure of the department to require it of them.

Since the last annual report of this department, seven additional agencies for paying pensions have been established, and it is believed that the number now in operation will be sufficient to transact the business, should the present system of payments be continued.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

The business operations of the Patent Office for the year ending Sept. 30 last have been very satisfactory. During the period above named, 6,740 applications for patents and 989 caveats were filed; 29 applications also were made for the extension of patents previously granted. During the same period 4,843 patents, including reissues and designs, were issued, and 40 extensions granted. The number of applications awaiting the payment of the final fee required by law before patents can be issued has largely increased, numbering now over 1,000. The finances of the office are in a prosperous condition, as appears by the following short statement:

The balance in the treasury to the credit of the patent fund on Oct. 1, 1863, was $37,732 63. The receipts of the office to Sept. 30, 1864, amounted to $230,838 60, making a sum total of $268,571 23. The expenditures during the same period were $212,453 84, leaving a balance of $56,117 39 on hand Oct. 1, 1864, being $18,384 76 more than the balance as exhibited on Oct. 1, 1863.

Matters pertaining to the regulation of the District of Columbia are treated to considerable length, but are not of general interest. The Report closes thus:

THE CENSUS.

The clerical force engaged in the compilation of the statistics of the census becomes gradually less with the progress of the work devolving upon it, and its duties should be completed at an early period. The volume on population has been printed and distributed, and meets with favor througnout the country. That on agriculture is nearly ready for distribution, and the subsequent volumes will appear in succession; the whole presenting a complete exhibit of the material interests and progress of the country up to the period of the rebellion.

BUREAU OF STATISTICS.

The numerous demands of Ssates, departments, members of Congress, and individuals for statistical information, illustrate the importance of the organization of a permanent bureau of statistics, heretofore recommended to Congress. The maintenance of such a bureau, charged, among other duties, with that of compiling the census returns and superintending the publication thereof, will not, it is believed, be attended with any additional expense to the Government.

NEW-YORK COURTS.

The building occupied by the United States for the use of its courts in the city of New-York is held under an expired lease. Notice has been given by the lessors that it is their intention to sell the premises as soon as the fair value can be obtained therefor. The attention of Congress to this subject is earnestly solicited, and an appropriation is recommended adequate to the purchase of a building adapted to the service.

THE SLAVE-TRADE.

The enforcement of the measures adopted by Congress for the suppression of the African slave-trade has been attended by the most auspicious results. It is believed that in no part of the United States has a vessel been fitted out to engage in that nefarious traffic. Several prizes have been taken before the mixed courts of justice sitting at Sierra Leone and the Cape of Good Hope, but the result has not yet been communicated to the department.

I am, Sir, respectfully your obedient servant.
J. P. USHER, Secretary.
To the President of the United States.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

AID FOR THE FREEDMEN.—A large humber o valuable contributions have recently been received from the Society of Friends in England by the National Freedmen's Association that has its office at No. 1 and 3 Mercer-street. The following is a list of packages, which came by the steamship *Edinburgh*, according to the invoice: 1 crate clothing, 1 bale clothing, 1 box clothing, 1 box clothing, 1 box clothing, 1 cask clothing, 1 bale clothing, 1 cask clothing, 1 box clothing, 1 bale clothing, 1 chest books, 1 cask shoes, 1 box new clothing, 2 boxes clothing and toys, 8 casks clothing and boots, 1 bale clothing, 1 box clothing, 1 bale 80 yards black cloth, 1 cask clothing and sundries, 1 box clothing and sundries, 1 box clothing and some books, 1 cask boots with laces, 1 cask spoons, pins, fancy buttons, toys, pens, 1 cask netting, pins, buttons, spectacles, beads, worsted, &c., 1 tierce clothing, and new and second-hand material for clothing, 1 box fleecy hostery, and 7 hats. There are also fifteen boxes, bales, crates and other packages of goods—all of excellent quality.

OIL PAINTINGS AT AUCTION.—Messrs. LEEDS & MINER will commence the sale at auction this evening at No. 548 Broadway, of three collections of oil paintings, chiefly by Italian artists. Prominent among them is a large picture representing an incident of the revolution of 1799, in the kingdom of Naples, when ALTAMIRA had just fallen into the hands of the adherents of the BOURBON party. This picture is one of the three executed by order of the Italian Government. The collection also includes a number of American subjects painted by Italian artists. Among them are many battle-pieces, including Antietam, Lookout Mountain, and Fort Donelson, by CAMMARANO and RE.

NEW STEAMSHIP.—The new and elegant steamship built by Capt. DEGROOT arrived in this city on Sunday afternoon from Troy, where she received her engines. The vessel is said to be one of the finest of the kind ever built, drawing less water than any steamship of the same tonnage afloat. The trial-trip, which is soon to be made, will undoubtedly be one of great interest. The name of the vessel has not yet been announced, but it is believed she will prove most creditable to Capt. DEGROOT and his builders.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT.—*Part I—Short Causes*—Nos. 2740, 2847, 3011, 1181, 8245, 4813. *Part II*—Nos. 2,577, 2,809, 2,514, 998, 1,536, 1,078, 1,570, 1,890, 2,610, 2,616, 1,438, 1,680, 2,642, 2,676, 2,678, 1,988, 2,094, 2,680, 2,676, 2,706. *Part III*—Nos. 2,749; 3,004, 745, 2,715, 579, 2,045, 903, 2,069, 2,553, 529, 2,601, 2,609, 2,665, 2,675, 1,581, 1,553, 2,711, 457, 2,147, 483.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I*—Nos. 3,199, 1,743, 3,453, 3,449, 3,391, 4,007, 4,691, 4,629, 4,637, 3,781, 3,783, 4,617, 3,137, 4,649, 4,651. *Part II*—Nos. 4,336, 764, 2,944, 4,618, 4,620, 516, 3,402, 3,994, 3,998, 4,000, 4,016, 4,024, 2,208, 4,358, 4,360.

COMMON PLEAS.—*Part I*—Nos. 790, 757, 414, 492, 339, 593, 619, 800, 797, 149, 809, 98, 759, 808. *Part II*—Nos. 270, 158, 94, 564, 604, 101, 429, 209, 682, 381, 518, 40, 812, 813, 816.

Trial of Luther C. Tibbetts for Felonious Assault.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Judge Russell.

The people vs. Luther C. Tibbetts.—The prisoner in this case was indicted in March last for assaulting the Janitor of the Produce Exchange with a knife, and inflicting upon him a dangerous wound. A. OAKEY HALL, Esq., District Attorney, appeared for the people, and in opening the case stated that this prosecution differed from most of the cases brought in criminal courts, in this, that it was a case actually brought by the people, the Grand Jury having found the indictment of their own volition, without the usual complaint from the individual who had been wronged. The first witness called was Mr. Vanderbilt, the Janitor of the Exchange, who testified that on the 8th of February last, Tibbetts presented himself at the entrance of the room used by the Exchange Board, and attempted to enter. Tibbetts had previously been suspended by the board from membership, and the janitor had been instructed to exclude him from the room. Prisoner had in his hands some paper boxes, containing samples of corn. As prisoner was about to enter, witness stepped up to him, and was about to speak to him, raising his hand at the same time. Tibbetts instantly dropped his sample boxes, put his hand into his pocket, drew out some sharp instrument, and stabbed witness in the shoulder and left side. Witness was unable to see what kind of an instrument Tibbetts had in his hand, but subsequently saw him on a table in the room brandishing what appeared to be a knife. A knife was afterwards picked up on the floor and given to the witness. In his cross-examination witness stated that the wound was a slight one, that Mr. Tibbetts appeared to be excited and was quick in his motions. Had neither said or done anything to Mr. Tibbetts before the stabbing. Had never seen any dough or corn thrown at Mr. Tibbetts, at the Exchange, before this occurrence. The members occasionally did such things in jest among themselves.

James Burton, clerk of the Produce Exchange, sworn for the prosecution, testified that he saw the occurrence at the Produce Exchange in February last; I saw Mr. Tibbetts coming up the stairs and went to meet him and gave him a copy of the order of the Board suspending him from membership; Mr. Vanderbilt stood near me; Tibbetts made no reply but stopped for a moment, but afterwards tried to pass; Tibbetts finding that the janitor did not give way, dropped his boxes, put his hands in his pockets, took out a knife, opened it with both hands and made a pass at Vanderbilt with the knife; after the first blow the knife partially closed and prisoner stooped down and reöpened it by striking the blade on the stairs; witness then went for an officer; Tibbetts did not say a word to either of us; there was room to pass on the other side of us.

Cross-examined.—We did not intend to allow him to pass; the knife was something like the one now shown me, but I cannot describe it minutely.

The prosecution here rested, and Mr. Mollard opened the case for the defence, stating that the prisoner was temporarily insane at the time of the alleged assault.

Eliza M. Niell, sworn as a witness for the defence, testified that she had known Tibbetts for some three years past; about the time of this occurrence, prisoner acted very strangely; refused to eat anything for several days; he complained that he had been ill-treated, and acted in a violent manner.

Oliver Lovell, sworn for the defence, testified that for several days prior to the 8th of February last, had noticed something strange about Tibbetts. Witness stated that he belonged to the New Jerusalem Church, and that both Tibbetts and the last witness were Spiritualists, and believed that the spirits of departed friends reappeared on earth.

Addison C. Fletcher, sworn for the defence, testified that he was in the employ of Tibbetts; some time ago Tibbetts held corn to the amount of four or five hundred thousand bushels; Tibbetts dictated to witness a letter which he wished written to his wife, in which prisoner stated that he was ready to lay down his life to vindicate his character, and in case he should be killed, begged her to come to the city with her children and go on 'Change to sell corn, in quantities of not less than a load at a time.

Dr. Simons, of the City Prison, testified that he saw Tibbetts at the time of the assault, and considered him to be temporarily insane.

Dr. John A. Weirs testified that from his knowledge of the case, he should consider the prisoner to have been insane at the time.

At this stage of the case the court adjourned until this morning.

The Opdyke Libel Case.

SUPREME COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Mason.

George Opdyke vs. *Thurlow Weed.*—This case was ready for trial yesterday, and the witnesses were in attendance, but Mr. Evarts, counsel for defendant, asked a postponement on account of his own personal engagements elsewhere. The request was granted, and cause set down for Tuesday next.

Evening Exchange.

$40,000	Amer. Gold...	239⅜	200	Reading R.........	136
40,000	do..........	239¾	300	M. S. & N. I.....b3	73
10,000	do..........	239⅝	100	do..........s10	73
20,000	do..........	239¼	200	Cleve. & Pitts.....	111⅛
20,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s.		100	Chi. & R. I........	106⅛
	Old issue......	109	100	Chi. & N. W....s10	43⅛
10,000	Treas. N. 7 3-10s.	121	100	Canton Co.......b10	35
5,000	do..........	121⅛	100	do..........b3	35
100	Erie R..........s10	94⅞	100	do..........	34⅝
600	do..........s3	94⅞	100	Cum. Coal........	48⅜
500	do..........b2	94⅞	100	Mar. Min. Co......	35⅝
600	Hud. Riv. R......	115⅛	100	do..........b3	36

"SYRIA, THE JEWESS; OR THE MAGICIAN OF TOLEDO."—Such is the title of a new romance from the pen of the famous LOUIS LEON, whose great stories, *The Silver Ship* and *The Step-Daughter's Portion*, so electrified the reading world but a few months since in the columns of that admirable story and sketch paper, the New-York *Weekly*. *Syria, the Jewess* is now running through the columns of the New-York *Weekly*, and we think we may promise all who will read it a rich literary treat.—*New-York Dispatch.*

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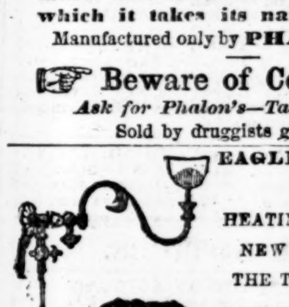

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THE FIRST
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AND
CONSERVATORY FOR MUSICAL INSTRUCTION,
WILL BE GIVEN AT THE
HALL OF THE UNION,
COOPER INSTITUTE,
This FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 9, 1864.

The following, with other distinguished artists, will appear:
Signor FRIDA DE GEBELE.
Messrs. ROBERT GOLDBECK,
S. B. MILLS.
ROBERT HELLER, and
ALFRED PEASE,
The Great American Pianists.
Mr. MAX MARETZEK, the Renowned Conductor of Italian Opera, and HERR WEINLICH, the Popular Basso.
Likewise the following Professors of the Conservatory:
Mr. EDWARD MOLLENHAUER, the great Violinist and Composer.
Mr. LOUIS SCHREIBER, the celebrated Cornet Player.
Mr. HENRY MOLLENHAUER, the eminent violoncelist; and
Herr GROSCHEL, the famous Singing Master (and formerly Chef d'Orchestra to His Highness the Prince of Sigmaringen.)
THE CELEBRATED BRETTO CHILDREN,
Master BERNARD, Violinist, and Master RICHARD, Cornet-a-Piston, and
A GRAND ORCHESTRA,
under the direction of Prof. GROSCHEL.
TICKETS, 50 CENTS.
For sale at all music-stores and at the warerooms of the Association, No. 30 Cooper Institute.
See programme in Friday's *Herald*.

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takes place
THIS EVENING,
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HALL OF THE UNION,
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Tickets 50 cents.
For sale at the door.
See programme in to-day's *Herald*.
Doors open at 6½ o'clock.

READ THE CERTIFICATES,
AND THEN TRY IT.
WE GUARANTEE
COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE
TO CURE THE WORST
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CURES DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.
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CURES NAUSEA AT STOMACH, CHOLERA MORBUS AND DYSENTERY.
COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE
Cures like magic all Diseases that originate in a
DISORDERED STOMACH OR BOWELS.

The following is from Rev. William Stevens;

Messrs. Editors of the Journal and Courier:

Having been cured of dyspepsia through the generosity of Mr. Coe, and as this, my grateful acknowledgment, is the only remuneration he appeared willing to receive (in view of his promise,) please allow my statement a place in your columns.

For the last ten years, I have been afflicted with dyspepsia—at times so bad, that what I ate at night would distress me the next morning, and in the same way from morning until night, and I have often gone without my meals, through fear. It was while suffering in this manner that I took the first dose of COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE. It stopped my pain in one minute. So great was my confidence in it, and so strong my appetite, that I went home and ate a full meal of ham and eggs, and took a few drops of the cure, and enjoyed it better than any meal I have eaten in ten years. I have taken only one bottle, and can now eat anything I please without pain. It is something I cannot explain, but I am as confident that I am cured, as was he who said, "One thing I know, that whereas I was blind, now I see."

WILLIAM STEVENS.

From the Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Madison, Conn.

I have used COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE in my family, and can willingly testify to its value as a medicine.

HENRY GIDMAN,
Pastor Methodist Episcopal Church.
MADISON, Conn., June 30, 1864.

I have found COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE to possess the virtues attributed to it by the proprietors.

NEW-HAVEN, July 27, 1864. P. B. TUTTLE.

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You may recommend COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE for Cholera Morbus as high as you please over my name.

WM. A. DICKERMAN.
NEW-HAVEN, July, 1864.

From the benefit derived from the use of COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE in my family, I am prepared to say that I never intend to be without it, and advise all who are afflicted with Dyspepsia to try it.

PHILANDER LEWIS.
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Messrs. C. E. Clark & Co.:

I have recommended the COE DYSPEPSIA CURE, and persons using it pronounce it the best they have tried. Signed, WM. DUPONT, Druggist.
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Please send me by express one bottle COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE. Why is it that such invaluable medicine is not on sale in this city?

Signed, JOHN F. McJILTON.
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CURES COLDS AND COUGHS.
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The largest bottle for the least money—the best remedy for all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS in existence.

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I have used "Coe's Cough Balsam" in my family during the Winter, and I find it an invaluable remedy for Coughs and Colds. Every family should be supplied with it.

J. SIMMONS.

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DEAR SIR: The lady to whom you sent a bottle of Coe's Cough Balsam, has used the same, and is much pleased with its effects. Please send us six bottles more by express. Yours respectfully,

GEORGE B. SHERMAN,
No 34 5th-st, New-York City.

DETROIT, June 22, 1864.

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FARRAND, SHEELEY & CO.,
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COE'S COUGH BALSAM

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C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors,
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THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY
FOR IRREGULARITIES.

These Drops are a scientifically-compounded fluid preparation, and better than any pills, powders or nostrums; being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature.

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